



Ektron CMS200/300 User Manual

Version 4.7, Revision 1

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Version 4.7, Revision 1, September 28, 2004

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Introduction to Ektron CMS200/300

Using Ektron CMS200/300 to manage Web content is easy once you know the basics of setting up and maintaining your site. This manual explains how to maintain an Ektron CMS200/300 site from a user's point of view. By reading this manual, you will gain an understanding of how Ektron CMS200/300 works.

This section introduces basic concepts that you should understand before beginning to work with **Ektron CMS200/300**.

What is a Content Block?

Any Web site consists of several pages. Each page is made up of one or more *blocks* of content. For example, the home page of the sample Web site that is installed with **Ektron CMS200/300** is below.

The screenshot shows the home page of the RC International website. At the top is a blue header with the text "RC International" in a stylized, italicized font. Below the header is a navigation menu with links for Home, Products, Support, News, Careers, Search, and Calendar. On the right side of the navigation menu are links for Login and Contact Ektron. The main content area features a green heading: "Lots of new features in Ektron CMS300!". Below this heading are two columns of text. The left column is titled "NEW FEATURE: Trinity In-Line Pipe" and describes a new pipe and manifold for rear exhaust engines. The right column is titled "NEW PRODUCT: Introducing the RC Redstar" and describes a new RC plane with laser-cut balsa wings.

Copyright 2003 Ektron, Inc. Sample Site

After sign in, notice that, as you move the cursor, colored borders appears around one or more area of the page. Each surrounded

area is a *content block* that can be edited independently. The border disappears when you move the cursor out of the area. Your system administrator controls the design of each page and determines which content blocks appear in which location.

NOTE The colored borders only appear in site preview mode. See Also: "Site Preview" on page 8.



NEW FEATURE: Trinity In-Line Pipe

Trinity's new pipe and manifold are for rear exhaust engines and are now used in both the Sportster and the cheetah. Both the manifold and pipe are made from high-quality aluminum. This new pipe is more durable and will withstand a bad crash.

NEW PRODUCT: Introducing the RC Redstar

RC International is proud to introduce the RC Redstar. This new addition to the RC International fleet brings new options to our customers. With laser-cut balsa wings and a wing span of 71", this is one plane that has to be seen.

The advantage of this feature is that you can see a Web page as it will appear to visitors to your site. Continue editing until you are satisfied with its appearance.

The Button Menu

When a content block's border is visible, you can *right click* the mouse to display a button menu (an example is the small group of toolbar buttons in the green box below).



Toolbar buttons let you act on the displayed content and display important information about it. The toolbar buttons change

depending on the content block's status or your permissions for the content block. For example, one toolbar button lets you edit the content block, while another lets you view previous versions of it.

If granted permission by your administrator, you can create new content blocks, and edit or delete existing ones. Most of your work with **Ektron CMS200/300** involves working with content blocks.

Workflow in Ektron CMS200/300

Organizations typically want a Web site that is updated frequently with the latest information. They also want to decentralize the updating process, so that non-technical users from any department can make changes. Further, organizations want oversight over those changes to ensure the accuracy of the information, that the content adheres to corporate guidelines, etc.

Ektron CMS200/300 manages the lifecycle of a content block, from creation through approval and publication. It helps your organization set up a process for overseeing changes to a Web site, indicate a content block's status within that lifecycle, and inform the next approver that it is their turn to review a content block.

Editing a Content Block

Finding a Content Block

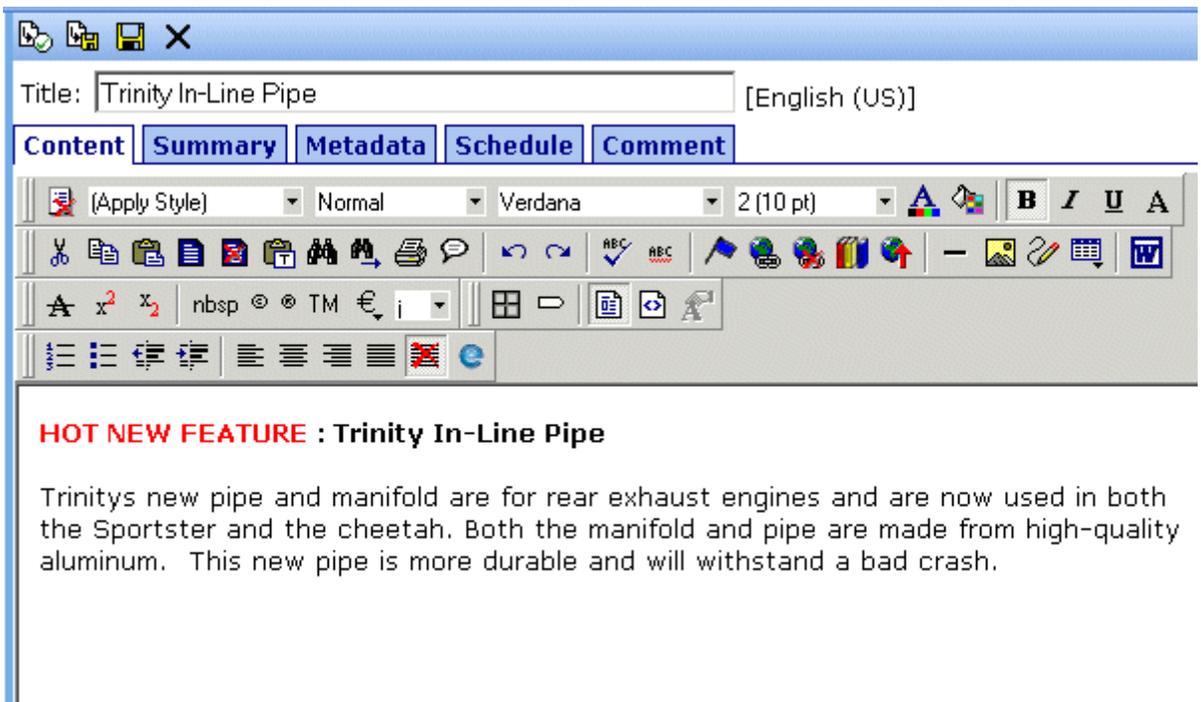
Much of your work involves editing existing content or creating new content. **Ektron CMS200/300** provides three methods for finding content to be updated. You can use whichever method is easiest.

- Navigate through your Web site to the content block you want to edit
- Find the content block through the *Workarea*, which resembles Windows Explorer and lets you find a content block by navigating through a folder tree. See Also: "The Workarea and Smart Desktop" on page [14](#)

- Use the Search button () , which appears on many screens. When clicked, a screen prompts you to enter keywords and then finds content blocks containing the keywords. See Also: "Searching for Content" on page 207

The Editing Process

After you find a content block, click the Edit button () to open it in an editor. Below is an example of a content block in the editor.



HOT NEW FEATURE : Trinity In-Line Pipe

Trinitys new pipe and manifold are for rear exhaust engines and are now used in both the Sportster and the cheetah. Both the manifold and pipe are made from high-quality aluminum. This new pipe is more durable and will withstand a bad crash.

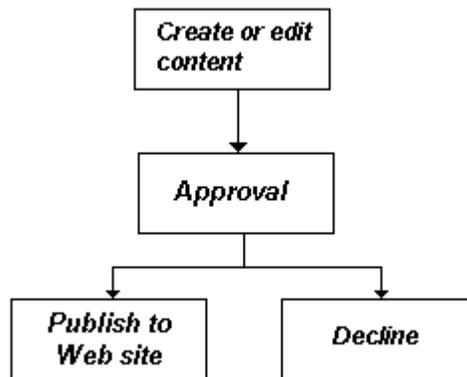
The editor resembles popular word processing software. You can enter text, then select it and click a button to change its display properties. For example, you can make text bold, change the color, or copy and paste it. You can also insert images, tables, links to other Web pages and check spelling,

The Lifecycle of a Content Block

After you edit the content block, you typically submit it for approval by one or more individuals who oversee changes to your Web site. These people can review, edit and approve the change. When the last approver signs off, the new content becomes available on the Web site.

In some cases, you are one of the content approvers. In this case, you receive an email notifying you that a content block needs approval. You look it over, change it as needed, then pass it on to the next approver. If you do not agree with the changes, you can *decline* the request. In this case, the user who made the edits is informed that the change is not approved.

The following graphic illustrates the content approval cycle.



To help track a content block's position in this workflow, **Ektron CMS200/300** assigns a status to each content block. The status determines what you can do with a content block, and indicates what must occur in order for it to get published to the web site. For more information, see "Appendix A: Content Statuses" on page [367](#).

Logging In and Out

This section explains how to log in and out of **Ektron CMS200/300**, and to use the site preview feature.

Prerequisites

Once your Webmaster or administrator installs Ektron CMS200/300, you need the following items before you can use it.

- URL (Web address) of Ektron CMS200/300 Web site
- Username and Password

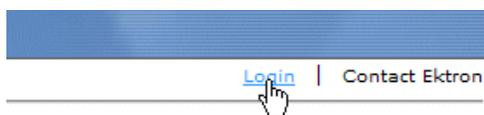
Once you acquire both, you can log into Ektron CMS200/300 and begin managing Web site content.

NOTE This manual uses the Ektron CMS200/300 sample Web site to demonstrate the product.

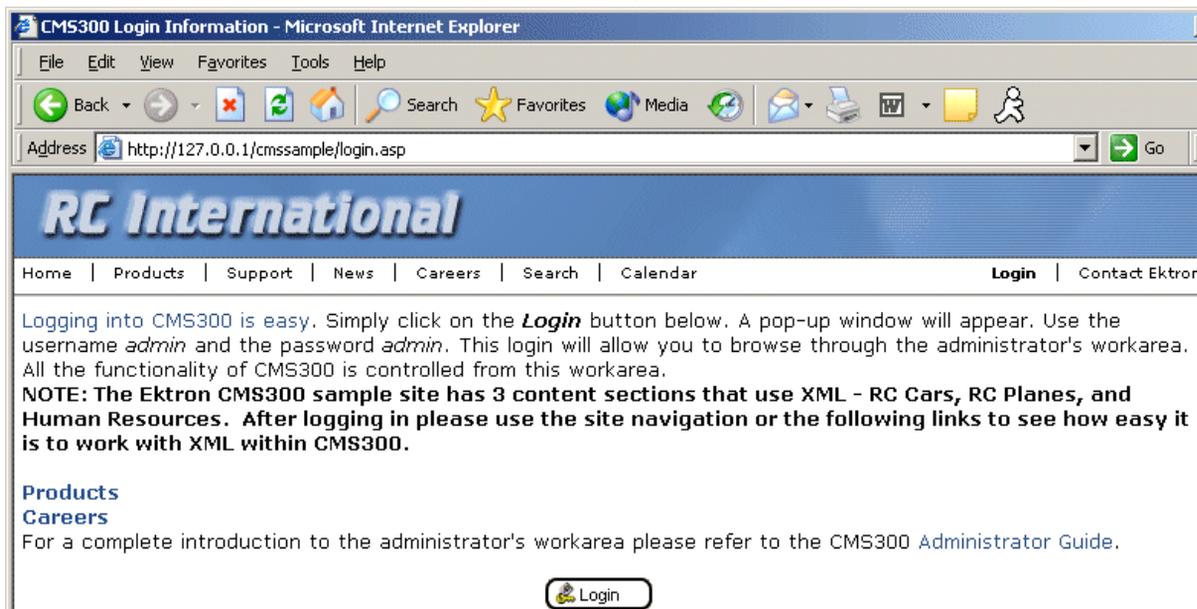
Logging into the Sample Web Site

To access the Ektron CMS200/300 sample site:

1. In your Web browser, navigate to the URL of your Ektron CMS200/300 Web site. Your system administrator provides this.
2. Click **Login** at the top right corner of the screen.



3. The login screen appears.



4. Click the **Login** button.
5. The login dialog box appears.



6. Enter your username and password.
7. Click the **Login** button.
8. The Web page appears.

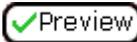
You can navigate around your Web site as you could before signing in. But now, the content is surrounded by a colored box when you move the cursor over it (illustrated below).

HOT NEW FEATURE : Trinity In-Line Pipe

Trinity's new pipe and manifold are for rear exhaust engines and are now used in both the Sportster and the cheetah. Both the manifold and pipe are made from high-quality aluminum. This new pipe is more durable and will withstand a bad crash.

Site Preview

While logged into Ektron CMS200/300, you can preview the Web site as it would appear to visitors, or view it in Ektron CMS200/300 view.

Button	Name	Description
	Preview On	Content blocks appear as last <i>edited</i> .
	Preview Off	The most recently <i>published</i> versions of content blocks appear. In this mode, colored borders surround content blocks when you move the cursor over them.

Toggling Site Preview

To toggle site preview on and off, follow these steps.

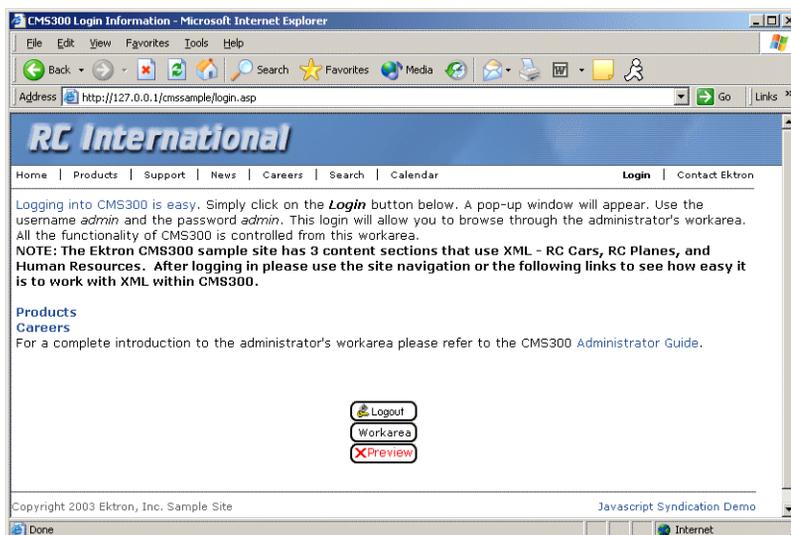
1. Navigate to your login screen.
2. The **Logout**, **Workarea**, and **Preview** buttons appear.



- Click on the **Preview** button.



- The Web site is now in preview mode.



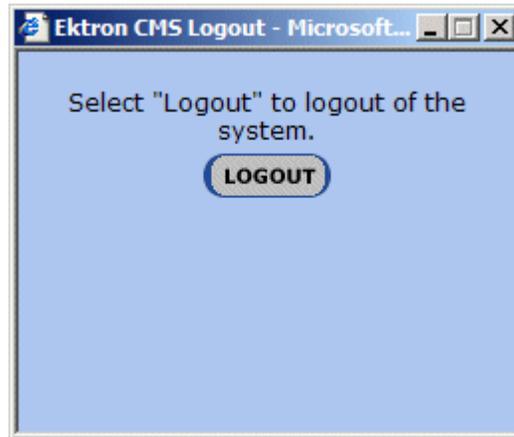
- To turn preview mode off, click the () button on the login screen.

Logging Out of the Sample Site

To log out of Ektron CMS200/300, follow these steps.

- Click the **Logout** button () in a content block's button menu, or click the **Preview** button ()

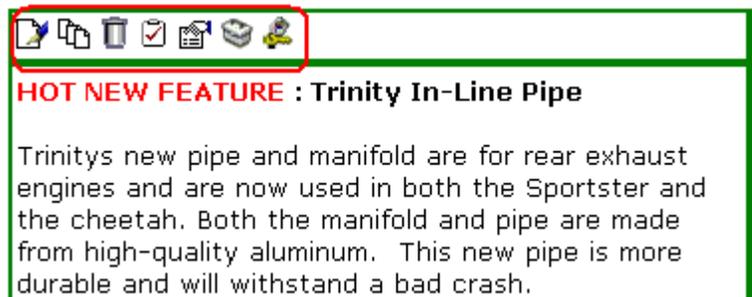
2. The Logout confirmation box appears:



3. Click the **Logout** button.
4. You return to the Web page from which you logged out. However, it is in standard view, not Ektron CMS200/300 view.

The Button Menu

Every block of content in **Ektron CMS200/300** has a button menu (circled in red below). When a content block's border is visible, you can *right click* the mouse to display a button menu (an example is the small group of toolbar buttons in the green box below).



Use the button menu to perform tasks and display important information. The menu buttons change depending on the status of the content block or your permission level for the content block. See *Also*: "Appendix A: Content Statuses" on page [367](#).

NOTE Permissions are explained in the **Ektron CMS200/300** Administrator manual.

The following table describes each button that may appear.

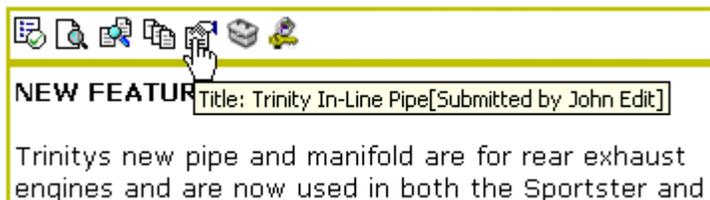
Button	Name	Description	More Information
	Approve	Approve or decline a request to publish or delete a content block	"Approving/Declining Content Blocks" on page 62
	Assign Task	Assign a task to a user	"Managing Tasks" on page 173
	Delete	Submit request to delete content block	"Deleting a Content Block" on page 42

Button	Name	Description	More Information
	Edit	Check out content block for editing	"Editing a Content Block" on page 38
	Logout	Log out of Ektron CMS200/300 view of Web site	"Logging Out of the Sample Site" on page 9
	Preview	Preview content block before it is published	
	Properties	Open content block's View Content page	"Viewing a Content Block" on page 31
	View Content Difference	Display differences between a previous and published version of content block	"Comparing Versions of a Content Block" on page 99
	View History	Open View History area, where you can view previous versions of content block	"Viewing and Restoring Previous Content Blocks" on page 81
	Workarea	Opens Workarea, from which you can perform all Ektron CMS200/300 tasks.	"The Workarea and Smart Desktop" on page 14

Meaning of Border Color

Each border color indicates the status of the content block. These colors are explained in "Appendix A: Content Statuses" on page 416.

To see a more detailed status of any Ektron CMS200/300 content block, hover your cursor over the properties button. If you do, the content block's title and current status appear (illustrated below).



Preview

The Preview button lets you preview the currently checked in content. When you click the button, a new window opens with the content block that has been edited but not yet published. You can see how the content block will appear on the Web site.

You can only preview a content block that you checked in.

The Workarea and Smart Desktop

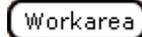
The Workarea is a central screen from which you can perform all activities within **Ektron CMS200/300**. From it, you can

- access the Smart Desktop
- view the system's top level folders
- navigate through the folder structure
- perform actions on content blocks

Accessing the Workarea

To access your workarea, follow these steps.

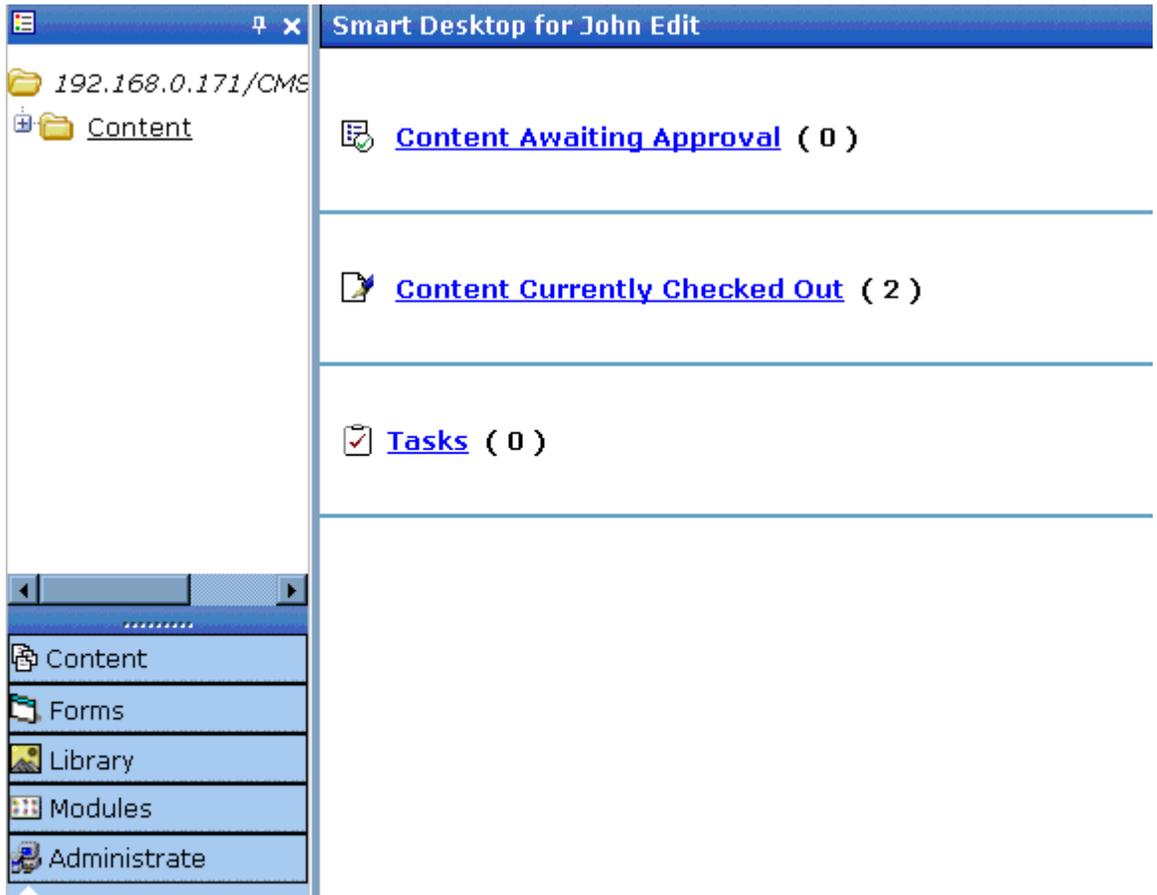
1. Click the workarea button at the bottom of the screen



or click the workarea button () in a content block's button menu.

2. The workarea appears

3. The following illustrates one of several screens that may appear in the Workarea. Your system administrator determines which screen appears for you.

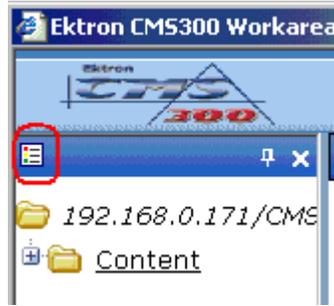


Closing the Workarea

To close the workarea, click  in the upper right corner of the window. When you close the workarea, you return to the Ektron CMS200/300 view of your Web site. You do not exit Ektron CMS200/300.

Understanding the Smart Desktop

The *Smart Desktop* is one of **Ektron CMS200/300**'s main screens. To access it from wherever you are working in **Ektron CMS200/300**, click the button in the top left corner (circled below).



The Smart Desktop consists of three sections, illustrated below.



- The right frame displays
 - **Content awaiting approval** - content blocks that you need to approve before they proceed to the next approver or be published if you are the final approver. See *Also*: "Approvals Reports" on page 84
 - **Content currently checked out** - all content in a checked-out status. This content cannot be edited by other users until the user who checked it out or the system administrator checks it in. See *Also*: "Checked Out Report" on page 87

- A list of **tasks** assigned to you See Also: "Managing Tasks" on page [173](#)

NOTE

The number to the right of each category lists the quantity of content blocks in that category for you. When you click an item, up to five content blocks in a category appear. To perform tasks on those content blocks, and to view additional blocks in that category, click the category.

If you select a folder from the left frame, the right frame displays content blocks in that folder. If you select a content block from the list, information about it fills the right frame.

- The top left frame displays the folder tree for the Smart Desktop folder, which has two sub-folders
 - Tasks (See "Managing Tasks" on page [173](#))
 - Content Reports (see "Content Workflow Reports" on page [79](#))
- To bottom left frame displays the top-level folders in **Ektron CMS200/300**. Your display may be different depending on whether or not you are an administrator.
 - Forms folder
 - "Working with Folders and Content Blocks" on page [27](#)
 - "Library Folder" on page [111](#)
 - "Modules Folder" on page [132](#)
 - Administrate folder, which includes "Updating Your User Profile" on page [198](#) and "Accessing Online Help" on page [203](#)

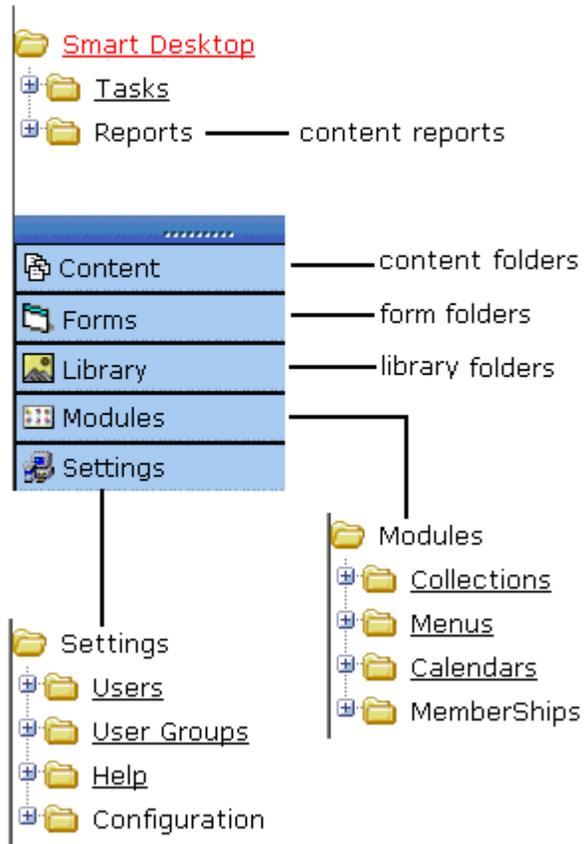
Navigating Within the Smart Desktop

Ektron CMS200/300's top level folders appear in the lower left corner of the Smart Desktop. Use them to access all other folders.

To open any top level folder, click it. When you do, it appears in the frame above. Typically, you would a click top-level folder to see its sub-folders, then click a sub-folder to see its content blocks.

The following graphic illustrates the location of **Ektron CMS200/300's** major features from the Smart Desktop.

Ektron CMS Workarea Site Map



From the Smart Desktop, you can also:

- "Modify the Display of Top Level Folders" on page 19
- "Hide the Left Panel of the Workarea" on page 21

Modify the Display of Top Level Folders

The display of top level folders can appear in two formats:

- a full button with an icon and text ()

- just an icon on the bottom of the left frame



The full display is easier to see, but the icon format allows more space for the folder structure. You can decide which option best suits your needs.

Switching Between Full Buttons and Icons

By default, top-level folders appear as full buttons. To switch the display of all folders to icons, double click the down arrow circled below.

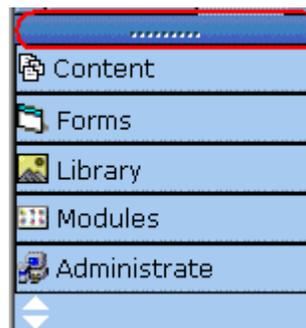


To switch back to full buttons, double click the up arrow circled above.

You can also switch the display of the folders one at a time by clicking the up or down arrow.

As an alternative method of switching the display, you can

1. Place the cursor on the bar above the display of top-level folders. (The bar has several dots in the middle.)

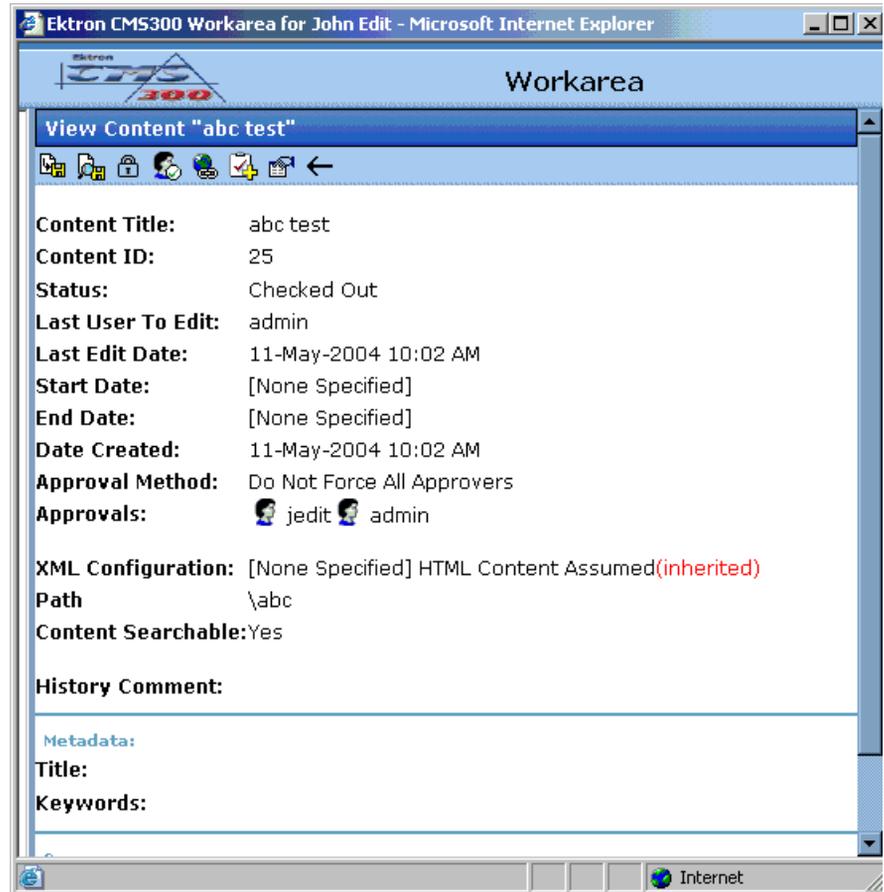


2. When the cursor turns to a double headed arrow, drag it to the bottom bar.

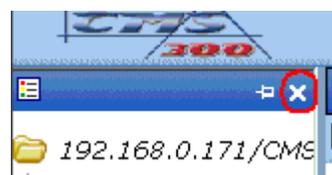
To return the display to full buttons, drag the same bar above.

Hide the Left Panel of the Workarea

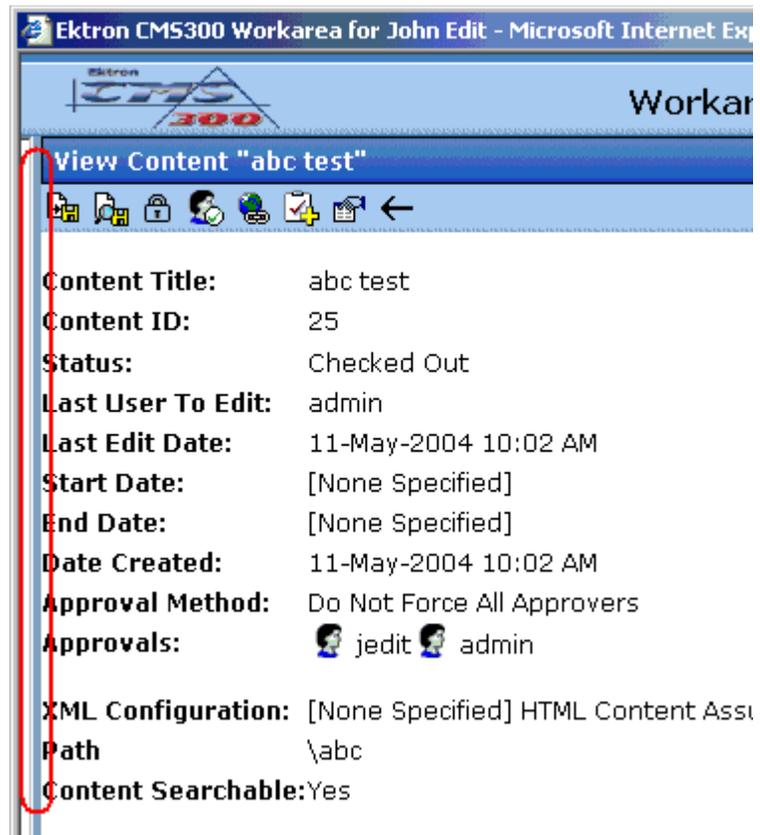
You can hide the left frame of the Workarea to provide more space for working in the right frame. Below is an example of the Workarea with a minimized left frame. Note that you cannot see the folder display in the left frame.



To minimize the left frame, click the white X near the top of the left frame.



The left frame remains minimized until you move the cursor to the left of the bar circled below.



Using Auto Hide

The Workarea screen also provides an *autohide* feature, which quickly switches between full right frame view and combination right-left frame view.

When autohide is turned on, the left frame is minimized unless you place the cursor to the left of the bar circled above. If you place the cursor there, the left frame appears. As soon as you move the cursor back to the right frame, the left frame disappears.

To turn on the autohide feature, click the push pin icon near the top of the left frame.



When you do, the push pin turns 90 degrees to indicate autohide is on.



To turn off autohide, move the cursor to the left frame and click the push pin icon. When you do, the push pin returns to its original position.

Workarea Toolbar

The top of many workarea screens feature a toolbar that contains buttons for performing actions. This section explains the buttons' functions to help you become more proficient with Ektron CMS200/300.

Button	Name	Description
	Add	Adds items in several places.
	Add Calendar Event	Accesses the add calendar event screen in the workarea. See Also: "" on page 134
	Add Content Block	In a content folder, opens the editor and allows you to create a new content block. See Also: "Adding a Content Block" on page 34
	Add Content Folder	In a content folder, allows you to create a sub-folder to further organize your content blocks. See Also: "Adding Sub-Folders" on page 44

Button	Name	Description
	Add Library Item	In the library folder, allows you to upload an image or file, or add a hyperlink or quicklink to use in content. See Also: "Library Folder" on page 111
	Add Task	Assign task to a user. See Also: "Managing Tasks" on page 173
	Approvals	View approval chain for folder or content block. See Also: "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70
	Approve	Approve content that awaits your approval. See Also: "Preview" on page 13
	Approve All	In the approvals folder, approves all content awaiting your approval with one click.
	Back	Return to previous screen.
	Calendar	Lets you choose when content will go live. See Also: "Working with Calendars" on page 150
	Cancel	Cancels action you are performing without saving the information.
	Check-in	Saves and checks in content block you are working on. See Also: "Checked-In Content" on page 368
	Check-out	Checks out a content block to edit; prevents others from simultaneously working on it. "Checked Out Content" on page 371
	Collection	Accesses the collection area for a content block; lets you create, edit, and delete collections. See Also: "The screen is refreshed, and the content folder is deleted." on page 47
	Decline	Declines an approval request submitted to you.
	Delete	Deletes selected item.

Button	Name	Description
	Delete Content	Deletes multiple content blocks at once.
	Delete Folder	Deletes current content folder.
	Do Not Apply XSLT	Removes XSLT applied to XML content viewed in the content history area.
	Edit	Edits content or specific criteria in the workarea.
	Insert Library Item	Inserts selected library item into your content block. See Also: "Library Folder" on page 111
	Link Check	Identifies content blocks or assets with a hyperlink to the current content block. You would typically use this feature to remove the links before deleting a content block. If you do not remove the links, they will be inoperative after the content block is deleted.
	Overwrite	Replaces an image or file with a newer version. See Also: "Overwriting Files" on page 123
	Preview	Previews item that was or will be added. See Also: "Preview" on page 13
	Publish	Save and publish the content block.
	Remove	Removes items from folders and lists in the Workarea.
	Reorder	Changes the sequence of links in a collection. See Also: "The screen is refreshed, and the content folder is deleted." on page 47
	Restore	Restores previously published content block. See Also: "Viewing and Restoring Previous Content Blocks" on page 81
	Save	Saves content that was modified.

Button	Name	Description
	Search	Searches content and library folder screens. See Also: "Searching the Library" on page 115; "Searching for Content" on page 207
	Show Calendar	Displays the calendar in the workarea. See Also: "" on page 134
	Submit	Saves and submits content to next approver in the approval chain. See Also: "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70
	Update	Changes are saved and content is updated.
	View Date	View all calendar events for a selected day. See Also: "" on page 134
	View Difference	Opens the View Content Difference feature. See Also: "Comparing Versions of a Content Block" on page 99
	View History	View history of selected content block. See Also: "Viewing and Restoring Previous Content Blocks" on page 81
	View Published	Displays currently published version of content block.
	View Staged	Displays staged content. See Also: "Staged Content" on page 374

Working with Folders and Content Blocks

Every content block resides in the Content folder or one of its sub-folders. So, to work with an existing content block or create a new one, you must first navigate to its folder.

A typical content folder screen appears below. It consists of three sections:

- The top left frame shows the folder structure. You can click any folder to display its content blocks in the right frame, while its sub-folders appear below it.
- The right frame shows content blocks in the currently selected folder. Above the right frame is a toolbar of buttons that represent tasks you can perform on a selected content block.
- The lower left frame shows **Ektron CMS200/300's** top level folders

Ektron CMS300 Workarea for John Edit - Microsoft Internet Explorer

Workarea

View Contents of Folder "Content"

Toolbar buttons

Title	ID	Status	Date Modified	Last Editor
Contact Ektron	15	A	23-Jul-2003 03:25 PM	Administrator, Applicati
Greeting	24	P	04-Dec-2003 10:57 AM	Administrator, Applicati
Home Page Content	1	A	04-Dec-2003 10:20 AM	Administrator, Applicati
Introducing the RC Redstar	23	O	04-Dec-2003 10:26 AM	Administrator, Applicati
Private Content	2	A	03-Mar-2004 03:12 PM	Administrator, Applicati
Support Page	8	A	27-Aug-2002 02:18 PM	Administrator, Applicati
Trinity In-Line Pipe	22	S	04-Dec-2003 11:12 AM	Edit, John

Folder structure

Content blocks in selected folder

Content

Forms

Library

Modules

Administrat

Internet

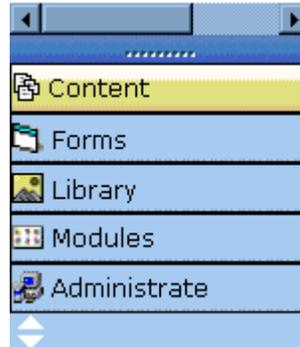
In this chapter, you learn about adding, editing, publishing, and deleting content blocks through the following subtopics. (Permissions and Approvals are discussed in later chapters.)

- "Viewing a Folder" on page 29
- "Viewing a Content Block" on page 31
- "Adding a Content Block" on page 34
- "Editing a Content Block" on page 38
- "Moving Content" on page 39
- "Deleting a Content Block" on page 42
- "Adding Sub-Folders" on page 44
- "Deleting Folders" on page 47

Viewing a Folder

To view any folder under the content folder, follow these steps.

1. Access the Workarea, as described in "Site Preview" on page 8.
2. Click the content folder from the left lower side of the Workarea.



3. All content blocks in the folder appear on the right side of the screen. The folder's sub-folders appear in the upper left frame.
4. To work with any folder or its content blocks, click the folder. When you do, its content blocks appear in the right frame.

NOTE You can only view folders for which your system administrator has granted permission.

The screenshot shows the Ektron CMS300 Workarea interface. On the left, a folder structure is visible with folders like Content, Forms, Human Resources, Marketing, Products, Support, and Syndication. A yellow callout box labeled "Folder structure" points to this area. The main content area displays a table of content blocks for the selected folder. A yellow callout box labeled "Content blocks in selected folder" points to this table. Above the table, a toolbar contains various icons for content management, with a yellow callout box labeled "Toolbar buttons" pointing to it.

Title	ID	Status	Date Modified	Last Editor
Contact Ektron	15	A	23-Jul-2003 03:25 PM	Administrator, Applic
Greeting	24	P	04-Dec-2003 10:57 AM	Administrator, Applic
Home Page Content	1	A	04-Dec-2003 10:20 AM	Administrator, Applic
Introducing the RC Redstar	23	O	04-Dec-2003 10:26 AM	Administrator, Applic
Private Content	2	A	03-Mar-2004 03:12 PM	Administrator, Applic
Support Page	8	A	27-Aug-2002 02:18 PM	Administrator, Applic
Trinity In-Line Pipe	22	S	04-Dec-2003 11:12 AM	Edit, John

Each folder lists the following information about its content blocks.

Field	Description
Title	The name of the content block.
Language	The language of the content block.
ID	The number assigned to the content block by Ektron CMS200/300. It is used to retrieve the content block from a database.
Status	The status of the content block. See Also: "Appendix A: Content Statuses" on page 367

Field	Description
Date Modified	The most recent date the content block was added, edited, or published.
Last Editor	The last user who accessed the content block.

Each folder also provides the following toolbar options.

NOTE Depending on your permissions, you may not see all toolbar buttons.

Button	Name	Description	More Information
	Add Content	Opens the editor and creates a new content block in the current folder	"Adding a Content Block" on page 34
	Add Folder	Adds a sub-folder to the current folder	"Adding Sub-Folders" on page 44
	Delete Folder	Deletes the current folder <u>Note: You cannot delete the Content folder.</u>	"Deleting Folders" on page 47
	Collections	Adds, edits, or deletes a collection from the current folder	"Working with Collections" on page 135
	Menus	View and work with menus assigned to this content block	"Working with Menus" on page 172
	Search	Look for content in the folder	"Searching for Content" on page 207
	View Properties	View the folder's properties	

Viewing a Content Block

You can view all content blocks in your Ektron CMS200/300 Web site. Viewing content blocks allows you to view the content,

metadata, summaries, and other information. To view a content block in Ektron CMS200/300, follow these steps.

1. Navigate to the folder that contains the content block, as explained in "Viewing a Folder" on page 29.
2. Click a content block.
3. The view content screen appears.



Welcome to RC International!

RC International is dedicated to the RC racing enthusiasts! We eat, work, play, and live RC racing. In three short years RC International has become one of the leading manufactures of RC racing and flying vehicles. Our dedication to the sport, and the enthusiasts who play it, has endeared our products to the RC community. We will continue striving to improve our affordable products and hope you will become an RC International member.

4. After you enter the content, you have the following options.

NOTE Your options may vary according to your permissions and the status of the content block.

Button or Tab	Name	Description	For more information, see
Content	View Content Block	Displays content block	
Summary	Edit Summary	Edit content block's summary.	"Adding a Content Block Summary" on page 48
Metadata	Edit Metadata	Edit content block's metadata See Also: "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70	"Adding or Editing Metadata" on page 52

Button or Tab	Name	Description	For more information, see
Properties	Content Properties	View the content block's properties	"Properties" on page 34
Comment	View Comment	View comments on changes made when editing a content block. The history comment also appears on the View Content and Content History screens.	
	Edit Content Block	Open content block for editing	"Editing a Content Block" on page 38
	View History	View all available older versions of the content block; restore older version	"Viewing and Restoring Previous Content Blocks" on page 81
	View Staged	Displays staged content	"Staged Content" on page 374
	View Difference	Compares current version with earlier version of content	"Comparing Versions of a Content Block"
	Delete	Delete content block	"Deleting a Content Block" on page 42
	Move Content	Move content block to another folder	"Moving Content" on page 39
	Check for content linked to this content	Identify all content blocks with quicklinks to this content block	"Checking for Broken Quicklinks" on page 43
	Add Task	Attach a task to a content block	"Attaching a Task to a Content Block" on page 183
	Properties	View and modify these settings <ul style="list-style-type: none"> XML Configuration Content Searchable 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> "Managing XML" on page 146 "Search" on page 465
	Return	Go back to previous menu	

Properties

The content properties screen contains information about the content block, including:

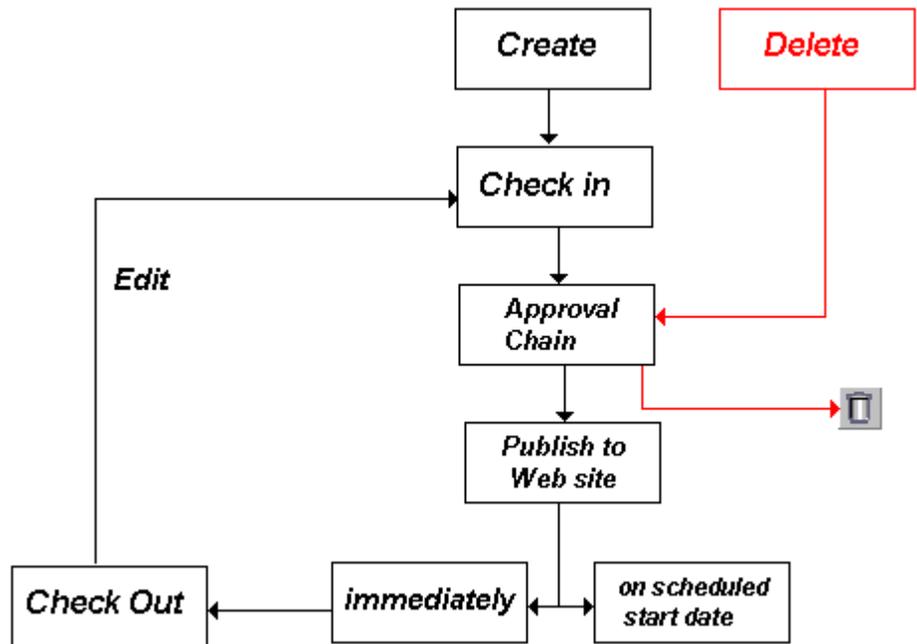
Field	Description
Content Title	The title assigned to the content block
Content ID	The ID number assigned to the content block. The ID number is used to retrieve content from a database.
Status	The current status of the content block See Also: "Appendix A: Content Statuses" on page 367
Last User to Edit	The last user to edit this content block
Last Edit Date	When the content block was last edited
Start Date	When the content block will go live on the Web site
End Date	When the content will be removed from the Web site
Date Created	When the content block was created
Approval Method	Whether all approvers must sign off on content block before it is published; managed by your system administrator
Approvals	The users in the approval chain for this content block. See Also: "Approving/Declining Content Blocks" on page 62
XML Configuration	The XML Configuration applied to the content block. This is typically managed by your system administrator.
Path	The folder path to the content's folder. A slash (\) represents the Content folder.
Content Searchable	Yes appears if the content will be found when someone searches your Web site. See Also: "Searching for Content" on page 207

Adding a Content Block

If you have permission to add a content block to a folder, you can create content blocks for that folder. After you create the content

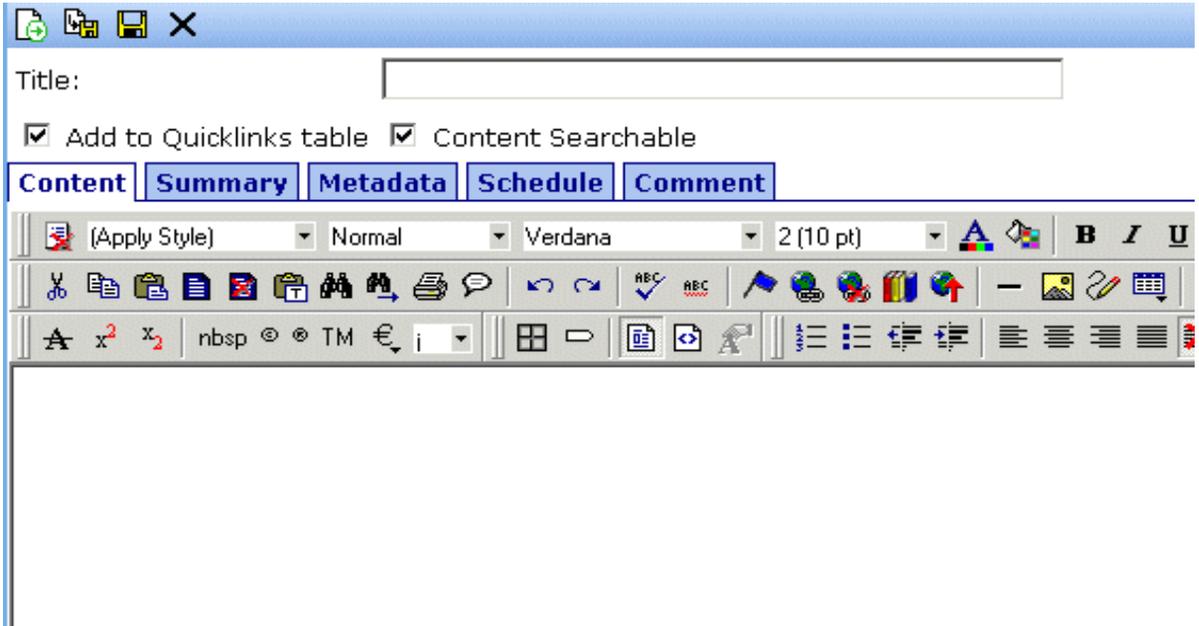
block, your system administrator must insert in onto a page on your Web site.

The following flowchart illustrates a typical sequence of events when working with content blocks.



To add a content block, follow these steps.

1. Browse to the folder where you want to create the new content block.
2. Click the add button ().
3. The Add Content window opens.



4. Create content in the editor using the following table.

Responding to the Fields on the Add Content Screen

Field	Description
Title	Enter a title for the content block.
Add to Quicklinks Table	Check if you want to save a Quicklink to this content block. "A quicklink is a special kind of hyperlink that jumps to another content block on your Web site. (A regular hyperlink jumps to a Web page on the internet.)"
Content Searchable	Check this box if the content should be found when someone searches your Web site. <i>See Also:</i> "Searching for Content" on page 207

5. After you respond to the above fields, the following options are available.

Options on the Add Content Screen

Button or Tab	Name	Description
Content	Add/edit content	Insert content for the content block. For more information about using Ektron CMS200/300 's editor, see "Using eWebEditPro" on page 247.
Summary	Edit Summary	Edit the summary for the content block See Also: "Adding a Content Block Summary" on page 48
Metadata	Edit Metadata	Edit this content block's metadata. <hr/> Note: All required metadata needs to be added before the content block can be submitted into the approval chain. <hr/> See Also: "Adding or Editing Metadata" on page 52; "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70
Comment	Add Comment	Briefly describe the content, or comment on changes made when editing a content block. The history comment appears on the View Content and Content History screens.
Schedule	Add Start and End dates	If you do not want to submit the content block to the approval chain immediately, enter when it will be submitted. See Also: "Scheduling Content to Begin and End" on page 58 If appropriate, enter a date when the content will no longer be viewable on the Web site. See Also: "Setting an End Date on a Content Block" on page 61
	Submit	Submit the content block into the approval chain. This action also returns the changed content to the database and exits the editor. See Also: "Approving/Declining Content Blocks" on page 62
	Publish	Publish the content to the Web site. <hr/> Note: Only the last approver in the approval chain sees this button. <hr/> See Also: "Approving/Declining Content Blocks" on page 62 This action also returns the changed content to the database and exits the editor.

Button or Tab	Name	Description
	Check In	Save and check-in the document. This action returns the changed content to the database and exits the editor. It does <i>not</i> submit the content into the approval chain. Rather, it allows you and other users to continue changing it.
	Save	Save the content without leaving the editor. It is a good idea to save your work frequently.
	Cancel	Close the editor without saving changes.

Editing a Content Block

Ektron CMS200/300 content can be in any of several statuses, as described in "Appendix A: Content Statuses" on page 367. You can only edit a content block for which you have permission and in one of the following statuses:

- published
- checked in
- checked out by you
- submitted for your approval

NOTE Once you check out a content block, it cannot be checked out by other users until you check it in.

Editing a Content Block

1. Access the View Content screen for the content block you want to edit, as described in "Viewing a Content Block" on page 31.
2. Click the edit button ()
3. The editor opens with the content block inserted.
4. From the edit content window, you can:
 - Edit content
 - Create or edit a summary

- Specify metadata for the content
 - Enter or update a comment
 - Enter or update start and end dates
 - Save changes
 - Check in the content
 - Submit the content for approval
 - Publish a content block to the Web site
 - Access the Library
5. Make the necessary edits to the content block. For a description of the fields on the screen, see "Responding to the Fields on the Add Content Screen" on page 36
 6. Choose a toolbar option or tab from the top of the Edit Content window. These options are described in "Options on the Add Content Screen" on page 37.

Moving Content

You can move a content block from any content folder to any other folder. This section explains how.

Before You Move a Content Block

Since content is either HTML or XML, you may encounter several scenarios when moving a content block. The following table explains each scenario.

Content to be moved	Destination Folder	Issues?
HTML	HTML Only	None
	XML Content Folder	Content does not use XML configuration applied to content folder. If desired, this needs to be set in the content block properties section.
XML (inherited from parent)	HTML Only	Content inherits properties of the destination folder. Can be changed on the folder or content block levels.
	XML Content Folder	

Content to be moved	Destination Folder	Issues?
XML (not inherited from parent)	HTML Only	Content keeps assigned XML configuration. Content. can be changed on the folder or content block levels.
	XML Content Folder	

Which Content Blocks Can Be Moved?

Only a content block with a status of **Approved (Published)** can be moved. This included expired content. If a content block's status is not published, you must wait for it to reach that status before moving it.

What is Moved?

When a content block is moved from one folder to another, the content inherits permissions and workflows from the destination folder.

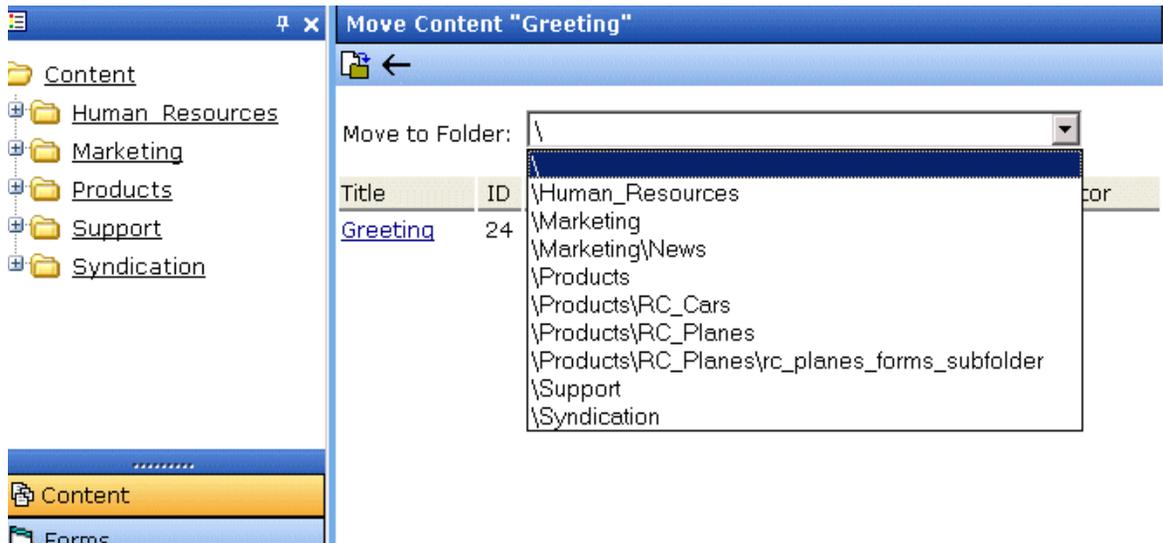
Also, the quicklink for the content block is moved in the library to the destination folder. However, the quicklink remains the same (that is, the default template doesn't change). You can update this by editing the quicklink. This procedure is described in the **Ektron CMS200/300** Administrator manual section "Updating Default Template for Multiple Quicklinks."

Moving a Content Block

To move a content block to another folder, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Content page for the content block you wish to move, as described in "Viewing a Content Block" on page 31.
2. Click the **Move Content** button (.
3. The Move Content page is displayed.

- From the drop down list, choose the content folder into which to move the content.



- Click the **Move Content** button (.
- A confirmation message is displayed.
- Click **OK** to continue.
- The content block is moved to the specified content folder, and the destination folder is displayed with the content block that was moved.

Moving Several Content Blocks at Once

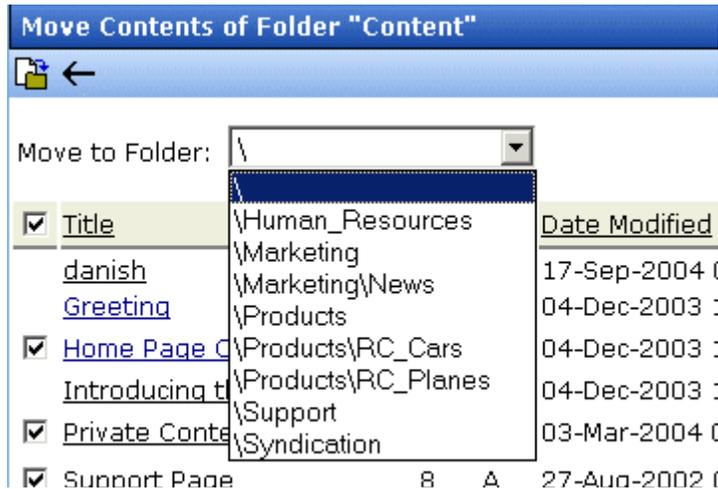
To move multiple content blocks at once, follow these steps.

NOTE Only published and expired content blocks can be moved.

- Navigate to the content folder that contains the content blocks you want to move.
- Click the **Move Content** button (.
- The Move Contents of Folder page is displayed.
- Check the boxes next to the content blocks that you want to move.

NOTE Check off the box in the header cell to select all or deselect all.

- Choose the content folder to move the selected content blocks to from the drop down list.



- Click the **Move Content** button () to move the selected content blocks.
- A confirmation message is displayed.
- Click **OK**.
- The content blocks move to the destination folder.

Deleting a Content Block

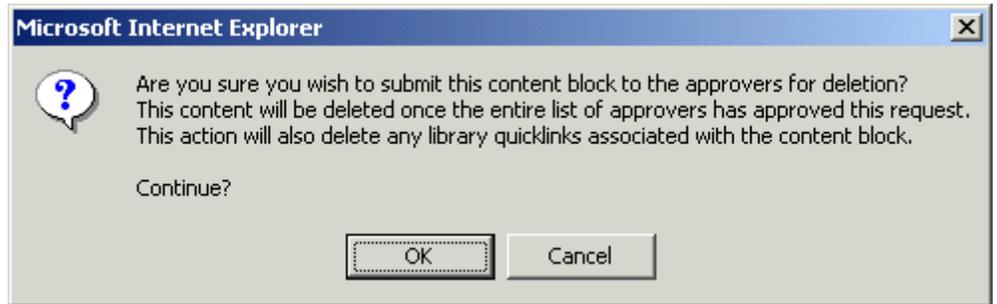
NOTE The ability to delete a content block is a privilege granted by the system administrator. If you do not see a Delete button () on the View Content History screen, you do not have permission to do so.

The Delete command lets you permanently delete obsolete content blocks from your Web site. Like publishing a content block, a content block must go through the approval chain before it is removed.

To delete a content block, follow these steps.

- Access the View Content screen for the content block you want to delete, as described in "Viewing a Content Block" on page 31.
- Click the delete button ()

3. The following message appears.



4. Click **OK** to delete the content block.

When the content block goes through the approval chain, it is deleted from **Ektron CMS200/300**. If you are the last approver in the approval chain, the content block is deleted immediately.

See Also: "Approving/Declining Content Blocks" on page [62](#)

Checking for Broken Quicklinks

The link checker button () locates all content blocks that include a quicklink to the displayed content block. This feature is useful when deleting a content block, because it informs you of every content block that will include a "dead" link after you delete this content block. You should then edit those content blocks and remove or change the obsolete quicklinks.

To use the link checker, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Content page for the content block whose links you want check, as described in "Viewing a Content Block" on page [31](#).
2. Click the **Check Links** button (.
3. A page lists each content block that links to the current content block.

Click the title to access the View Content page for the selected content block. From there, you can remove or change the quicklink.

Adding Sub-Folders

To further organize content in your Ektron CMS200/300 Web site, you can create sub-folders to store related content blocks.

NOTE The ability to delete a content block is a privilege granted by the system administrator. If you do not see a Add Folder button () on the View Contents of Folder screen, you do not have permission to do so.

To add a sub-folder, follow these steps.

1. Navigate to and click the folder under which you want to create a sub-folder.



2. The contents of the folder appear in the main section of the Workarea.

Title	ID	Status	Date Modified	Last Editor
Contact Ektron	15	A	23-Jul-2003 03:25 PM	Administrator, Applica
Greeting	24	P	04-Dec-2003 10:57 AM	Administrator, Applica
Home Page Content	1	A	04-Dec-2003 10:20 AM	Administrator, Applica
Introducing the RC Redstar	23	O	04-Dec-2003 10:26 AM	Administrator, Applica
Private Content	2	A	03-Mar-2004 03:12 PM	Administrator, Applica
Support Page	8	A	27-Aug-2002 02:18 PM	Administrator, Applica
Trinity In-Line Pipe	22	S	04-Dec-2003 11:12 AM	Edit, John

3. Click the Add Folder button ().
4. The Add Sub-folder screen appears.

Add a Subfolder to folder "Content"



Foldername:

Description

Style Sheet filename for this folder: (leave blank to inherit)

/CMS300Sample/

The inherited style sheet for this folder is: /CMS300Sample/default.css

Template filename for this folder: (leave blank to inherit)

/CMS300Sample/

The inherited template for this folder is: /CMS300Sample/index.asp

XML Configuration:

Inherit XML Configuration

5. Enter the required information in the fields. Use the following table to assist you.

Field	Description
Folder name	Enter a name for the sub-folder.
Description	Enter a full description of the folder
Style Sheet	Specify the style sheet that the content in the folder will use. If left blank, the folder inherits the style sheet from the parent folder. <u>Your system administrator should be able to assist you in choosing a style sheet.</u>

Field	Description
Template	Specify a default template the content blocks in which they will be displayed. The default template is used when quicklinks are generated for the content in the content folder. If left blank, the template from the parent folder is inherited. <hr/> Your system administrator should be able to assist you in choosing a template. <hr/>
XML Configuration	By default, content blocks and folders inherit their XML configuration settings from their parent folders. To “break” or restore inheritance, placing or remove a check in the checkbox next to, “Inherit XML Configuration.” For more information, see the “Managing XML” chapter of the Ektron CMS200/300 Administrator’s manual.

6. Click the save button ().

Deleting Folders

You can delete folders that are no longer needed.

NOTE The ability to delete a folder is a privilege granted by the system administrator. If you do not see a Delete Folder button () on the View Contents of Folder screen, you do not have permission to do so.

CAUTION! Deleting a content folder permanently deletes its content blocks, quicklinks and sub-folders.

To delete a content folder, follow these steps.

1. Navigate to the content folder you wish to delete.
2. Click the Delete Folder button (.
3. A confirmation message appears.
4. If you are sure you want to delete the content folder, click **OK**.
5. The screen is refreshed, and the content folder is deleted.

Adding a Content Block Summary

A summary provides a short description of a content block to supplement the title when displaying a list of content blocks on a Web page. When you create or edit a content block, you can create a summary. Then, your Web site developer can create Web pages that contain just content summaries to attract readers to the full story.

A good example of using a summary is a news Web site. A page on that site could list the titles of the top stories followed by a quick summary of each (illustrated below).

TOP STORIES

[Ektron Named a Rising Star \(08-15-2003\)](#)

August 15, 2003, Amherst, New Hampshire, USA — Ektron, Inc., an innovator in Web content management and authoring, has been named a Rising Star as part of the prestigious New England Technology Fast 50 Program.

[Ektron Launches International Distribution Program \(08-08-2003\)](#)

August 8, 2003, Amherst, New Hampshire, USA — Ektron, Inc., an innovator in dynamic Web content authoring and management with over 350,000 users, today announced the launch of its international distribution program.

Like content blocks, summaries can include images and files as well as different font styles and sizes. This chapter explains how to create summaries and how they can help navigation within your site. Your system administrator determines how to display the summaries on your site.

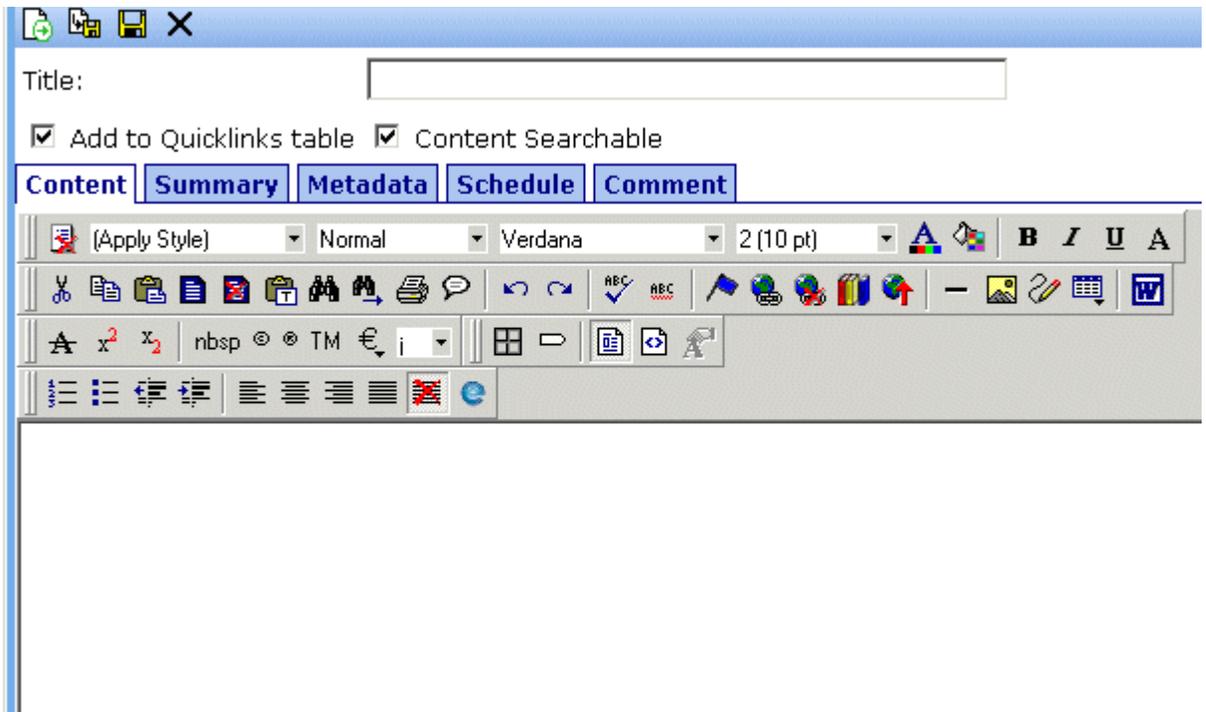
Creating Summaries

There are two ways to create summaries:

- for a new content block (see "Creating a Summary on a New Content Block" on page 49)
- for an existing content (see "Creating a Summary for an Existing Content Block" on page 50)

Creating a Summary on a New Content Block

1. Navigate through the content folders until you find a folder in which you want to create the content.
2. Click the Add Content button. The Add Content screen appears.



3. Insert a title and content. See *Also*: "Adding a Content Block" on page 34
4. Click the **Summary** tab to enter summary information for the content block. The summary can be as long as you want, and can include images, files, and hyperlinks.
5. When done, click the appropriate button.

Creating a Summary for an Existing Content Block

In this example, we create a summary for the home page content block.

1. From the Workarea, click the **Content** folder.
2. Navigate to the desired content folder.
3. From the View Contents of Folder screen, click the content block.
4. The View Content screen appears.
5. Click the **Summary** tab to enter or edit summary information for the content block. The summary can be as long as you want, and can include your favorite features like images, files, and hyperlinks.
6. When done, click the Save button ().
7. The View Content page reappears. The status of the content block changes to “checked out” to you.

NOTE When you enter or edit an existing content block’s summary, its status changes to checked out. After you create the summary, click the Check-In button to check the content block in. From that point, you need to submit or publish it.

Editing a Summary

NOTE You can only edit the summary of content blocks that are published, checked in, or checked out by you.

To edit the summary for a content block, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Content page for the content block whose summary you want to edit, as described in “Viewing a Content Block” on page 31.
2. Click the **Summary** tab.

3. The Edit Summary window opens.



4. Click the Edit button. The summary opens within the editor.
5. Make the necessary changes.
6. Click the **Save** button (.
7. The summary is saved, and the View Content page is displayed with a status of checked out.

Adding or Editing Metadata

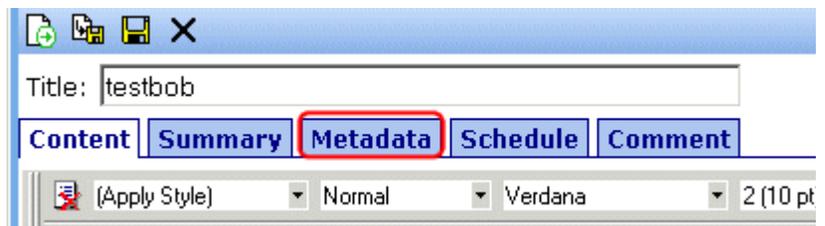
What is Metadata?

After you create or update a content block, it is typically published to the World Wide Web (WWW). Since the Web has millions of pages, Metadata makes it easier for people to find your content.

Programs that search the Web (such as Google) look at the page's title and metadata keywords to determine if it should return your Web page on its list of results.

To improve search program results, **Ektron CMS200/300** provides two fields within the Metadata feature.

- **Metadata Title** - appears on the search results screen to further define your Web page



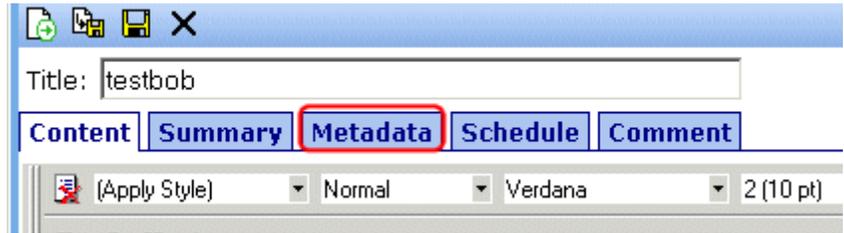
- **Metadata Keywords** - are searched by leading search programs, along with the page's title

Editing Metadata

NOTE You must enter required metadata before the content block can be submitted into the approval chain.

To enter or edit a content block's metadata, follow these steps.

1. Access the view content screen for the content block whose metadata you want to edit, as described in "Viewing a Content Block" on page 31.
2. Click the **Metadata** tab.



3. The edit metadata screen opens with the current metadata displayed.

NOTE Your screen may differ from the example below. Your system administrator determines the appearance of the Edit Metadata screen.

Content Title: Home Page Content
* = Required fields

Title: (500 max.) Separator Character ";
 Welcome to RC International
 Default

Keywords: (500 max.) Separator Character ";

Car Plane Boat	>> All >> << All <<	RC International RC racing remote control airplanes cars
----------------------	------------------------------	--

4. Edit the metadata. Note that
 - Required fields are marked with an asterisk (*). Someone must place at least one response in these fields before the content block can be approved.

- Your system administrator may prevent you from editing a fields. In this case, the field has a gray background and you cannot place the cursor there.
- Fields may appear in two columns, as illustrated in the **Keywords** field on the above screen. In this case, the system administrator is providing a list of terms that you can apply to the content block. You can only enter terms from the list -- you cannot enter free text.

One column is labeled **Not Included** and the other **Included**. Move terms between lists by clicking the arrow (>> and <<). Or, move all terms from one list to the next by clicking the **All >>** arrow.

- In the keywords field, you may see a semi-colon (;) as a separator character. This character is defined by the administrator when creating the metadata types. When separating items in the fields, use the separator character for that field.
- When the administrator creates and defines the metadata definitions, he/she has the ability to create default metadata for each definition. If there is default metadata defined for a specific metadata type, then clicking on the **DEFAULT** button at the bottom of each field will restore the default content.
- When the administrator creates and defines metadata definitions, he can enter information about the metadata for each definition. Below each metadata definition field is a field called "Characters Left", that counts the number of metadata characters. You cannot exceed the maximum limit (500 characters) when entering metadata information.

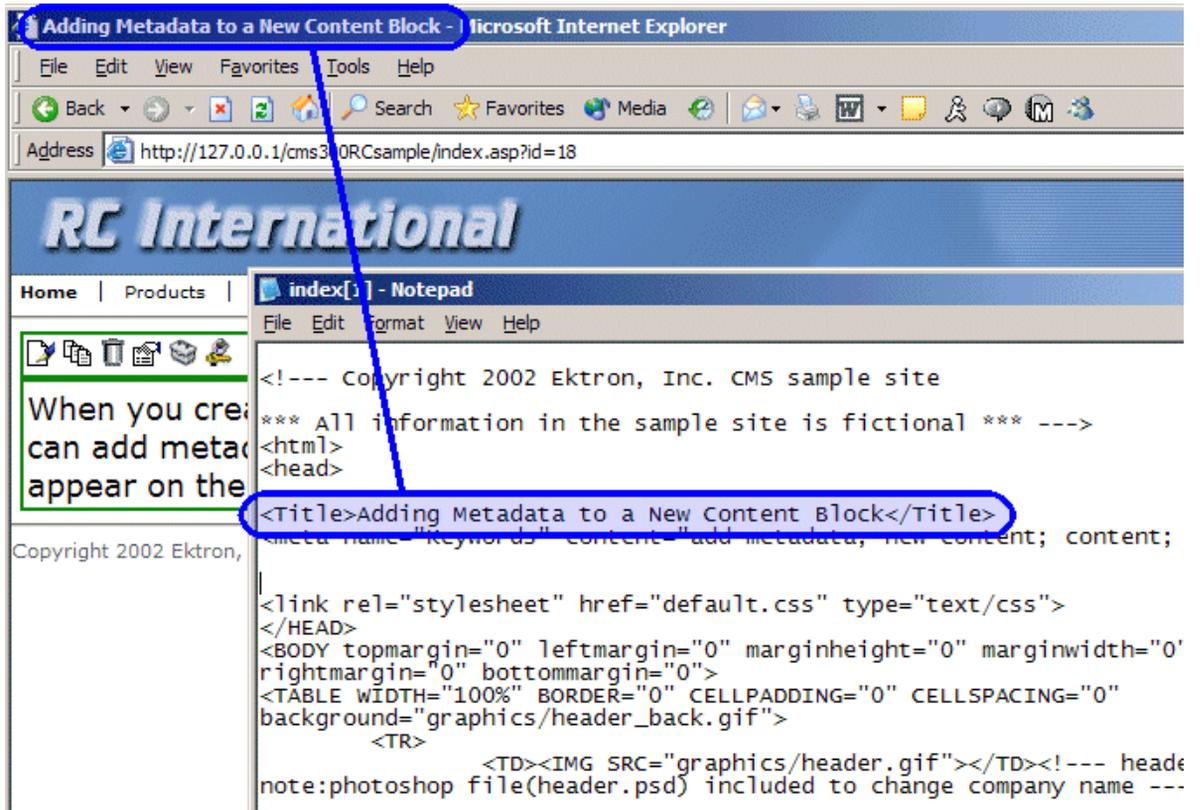
-

5. Click the save button ()
6. The view content screen reappears.

Viewing the Source of the Web page

After you add content and the content block is published to the Web site, you can view the source of the page to see what the metadata for the content looks like.

Below is the source of a sample Web page.



On this Web page, notice the keywords are included in the meta tag, and the title is in HTML tags. These appear according to how the administrator sets up the metadata definitions.

Editing the Metadata for an Existing Content Block

In this example, we will edit the metadata for the home page content block.

NOTE You may only edit the metadata of content blocks that are published, checked in, or checked out by you.

1. Access the view content page for the content block you want to edit the metadata for as described in "Viewing Content" on page 60.

The screenshot shows the top navigation bar of a content management system. The title bar reads "View Content 'Support Page'". Below the title bar is a toolbar with various icons for document management and navigation. To the right of the toolbar are two dropdown menus: "View: English (US)" and "Add: -select language-". Below the toolbar is a horizontal menu with five tabs: "Content", "Summary", "Metadata", "Properties", and "Comment". The "Content" tab is currently selected and highlighted in blue.

Content:

Customer Support

RC International is committed to providing our customers with a pleasant purchasing and ownership experience. Our support department is available to help you in all areas, from repairs to RC collecting. We invite you to review all of our extensive online documentation. Most of your questions and inquiries can be answered using this information.

All repairs and returns must have a Return Authorization Number (RMA) before being accepted by RC International. To obtain an RMA number or if you require information not covered here online, please contact our support department at:

support@cms300samplesite.com (response within 24hrs)

or phone 1-800-555-5555 (9am to 5pm EST)

2. Click the **Metadata** tab.

- The edit metadata page opens with the current metadata for the content block displayed in the fields.

Title: Private Content

Content Summary Metadata Schedule Comment

* = Required fields

Title: (500 max.) Separator Charac

CMS300 Login Information

476 characters left

Default

Keywords: (500 max.) Separator Charac

login; cms300; information

474 characters left

Default

- Make the necessary changes to the metadata, then click the **Save** button ().
- The page is refreshed, and the view content page is displayed. Notice that the content block is now in a checked out state to you. For the changes to take effect on the Web site, check in the content and publish it.

Scheduling Content to Begin and End

Scheduling content lets you control when a content block becomes visible on the Web site. Similarly, you can remove a content block on a predetermined date and time.

When used together, a start date and end date can relieve you of much work by managing how long a content block is viewable on your Web site.

How Does It Work?

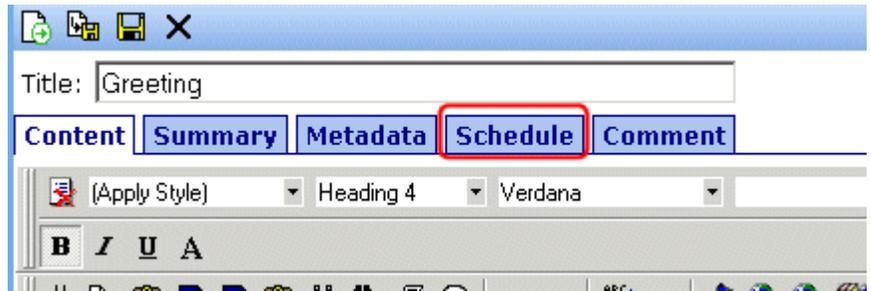
When you create a content block, or modify an existing one, you can select a “go live” date and time. If you do, Ektron CMS200/300 publishes the content block to the live site then. Below is an example.

Your company is having a sale of the century in a month, and everything is ready except the announcement. You decide to update your Web site to let the public know about it. With this feature, you can create the Web content now and set it to go live a week before the sale.

Setting a Start Date

To set a start date:

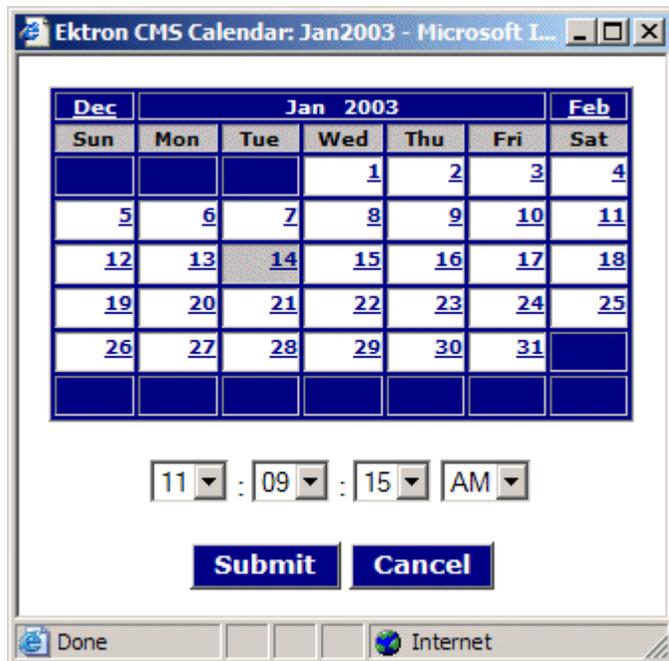
1. Access the editor by adding a new content block or editing an existing one.
2. If adding a new content block, enter a title and the content.
3. Click the **Schedule** tab.



4. Click the calendar button next to the start date field.



5. The Ektron CMS200/300 calendar pops up.
6. Select the date and time when the content will become visible on the Web site.



7. Click the Submit button.

8. Notice that the date and time are inserted into the start date field



You can enter the date and time into the text field without using the calendar. If you do, use the following format

DD-MMM-YYYY hh:mm:ss tt

NOTE When you select a time for content to go live, that time depends on the server's system clock. If the server's system clock is incorrect, the content will not go live at the intended time.

What Happens After I Set a Start Date?

After you set a go live date and the content completes the approval chain, two scenarios may occur:

- The content block is new
- The content block already exists

Each scenario is now explained.

Setting the Go Live Date on New Content

When you set a go live date on a new content block, the content becomes viewable on the specified date and time. If you view the page that contains the content before then, you only see the template. This occurs both within Ektron CMS200/300 and when you view the content on the Web site.

Setting the Go Live Date on Existing Content

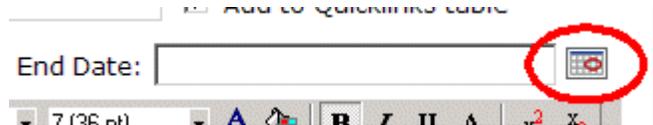
When you set a go live date on an existing content block, and it completes the approval chain, the content has a grey border within Ektron CMS200/300 until the date specified.

When you view the content block on the Web site, you see the previously published version. When the go live date occurs, the new content replaces the previously published version, and the content block's status changes to Active.

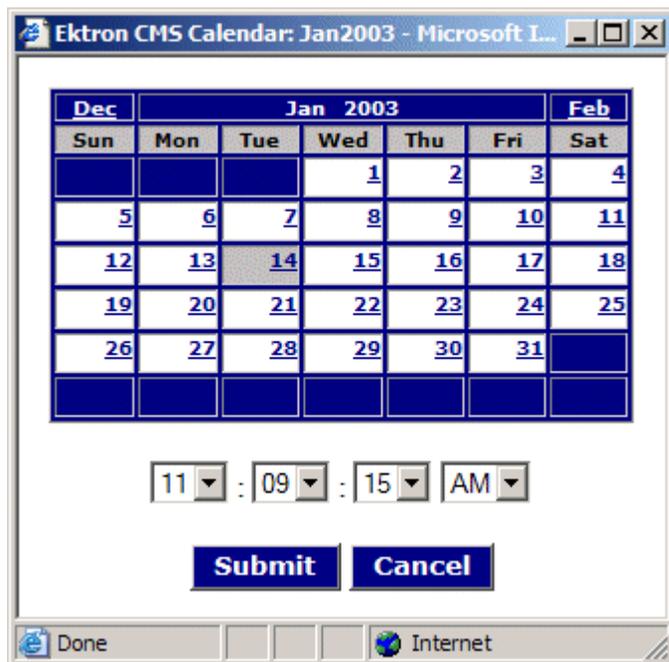
Setting an End Date on a Content Block

To set an end date for a content block, follow these steps.

1. Access the editor by adding a new content block or editing an existing one.
2. If adding a new content block, enter a title and the content.
3. Click the calendar button next to the **End Date** field.



4. A calendar pops up.
5. Select the date and time you want the content to be removed from the Web site.



6. Click the Submit button.
7. Notice that the date and time are inserted into the **End Date** field



NOTE You can also enter the date and time without using the calendar. If you do, use the following format: DD-MMM-YYYY hh:mm:ss tt

NOTE When you select a time for content to go live, that time depends on the server's system clock. If the server's system clock is incorrect, the content will not be removed at the intended time.

What Happens After I Set an End Date?

If you set an end date to a content block, and it gets published to your Web site, the content is visible on the Web site. When the end date and time occur, the content is hidden on the Web site.

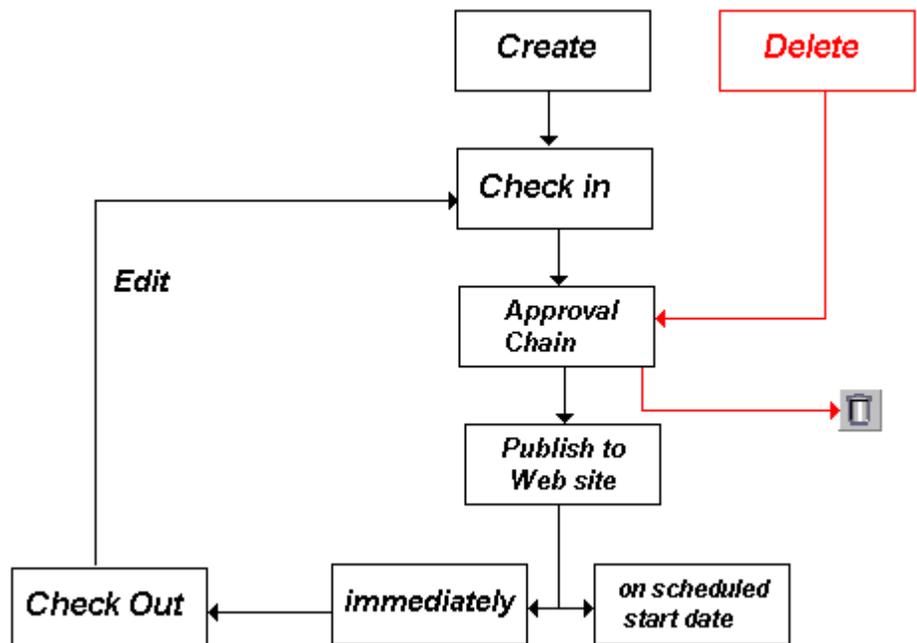
At this point, If a site visitor goes to the page containing the content, he sees the template without the content block. Because of this, Ektron recommends having another content block ready to replace the content block with the end date.

Approving/Declining Content Blocks

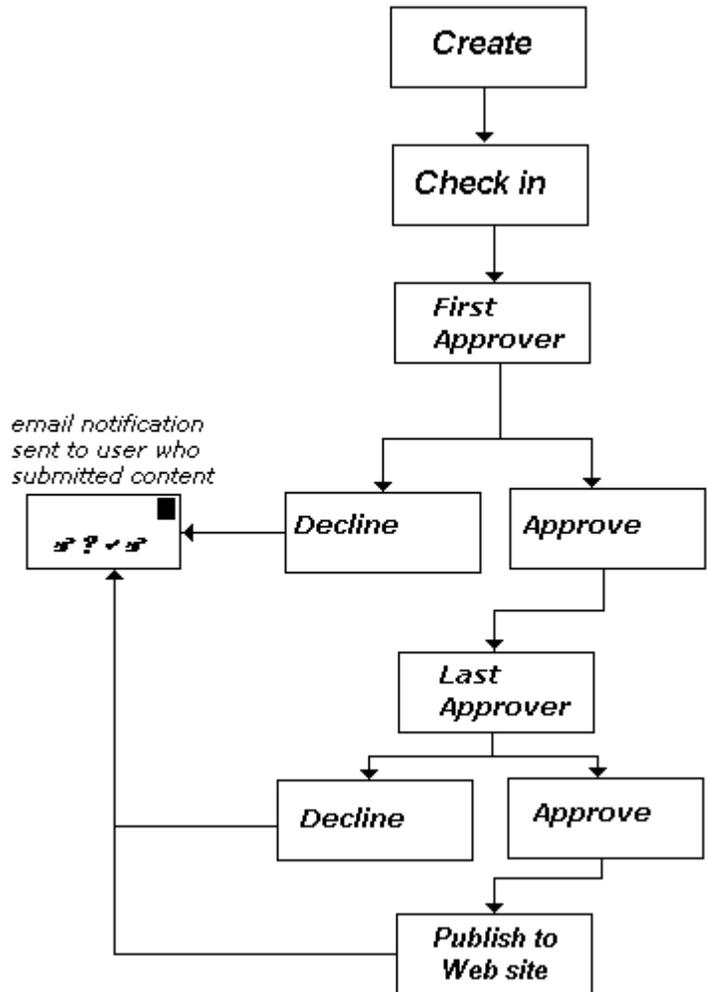
Your site administrator establishes an approval chain for each folder, or even specific content blocks. When a new or edited content block is submitted to the approval chain, it is reviewed by users who may

- change it
- approve or decline it
- publish it to the Internet (it is published when the last user approves it)

The flowchart below illustrates the steps in the approval process.



The following flowchart illustrates how an approver can decline a content block.



You can approve or decline all content blocks that have been submitted to you from the approval folder. The steps shown below guide you through the approval or decline of these content blocks.

Approve/Decline One Content Block

1. Click the **Smart Desktop** button (circled in red below).



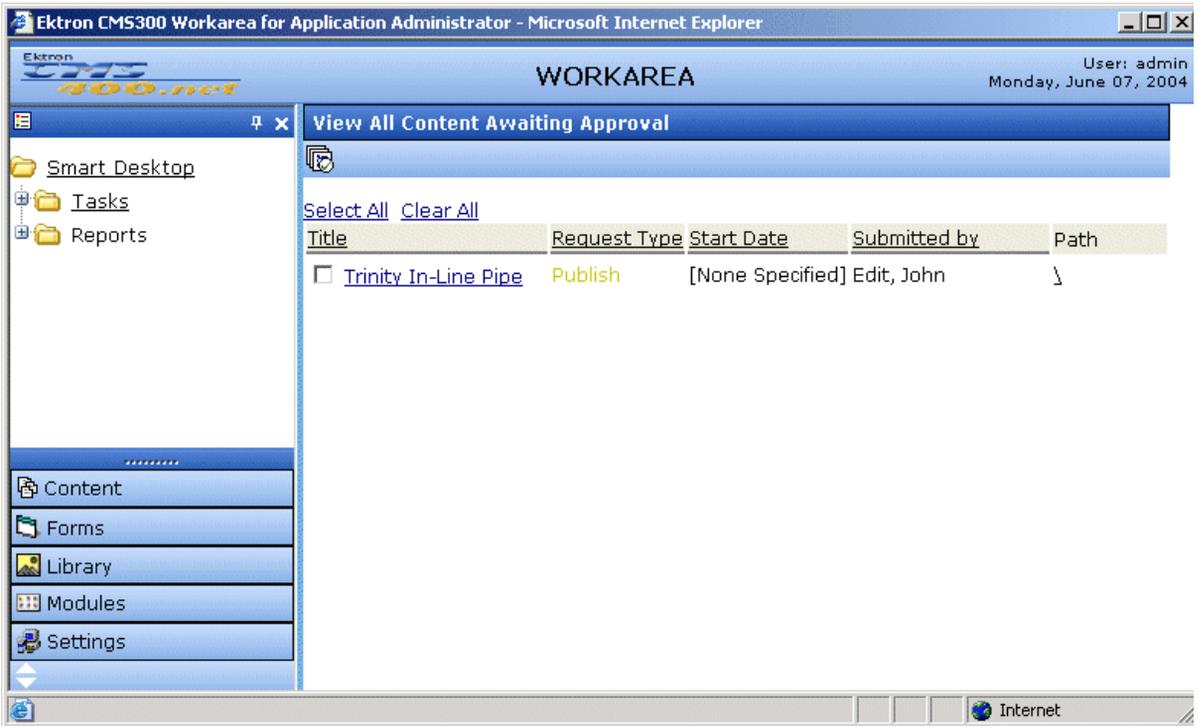
2. Click **Reports**.
3. Click **Approvals**.

View All Content Awaiting Approval				
Title	Request Type	Start Date	Submitted by	Path
<input type="checkbox"/> Contact Ektron	Publish	[None Specified]	Administrator, Application \	
<input type="checkbox"/> Support Page	Publish	[None Specified]	Administrator, Application \	
<input type="checkbox"/> Plastic Molder #123	Publish	[None Specified]	Administrator, Application \Human Re	

4. Click the title of the content block you want to approve or decline.

<input type="checkbox"/> Contact Ektron	Del
<input type="checkbox"/> Support Page	Put
<input type="checkbox"/> Product Page	Put
<input type="checkbox"/> RC International Announces the RC Cheetah	Del
<input type="checkbox"/> New Content	Put

5. The View Content Awaiting Approval Screen appears.



This screen displays the following information about the content block.

Field	This is the...
Content Title	Title given to content block.
Content ID	ID number assigned to content block by Ektron CMS200/300.
Status	Current status of content block. See Also: "Appendix A: Content Statuses" on page 416
Submitted By	User who submitted content block.
Last Date Edited	Date and time content was last edited.
Start Date	Date and time content will go live on Web site.
End Date	Date and time content will be removed from the Web site.
Date Created	Date and time content block was originally created.

Field	This is the...
Approvals	Current approval chain for content block.
History Comment	History comment that has been assigned to content block.
Metadata	Metadata assigned to content block. See <i>Also</i> : "Adding or Editing Metadata" on page 53
Summary	Summary created for content block. See <i>Also</i> : "Adding a Content Block Summary" on page 48
Content	Body of content that has been submitted.

A toolbar at the top of the screen lists actions you can perform on the content.

Button	Name	Result of Clicking
	Publish	Accept changes to the content block and publish it to the site. <u>Note: If there is another approver in the approval chain for the content, this is replaced by a Submit button.</u>
	Decline	Reject changes and keep current version of content block live on the Web site.
	Edit	Check out content block and change it if desired.
 	View Published/ Staged	Toggle between the currently published version of content block and submitted version. This can help you compare differences between versions. <i>See Also</i> : "Displays staged content." on page 26
	Back	Return to previous screen.

Approve Multiple Content Blocks

The approvals table allows you to select some or all of the submitted content blocks, and submit them all together.

Selecting Multiple Submitted Content Blocks

To select multiple submitted content blocks:

1. Begin by accessing the checked in report table.

View All Content Awaiting Approval				
Select All Clear All				
Title	Request Type	Start Date	Submitted by	Path
<input type="checkbox"/> Contact Ektron	Delete	[None Specified]	Publish, Jane	\
<input type="checkbox"/> Support Page	Publish	25-Feb-2003 10:00:00 AM	Publish, Jane	\
<input type="checkbox"/> Products Page	Publish	[None Specified]	Edit, John	\Products
<input type="checkbox"/> RC International Announces the RC Cheetah	Delete	[None Specified]	Edit, John	\Marketing\News
<input type="checkbox"/> New Content	Publish	30-Oct-2002 10:56:36 AM	Johnson, Mike	\Marketing
<input type="checkbox"/> RC International Ships RC Sportster	Delete	[None Specified]	Johnson, Mike	\Marketing\News
<input type="checkbox"/> RC Cheetah	Delete	15-Dec-2002 11:56:36 AM	Publish, Jane	\Products\RC_Cars
<input type="checkbox"/> RC Redstar	Delete	[None Specified]	Publish, Jane	\Products\RC Planes
<input type="checkbox"/> Support Center	Publish	[None Specified]	Publish, Jane	\

2. Check off the check boxes of the content blocks you want to approve.

To select all the displayed submitted content blocks, click the "Select All" link at the top of the table.

Select All Clear All	
Title	Request Type
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Contact Ektron	Del
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support Page	Pul
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Products Page	Pul
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RC International Announces the RC Cheetah	Del
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New Content	Pul
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RC International Ships RC Sportster	Del
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RC Cheetah	Del
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> RC Redstar	Del
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Support Center	Pul

3. If needed, remove the check mark from the check boxes of the content blocks you do not wish to approve.

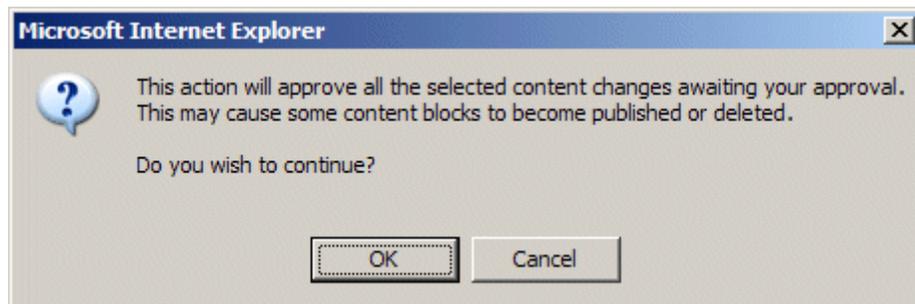
To clear all the selections, click the “Clear All” link at the top of the table.

Select All Clear All		
Title	Reg Typ	
<input type="checkbox"/> Contact Ektron	Delk	
<input type="checkbox"/> Support Page	Pub	
<input type="checkbox"/> Products Page	Pub	
<input type="checkbox"/> RC International Announces the RC Cheetah	Delk	
<input type="checkbox"/> New Content	Pub	
<input type="checkbox"/> RC International Ships RC Sportster	Delk	
<input type="checkbox"/> RC Cheetah	Delk	
<input type="checkbox"/> RC Redstar	Delk	
<input type="checkbox"/> Support Center	Pub	

Approving Several Content Blocks

To approve several submitted content blocks:

1. Select the submitted content blocks you want to approve as described in “Selecting Multiple Submitted Content Blocks” on page 68.
2. Once selected, click the **Approve All** button (.
3. The following message appears.



4. To continue with the approval, click **OK**.
5. Once completed, the approved content blocks will be
 - submitted to the next publisher
 - published immediately to the Web site

- or deleted

depending on the approval chain set for each content block.

Example of an Approval Chain

The approval chain begins when a content contributor submits a new or edited content block. If e-mail is enabled, an e-mail is sent to the next approver in the approval chain.

The following example follows a typical content block from creation to publication. Three users make up this approval chain

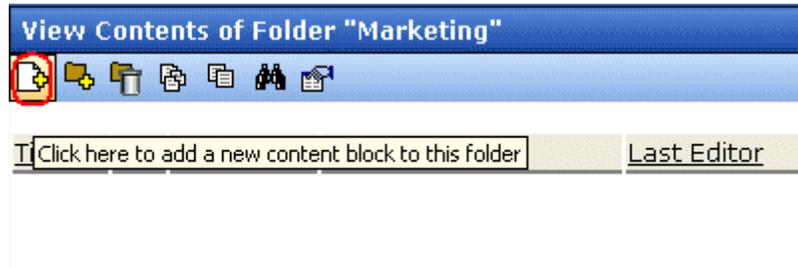
- Sports Writer - creates sports content
- Sports Editor - edits and publishes all sports articles
- Editor In Chief - edits and publishes all articles

Each user has different permissions corresponding to their roles.

Creating a Content Block

The first step is to create a content block. To create a new content block:

1. Log in to Ektron CMS200/300 as a SportsWriter.
2. Navigate through the content folders in the Workarea until you find a content folder you have permissions for. If you have permission to add a content block, the Add Content Block button () appears on the View Contents of Folder screen (illustrated below).



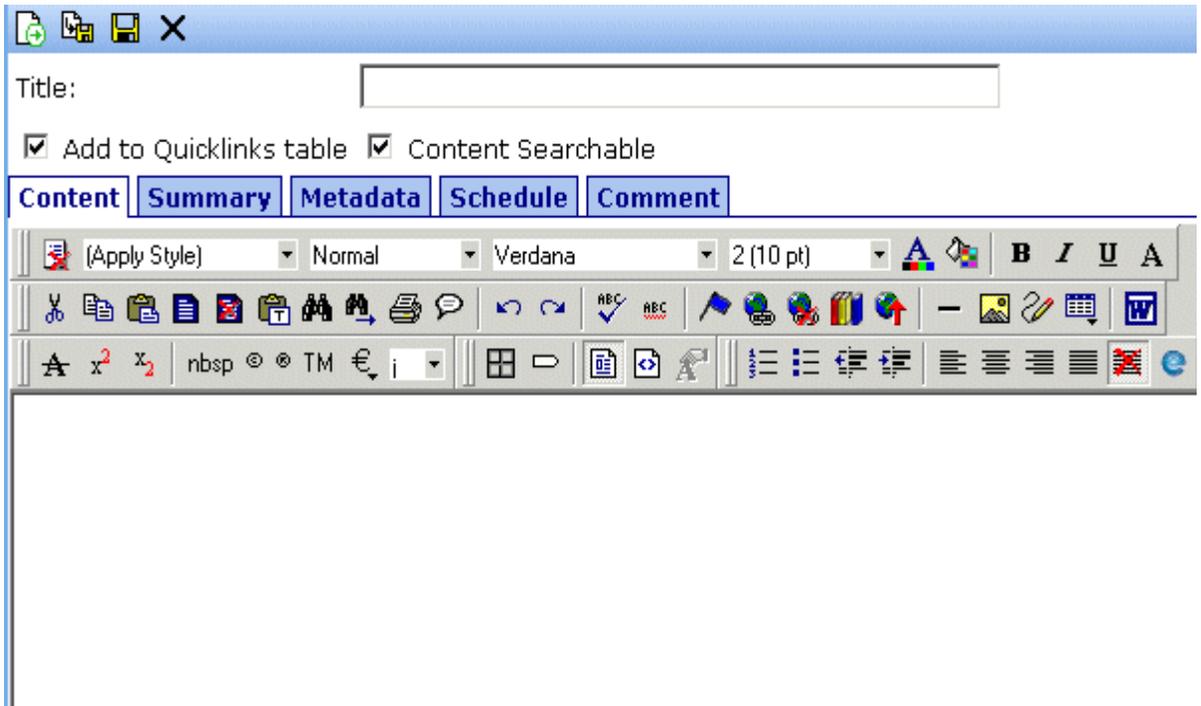
If you have permission to edit a content block, the Edit Content Block button () appears on the View Contents of Folder screen (illustrated below).



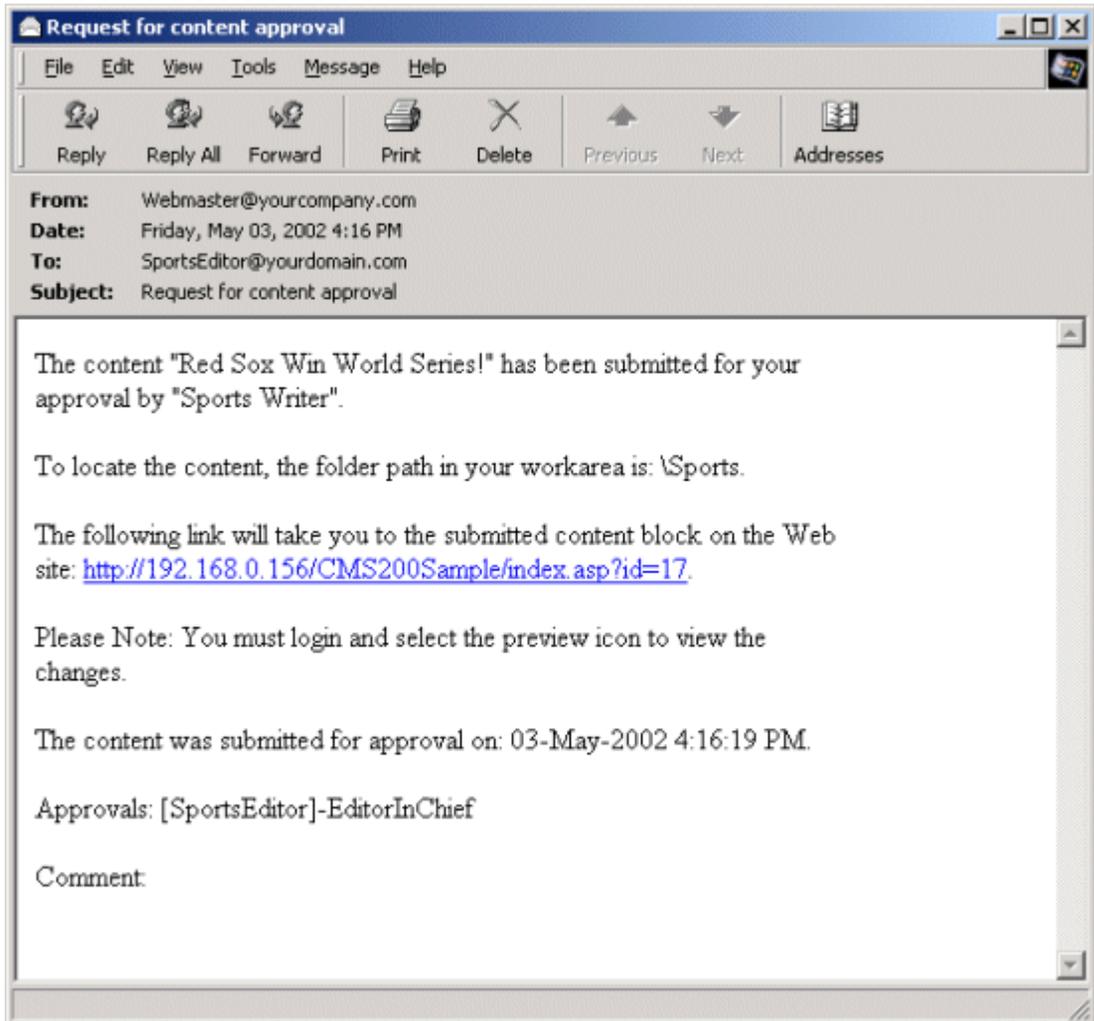
Welcome to RC International!

RC International is dedicated to the RC racing enthusiasts! We eat, work, play, and live RC racing. In three short years RC International has become one of the leading manufactures of RC racing and flying vehicles. Our dedication to the sport, and the enthusiasts who play it, has endeared our products to the RC community. We will continue striving to improve our affordable products and hope you will become an RC International member.

3. Click the Add Content or Edit Content button to invoke the editor.
4. Create or update content in the editor.



5. Click the submit button () at the top of the window.
6. The content block is now in the approval chain. The first user in the approval chain receives an email saying the content block is ready for approval.



NOTE Emails are only sent if your Administrator enables them.

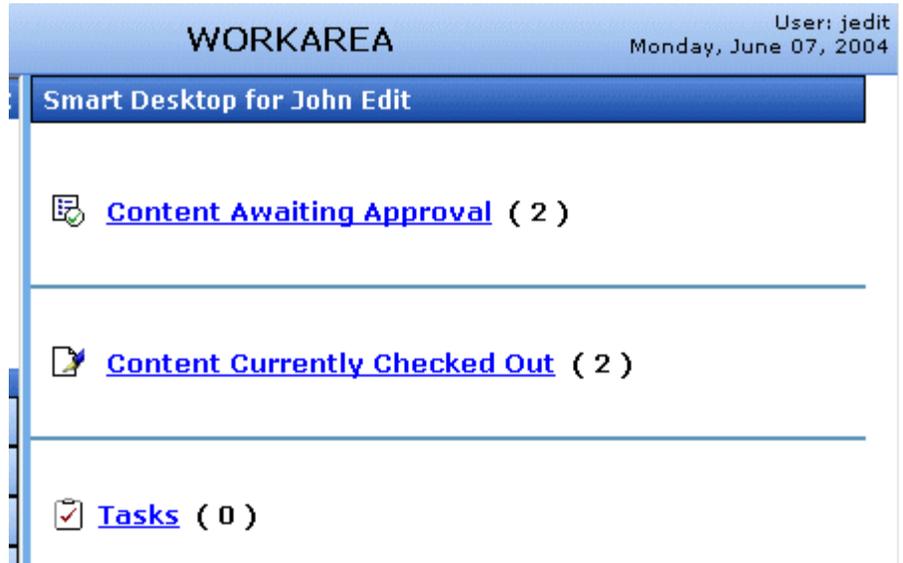
The content contributor, Sports Writer, has completed his role in the approval chain but continues to receive emails notifying him of changes in the status of the content block.

First Approver

After the Sports Writer submits the content block, the first user in the approval chain, Sports Editor, receives an email stating that a content block needs his approval.

The first approver for this content block is Sports Editor. He can change and approve the content block or decline it.

Sports Editor logs into Ektron CMS200/300, navigates to his desktop, where he sees a link **Content Awaiting Approval**.



He clicks the link and sees all content blocks awaiting his approval.

The approvals folder window displays information such as title, who submitted it, go live date, etc. The Sports editor clicks the submitted content block.



The View Content Awaiting Approvals window appears. The **Properties** tab displays all the information necessary to decide whether to approve or decline the content block, including:

Field	Description
Content Title	Title of the content block.
Content ID	ID number assigned to the content block by Ektron CMS200/300.
Status	Current status of the content block. See Also: "Appendix A: Content Statuses" on page 367
Last User to Edit	Name of user who last edited content block
Last Edit Date	When the content block was last edited.
Start Date	When the content block goes live on Web site, if specified by user when creating or editing content.
End date	When the content block becomes inactive on Web site, if specified by user when creating or editing content
Date Created	When the content block was originally created.
Approval Method	Set up by system administrator to determine approval chain.
Approvals	The approval chain for the content block. The current approver for the content block appears in red.

At the approval window, the Sports Editor has several options.

Button or Tab	Description
Content	Edit the content block
Summary	See "Adding a Content Block Summary" on page 48
Metadata	See "Adding or Editing Metadata" on page 52
Comment	See "Comment" on page 33

Button or Tab	Description
Approve 	Sends content to next approver in approval chain.
Decline 	1. Sends email to creator, notifying him/her that content was declined. 2. Removes content from approval chain.
Edit 	Invokes the editor. The approver can make changes to content block.

For demonstration purposes, we'll choose **Approve**.

Second Approver

After the content block is approved, the next approver in the approval chain receives an email saying that the content block is ready for approval.

At this point, the following events have taken place:

1. Content was created and submitted by SportsWriter
2. An email was sent to SportsEditor notifying him of the content awaiting his approval
3. The content block was reviewed and approved by SportsEditor
4. An email was sent to EditorInChief notifying him of the content awaiting his approval
5. The content was submitted to EditorInChief for final approval and publication.

EditorInChief logs in to Ektron CMS200/300 and accesses his workarea. The workarea has an Approval folder with the content that is awaiting his approval.

EditorInChief navigates through the Approval folder until he finds the content block.

Smart Desktop for Application Administrator

 [Content Awaiting Approval](#) (1)

View All Approvals

Title	Request Type	Start Date	Submitted by	Path
Trinity In-Line Pipe	Publish	[None Specified]	Edit, John	\

From this window, EditorInChief can view information about the content block, including title, go live date, user who created it, etc. Click the content that you want to approve.

This window is similar to the previous approver's but includes a Publish button at the top of the screen. The EditorInChief has a publish button (instead of a submit button) because he is the last approver in the approval chain. When he approves the content block, it is published to the Web site.

Just like the previous user, the last user has the following options:

Button	Description
Approve 	Sends the content to the next approver in the approval chain.
Decline 	1.Sends an email to the creator, notifying him/her that the content was declined. 2. Removes the content from the approval chain.
Edit 	Invokes the editor. The approver can make changes to the content block.

After reviewing the content, the EditorInChief decides that the content is great, and publishes the content block to the Web site. When the content block is published and becomes live on the Web site, the approval chain of the content is complete.

The user who created the content block receives an email notifying him that it was published.

Review

Let's review what happened during the life cycle of the content block.

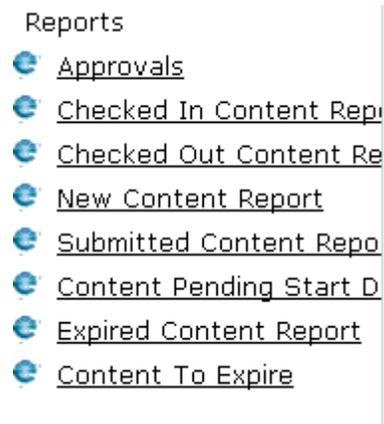
1. The user, SportsWriter, created and submitted a new content block.
2. The first approver, SportsEditor, received an email informing him a content block was awaiting his approval.
3. SportsEditor reviewed and approved the content block.
4. The final approver, EditorInChief, received an email informing him of a content block awaiting his approval.
5. EditorInChief reviewed and published the content block to the Web site.
6. SportsWriter receives an email that the content block was published on the Web site.

Content Workflow Reports

The reports folder contains several reports to help you manage the workflow of content blocks through **Ektron CMS200/300**. In most cases, you choose a report that corresponds to a content block status, then view all content blocks in that status. If appropriate, you can perform tasks on selected content blocks. For example, you can check in checked out content blocks.

This chapter explains how to access the reports folder in your Workarea, what information is on the reports, and actions you can perform on the content blocks that appear on the reports.

Accessing Reports Folder



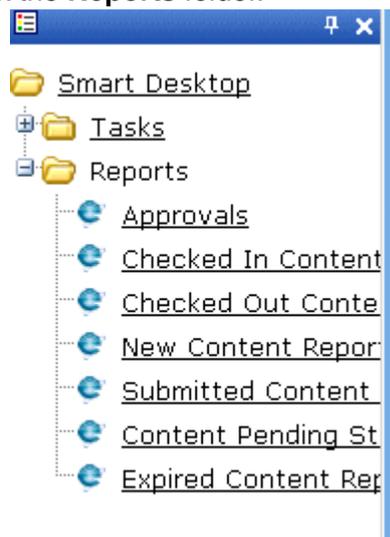
7. Click any report to view it.

The following sections explain each report and actions you can perform after viewing them.

Accessing the Reports Folder

To access the Reports folder, follow these steps.

1. Log in to your Ektron CMS200/300 Web site and access the Workarea.
2. Access the Smart Desktop (see "Accessing the Workarea" on page 14). Click the **Reports** folder.



3. A list of available reports appears.

NOTE The Approvals and Checked Out Reports are also available from the Workarea.

4. The reports are described below.

Report	Displays content blocks in this status	For more information, see
Approvals	Requiring your approval.	"Approvals Reports" on page 84
Checked In Content	Checked in	"Checked In Report" on page 86
Checked Out Content	Checked out	"Checked Out Report" on page 87
New Content	New (that is, created and saved but never published)	"New Content Report" on page 87
Submitted Content	Submitted	"Submitted Report" on page 88
Pending Content	Approved and pending a start date	"Content Pending Start Date Report" on page 89

Report	Displays content blocks in this status	For more information, see
Expired Content	Expired date has been reached	"Expired Content Report" on page 90
Content to Expire	Will expire within specified number of days	"Content to Expire Report" on page 90

Information on the Report

Each report displays the following information about content blocks in the selected status.

Field	Description
Title	Title of content block.
ID	Internal number assigned to content block by Ektron CMS200/300 .
Date Modified	If a Start Date was assigned to the content block, it appears here.
Last Editor	The user who last edited the content block.
Path	Folder location of content block.

Sorting and Filtering Content Reports

In each content report, you can sort and filter the data. These include:

- Sorting by column
- Filtering by user
- Filtering by content folder

The sorting and filtering actions in each content report are identical. The following section uses the checked-in content report as an example.

Sorting by Column Heading

You can sort report data by any column heading. By clicking on a heading, you can sort the report by

- Title
- ID
- Last editor
- Date Modified

Filter by User

To display only content that was checked in by a user, click the name of the user in the report. When you do, the report redisplay, showing only content blocks which that user checked in.

Filter by Content Folder

To display only content that was checked in to a selected folder, click the folder in the report. When you do, the report redisplay, showing only content blocks in that folder.

Performing an Action on Several Content Blocks

You can perform the following actions on several or all content blocks in the Approvals, Checked in, and Checked out reports.

Report	Action you can perform
Approvals	Approve
Checked in	Submit for publication
Checked out	Check in

To select several reports, check the relevant checkboxes (illustrated below). To select all reports, click **Select All**.

Content Reports: Checked Out Content Report				
Title	ID	Last Editor	Date Modified	Pa
<input type="checkbox"/> Home Page Content	1	Administrator, Application	03-Jun-2004 12:05 PM \	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Testing edit summary button1	34	Administrator, Application	07-Jun-2004 12:47 PM \	
<input type="checkbox"/> Testing edit summary button	33	inChief, Editor	07-Jun-2004 12:46 PM \	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Private Content	2	Administrator, Application	03-Jun-2004 10:11 AM \	
<input type="checkbox"/> Trinity In-Line Pipe	22	Edit, John	08-Jun-2004 03:13 PM \	
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> New marketing block	30	BUILTIN, BUILTIN	01-Jul-2004 12:05 PM \M.	
<input type="checkbox"/> Plastic Molder #123	13	BUILTIN, BUILTIN	07-Jun-2004 03:28 PM \H.	
<input type="checkbox"/> RC International Ships RC Sportster	9	Edit, John	08-Jun-2004 03:44 PM \M.	

Then, click the button at the top left to perform the action on the selected content blocks.

Viewing/Editing Content Blocks on the Report

To view (and possibly edit) any content block on a report, click it. It appears on the View Content screen (illustrated below).

View Content "Home Page Content"

View: English (US) | Add: -select language-

Content
Summary
Metadata
Properties
Comment

Content:

Welcome to RC International!

RC International is dedicated to the RC racing enthusiasts! We eat, work, play, and live RC racing. In three short years RC International has become one of the leading manufactures of RC racing and flying vehicles. Our dedication to the sport, and the enthusiasts who play it, has endeared our products to the RC community. We will continue striving to improve our affordable products and hope you will become an RC International member.

The View Content screen provides several toolbar options that you can perform on the content block. These options are explained in "[Workarea Toolbar](#)" on page 23.

Approvals Reports

Each content block awaiting your approval appears on this report. Thus, you can quickly find all such content blocks without searching through all folders and continue with the proper workflow.

The View All Content Awaiting Approval page displays the following information about all content blocks awaiting your approval.

Field	Description
Title	Title of content block.
Request Type	Request made for the content block. Either Publish or Delete .
Start Date	Start date, if any, assigned to the content block. Determines when content will go live on Web site.
Submitted By	User that submitted content for approval.
Path	Path to content folder where content block resides.

Below is an example of the View All Content Awaiting Approval screen.

View All Content Awaiting Approval				
Select All Clear All				
Title	Request Type	Start Date	Submitted by	Path
<input type="checkbox"/> Contact Ektron	Publish	[None Specified]	Administrator, Application \	
<input type="checkbox"/> Support Page	Publish	[None Specified]	Administrator, Application \	
<input type="checkbox"/> Plastic Molder #123	Publish	[None Specified]	Administrator, Application \	Human Re

Approving/Declining Content Blocks

From the approvals report, you can approve or decline content blocks that were submitted to you. The steps below explain how to do so.

Approve/Decline One Content Block

1. Access your Approvals report in the Workarea (see ["Approvals Reports" on page 84](#)).
2. Click the content block that you want to approve or decline.
3. The View Content Awaiting Approval page is displayed.
4. Perform an action using the following table as a reference.

Button	Name	Description
	Publish	Accept changes to content block and publish it to site. <u>Note: If there is a subsequent approver in the content's approval chain, this button is replaced by a Submit button.</u>
	Decline	Reject changes and keep current version of content block live on Web site.
	Edit	Check-out content block and make changes to it if desired.
	View Published/ Staged	Toggle between published and submitted versions of content block. This can help you compare differences between them.
	Back	Go back to previous screen.

Approving Multiple Content Blocks

See ["Performing an Action on Several Content Blocks" on page 82](#)

The selected content blocks are either submitted to the next publisher, published immediately, or deleted, depending on the approval chain set for the content block.

Checked In Report

The Checked In Content report displays all the content blocks currently in a checked in status.

To learn how to access, sort, view, edit and select content blocks on this report, see ["Accessing the Reports Folder" on page 79](#).

Checked In Report

The checked in content report displays all content blocks currently in a checked in state. The report displays the following information about all checked in blocks.

Column	Description
Title	Title of content block.
ID	ID number assigned to content block by Ektron CMS200/300.
Last Editor	Last user to edit the content block.
Date Modified	Date and time content block was last edited.
Path	Folder location of content block in Ektron CMS200/300 Web site.

Submitting Multiple Content Blocks

After selecting content blocks, use the submit toolbar option () to submit them for approval or publication, depending on your position in the approval chain. See [Also: "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70](#)

Checked Out Report

The Checked Out Content report displays all content blocks currently in a checked out status. The report displays the following information about all checked in blocks.

Column	Description
Title	Title of content block.
ID	ID number assigned to content block by Ektron CMS200/300.
Last Editor	Last user to edit the content block.
Date Modified	Date and time content block was last edited.
Path	Folder location of content block in Ektron CMS200/300 Web site.

After selecting content blocks, check them in using the Checkin toolbar option ()

New Content Report

The new content report displays content blocks in a *new* state, that is, they were created and saved but never published. The new content report page contains the following information.

Column	Description
Title	Title of content block.
ID	ID number assigned to content block by Ektron CMS200/300.
Last Editor	Last user to edit the content block.

Column	Description
Date Modified	Date and time content block was last edited.
Path	Folder location of content block in Ektron CMS200/300 Web site.

Submitted Report

The Submitted Content report displays all content blocks in a submitted state. The report contains the following information

Column	Description
Title	Title of content block.
ID	ID number assigned to content block by Ektron CMS200/300.
Last Editor	Last user to edit the content block.
Date Modified	Date and time content block was last edited.
Path	Folder location of content block in Ektron CMS200/300 Web site.

Viewing Position in Approval Chain

While viewing the Submitted Content report, you can view a content block's position in its approval chain. To do so, follow these steps.

1. From the Submitted Content Report, click the content block's title.
2. The View Content page is displayed.
3. Click the **Properties** tab.
4. The content block's position in the approval chain is indicated by red text on the **Approvals** line.

Start Date: [None Specified]
End Date: [None Specified]
Date Created: 07-Jun-2004 10:37 AM
Approval Method: Force All Approvers
Approvals:  EditorInChief  SportsEditor
XML Configuration: [None Specified] HTML Content Assumed(*inherited*)
Path \Sports
Content Searchable:Yes

Content Pending Start Date Report

The Pending Start Date Report displays all content blocks that were approved, but whose start dates haven't occurred. Each content block on the report contains the following information.

Column	Description
Title	Title of content block.
ID	ID number assigned to content block by Ektron CMS200/300.
Last Editor	Last user to edit the content block.
Start Date	Date and time content block will go live on Web site.
Path	Folder location of content block in Ektron CMS200/300 Web site.

Editing Content with a Pending Start Date

You may edit any content block on the Pending Start Date Content report. To do so, follow these steps.

1. Click the content block you want to view.
2. The View Content page is displayed.
3. Using the toolbar at the top of the page, perform any action available.

Expired Content Report

The expired content report displays all content blocks whose end date has passed. As such, they are no longer visible on the Web site. Each item on the list contains the following information.

Column	Description
Title	Title of content block.
ID	ID number assigned to content block by Ektron CMS200/300.
Last Editor	Last user to edit the content block.
End Date	Date and time the content block expired.
Path	Folder location of content block in Ektron CMS200/300 Web site.

Editing Expired Content

You may edit any content block on the Expired Content report. To do so, follow these steps.

1. Click the content block you want to view.
2. The View Content page is displayed.
3. Using the toolbar at the top of the page, perform any action available.

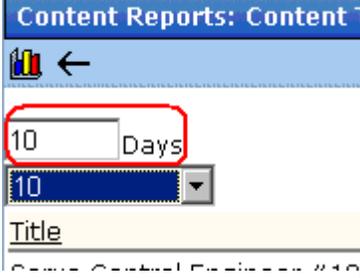
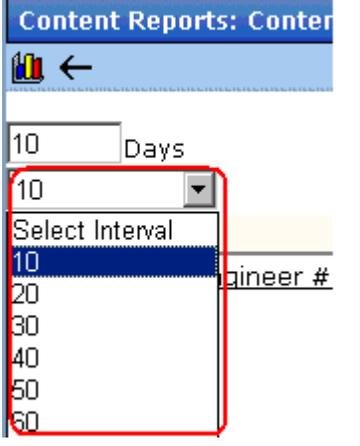
Content to Expire Report

The Content to Expire report lists all content blocks whose end date will occur within a number of days that you specify. For example, if today is January 1 and you select 10 days, the report lists all content blocks whose end date is January 1 through January 10.

After viewing the report, you can click any content block and proceed to the View Content screen for it. From there, you can edit information about the content block, including its end date if desired.

Selecting the Report's Date Range

To select the report's date range, you have two options:

Option	Illustration
Enter the number in the Days field	 <p>The screenshot shows the 'Content Reports: Content' header with a back arrow and a bar chart icon. Below is a text input field containing '10' followed by 'Days', which is highlighted with a red box. Underneath is a dropdown menu with '10' selected. A 'Title' label is visible below the dropdown.</p>
Select a number from the dropdown that appears below the Days field	 <p>The screenshot shows the same interface as above, but the dropdown menu is open, displaying a list of intervals: '10', '20', '30', '40', '50', and '60'. The '10' option is selected and highlighted with a blue background, and the entire dropdown list is enclosed in a red box.</p>

After selecting a number of days, click the view icon () to see all content blocks that will expire within that number of days from today.

Viewing and Restoring Previous Content Blocks

Past versions of published content blocks are available unless your system administrator has purged them. Your ability to view a content block's history is determined by your user privileges.

NOTE This section explains how to view and possibly restore older versions of a content block. To see a change-by-change comparison of two content blocks, use the View Content Difference feature, explained in "Comparing Versions of a Content Block" on page 91.

Accessing Content History

By default, all users can view the history of an **Ektron CMS200/300** content block. You can access content history from two places:

- The View Content page in the Workarea
- The icon menu for a content block on a Web page

Once you access the content history, the functionality is identical.

The following sections explains how to access the content history from both places.

Accessing the Content History from the Workarea

To access the content history from the Workarea, follow these steps.

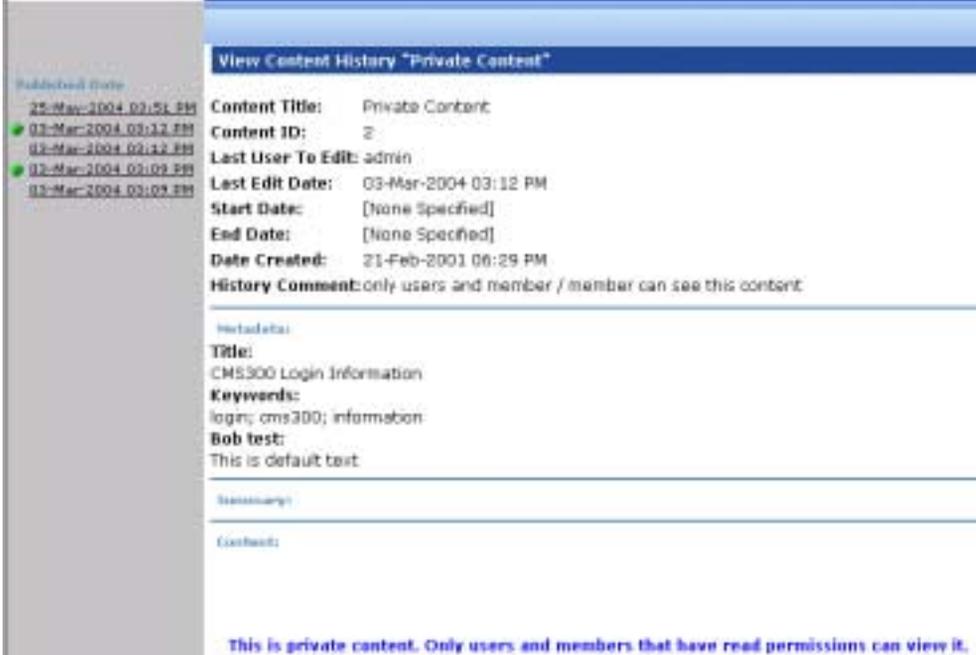
1. Navigate to the View Content page for the content block whose history you want to view.
2. Click the **View History** button ().

Accessing the Content History from a Web page

To access the view history for a content block from a Web page, follow these steps.

1. Browse to the content block whose history you want to view.
2. Click the **View History** button (.
3. The Content History window opens.

The Content History Window



The screenshot shows a window titled "View Content History 'Private Content'". On the left side, there is a list of "Published Date" entries with green checkmarks next to the most recent ones:

- 25-May-2004 03:51 PM
- 03-Mar-2004 03:12 PM
- 03-Mar-2004 03:12 PM
- 03-Mar-2004 03:09 PM
- 03-Mar-2004 03:09 PM

The main content area displays the following details:

- Content Title:** Private Content
- Content ID:** 2
- Last User To Edit:** admin
- Last Edit Date:** 03-Mar-2004 03:12 PM
- Start Date:** [None Specified]
- End Date:** [None Specified]
- Date Created:** 21-Feb-2001 06:29 PM
- History Comment:** only users and member / member can see this content

Below this, there is a "Metadata:" section with the following information:

- Title:** CMS300 Login Information
- Keywords:** login; cms300; information
- Bob test:** This is default text

At the bottom of the window, there is a blue text warning: "This is private content. Only users and members that have read permissions can view it."

This Content History window has two sides:

- The left side, the *Document History* area, displays all versions of the content block. Each version is identified by the date when it was published or checked in.

Some versions display a green circle.

Published Date	
●	<u>04-Dec-2003 10:20 AM</u>
	<u>04-Dec-2003 10:20 AM</u>
●	<u>04-Dec-2003 09:45 AM</u>
	<u>04-Dec-2003 09:44 AM</u>
●	<u>04-Dec-2003 09:44 AM</u>
	<u>04-Dec-2003 09:44 AM</u>

A circle indicates a content block version that was *published*. On dates without a green circle, the content was checked-in but not published.

- The right side has information about the selected content block.

Viewing a Historical Version of a Content Block

- Click a date from the left frame

●	<u>01-Dec-2003 11:15 AM</u>	C
	<u>01-Dec-2003 11:15 AM</u>	C
●	<u>01-Dec-2003 11:12 AM</u>	L
	<u>01-Dec-2003 11:12 AM</u>	L
●	<u>01-Dec-2003 11:01 AM</u>	L
	<u>01-Dec-2003 11:01 AM</u>	S

- Information about that version of the content block appears on the right.

Ektron CMS Content History - Microsoft Internet Explorer

Ektron
CMS

Content History

View Content History "Home Page Content"

Published Date

- 01-Dec-2003 11:15 AM
- 01-Dec-2003 11:15 AM
- 01-Dec-2003 11:12 AM
- 01-Dec-2003 11:12 AM
- 01-Dec-2003 11:01 AM
- 01-Dec-2003 11:01 AM
- 26-Nov-2003 02:15 PM
- 26-Nov-2003 02:15 PM
- 26-Nov-2003 02:14 PM
- 26-Nov-2003 02:14 PM
- 26-Nov-2003 02:14 PM
- 26-Nov-2003 02:14 PM
- 26-Nov-2003 02:13 PM
- 26-Nov-2003 02:13 PM

Content Title: Home Page Content

Content ID: 1

Content Status: **Published**

Last User To Edit:  Application Administrator

Last Edit Date: 01-Dec-2003 11:12 AM

Start Date: [None Specified]

End Date: [None Specified]

Date Created: 21-Feb-2001 05:46 PM

Published Date: **01-Dec-2003 11:12 AM**

History Comment: This is what the user will see when they visit our sample site

Approver List:  **admin**

Metadata:

Title:
Welcome to RC International

Keywords:
RC International; RC; racing; remote control; airplanes; cars

Summary:
Welcome to RC International.

Content:

Welcome to RC International!

When viewing a historical version of a content block, you can perform three actions.

Action	Button	Description	More Information
Restore		Restore historical version of content block	"Restoring a Previous Version" on page 96
Compare		Compare historical version of content block to current version	"" on page 98

Action	Button	Description	More Information
Remove XSLT <i>XML Content Only</i>		Remove XSLT applied to XML content block	"Removing Applied XSLT" on page 97

Each task is explained below.

Restoring a Previous Version

NOTE The ability to restore a content block is a privilege granted by the system administrator. If you do not see a Restore button () on the View Content History screen, you do not have permission to do so.

1. Select an historical version of the content that you want to restore, as described in "Viewing a Historical Version of a Content Block" on page 94.
2. Click the **Restore** button ()
3. The content history window closes, and you return to the View Content page or the Web page, with the content in a checked in status.
4. If desired, check out the content to make additional changes.
5. Select the workflow to perform on the content block.
6. When the historical version is placed in the approval chain and approved, it is published to the Web site.

Comparing Historical Versions

After you select an historical version of a content block, you can view the differences between it and the current version. To compare a historical version, follow these steps.

1. Select an historical version of content, as described in "Viewing a Historical Version of a Content Block" on page 94.
2. Click the **View Differences** button ().

The historical and the current versions are compared. To learn more about the comparison, see "Comparing Versions of a Content Block" on page 91.

Removing Applied XSLT

You can only remove an applied XSLT when viewing historical versions of an XML content block. If you remove the applied XSLT, you can view the content without the irrelevant XML tags.

The following table compares the views.

With XSLT	<div data-bbox="401 760 1318 1506"> <p>RC Planes</p> <p>Product Name: RC Redstar</p> <p>Description:</p> <p>The RC Redstar is a radio controlled, gas powered, low-wing aircraft. This new plane is for beginners-intermediates that are looking for a easy plane to learn with or to have fun with. The Redstar is easy to fly and easy to maintain.</p>  <p>Specifications</p> <table border="0"> <tr> <td>Airfoil:</td> <td>Low-Wing</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Overall Length:</td> <td>57 in.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Wingspan:</td> <td>71 in.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Weight:</td> <td>7-8 lbs.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Engine Size:</td> <td>.60-.70 cc</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fuel Tank Size:</td> <td>12 oz.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Engine Run Time:</td> <td>15 min (full tank)</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Refill Time:</td> <td>17 secs.</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Fuel Type:</td> <td>Standard White (highly refined) gasoline</td> </tr> </table> </div>	Airfoil:	Low-Wing	Overall Length:	57 in.	Wingspan:	71 in.	Weight:	7-8 lbs.	Engine Size:	.60-.70 cc	Fuel Tank Size:	12 oz.	Engine Run Time:	15 min (full tank)	Refill Time:	17 secs.	Fuel Type:	Standard White (highly refined) gasoline
Airfoil:	Low-Wing																		
Overall Length:	57 in.																		
Wingspan:	71 in.																		
Weight:	7-8 lbs.																		
Engine Size:	.60-.70 cc																		
Fuel Tank Size:	12 oz.																		
Engine Run Time:	15 min (full tank)																		
Refill Time:	17 secs.																		
Fuel Type:	Standard White (highly refined) gasoline																		

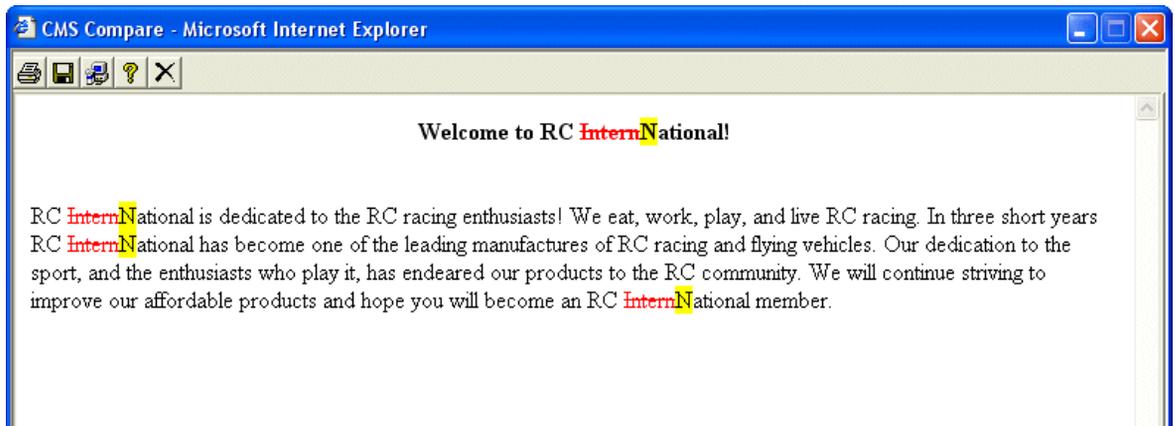
<p>Without XSLT</p>	<p>Content: RC Redstar</p> <p>The RC Redstar is a radio controlled, gas powered, low-wing aircraft. This new plane is suitable for beginners-intermediates that are looking for a easy plane to learn with or to have. Redstar is easy to fly and easy to maintain.</p>  <p>Low-Wing 57 in. 71 in. 7-8 lbs. .60-.70 cc 1 15 min (full tank) Standard White (highly refined) gasoline Standard</p>
---------------------	---

Comparing Versions of a Content Block

Introduction

The View Content Difference feature highlights changes that were made to a selected content block.

Below is an example of the View Content Difference screen, showing both versions of a content block. The changes are indicated by redlining the deleted content and highlighting the added content in yellow.



Within the View Content Difference feature, there are several tasks that you can perform, as well as view different versions of the content separately, or compared.

When Can I Compare Content?

The View Content Difference feature is only available when

- you are viewing a historical version of a content block

- a staged version of the content is available (See Also: "Staged Content" on page 374.)

The following table explains when you can use the feature, and which versions are compared.

Content Block Status	Compares current published version with
Published	Historical version stored in the content history area
Checked-In	Most recently checked-in version
Submitted	Submitted version
Pending Start Date	Scheduled version pending start date
Checked Out	Not available

Content that is in a state where it can be compared with another version is denoted by the **View Difference** button () in the content history area or on the Web page view.

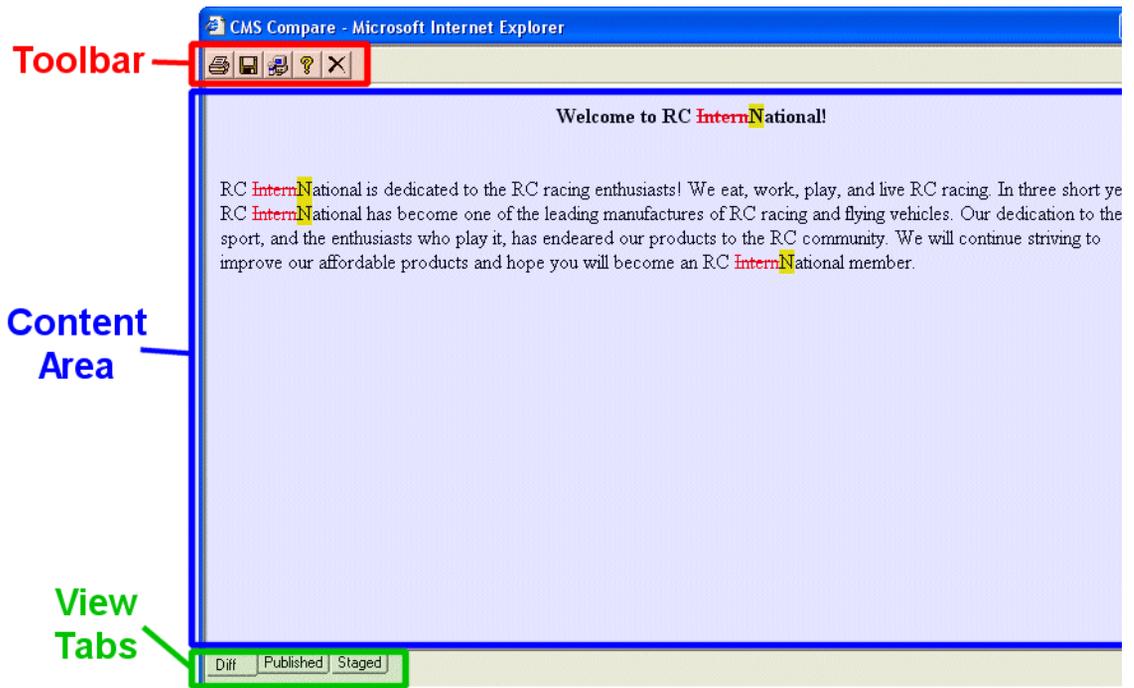
The Compare Content Window

NOTE The first time the View Content Difference feature is opened, a simple installation program will be run. See "First Use of the View Content Difference Feature" on page 105 for additional information.

As you can see, the Compare Content window is comprised of the following:

- Toolbar
- Content window

- View content tabs



Each area is explained in the following sections.

Toolbar

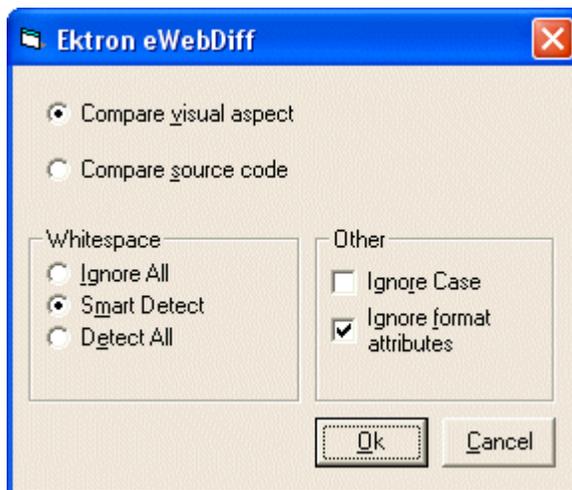
The content comparison toolbar contains five buttons, explained below.

Button	Name	Description
	Print	Sends content to local or network printer. <i>Note: This option prints the content currently displayed, whether it is the compared content, published content, or staged content.</i>

Button	Name	Description
	Save	Saves a copy in HTML format on your local machine or network. When saved as a physical file, the HTML may be edited. However, the changes are not saved to the Web Server. <u>The save option saves the version of the content you are viewing.</u>
	Setup	Opens setup dialog box to configure the settings. Typically, only an administrator would use this. For more information, see "Setup" on page 102.
	Help	Displays additional information about using the compare feature.
	Exit	Closes the window.

Setup

Click the **Setup** command () to open the setup dialog box. Typically, only a system administrator would edit these settings.



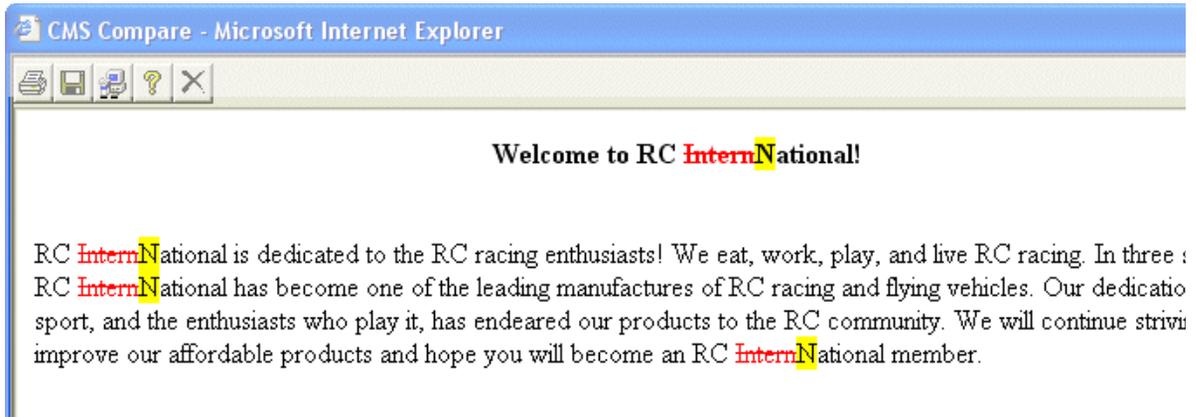
You may configure the setup options to better suit your needs. The following table explains each option.

Option	Description
Compare Options	
Compare Visual Aspect	Compares content as it would appear on a Web page.
Compare Source Code	Displays compared content as source HTML.
Whitespace Options	
Ignore All	All whitespace characters are ignored.
Smart Detect	One or more consecutive whitespace characters are treated as a single separation sequence. That is multiple whitespace characters are ignored.
Detect All	Blank (whitespace) characters are treated as any other character.
Other Options	
Ignore Case	Determines whether case sensitive or insensitive comparison is made.
Ignore Format Attributes	Specifies whether the control should ignore changes in text-formatting attributes (HTML Visual Analysis only).

When you have completed updating your setup information, click **OK** to save any changes.

Content Area

The content area is the section that displays the content comparison.



The following table describes the change indicators.

Symbol	Example	Content state
Plain Black Text	Trinitys new pipe and	Unchanged
Yellow Highlighted Text	Our dedication to the	Added
Red, Struck-through text	dedicated to the RC	Deleted

View Tabs

When viewing content in the View Content Difference feature, there are three view modes, explained below.

View	Description
Diff	Compares published version of content to staged version
Published	Displays currently published version

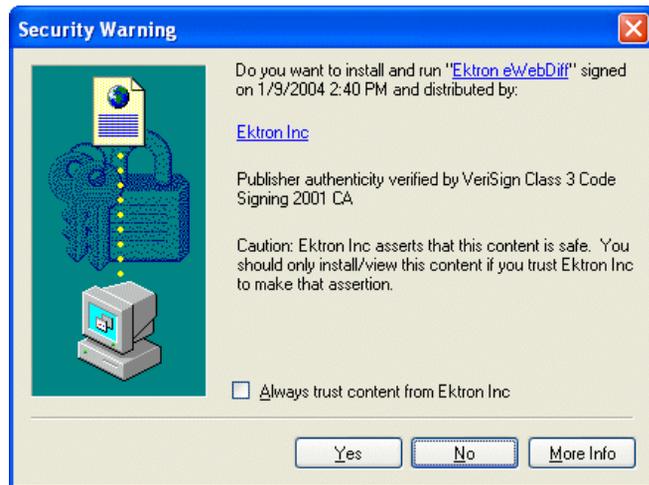
View	Description
Staged	Displays the staged version of content. See Also: "Staged Content" on page 374

To switch between views, click the respective tab.

First Use of the View Content Difference Feature

The first time the View Content Difference screen is used on a client machine, a simple installation program is performed.

Click **YES** when the following screen appears.



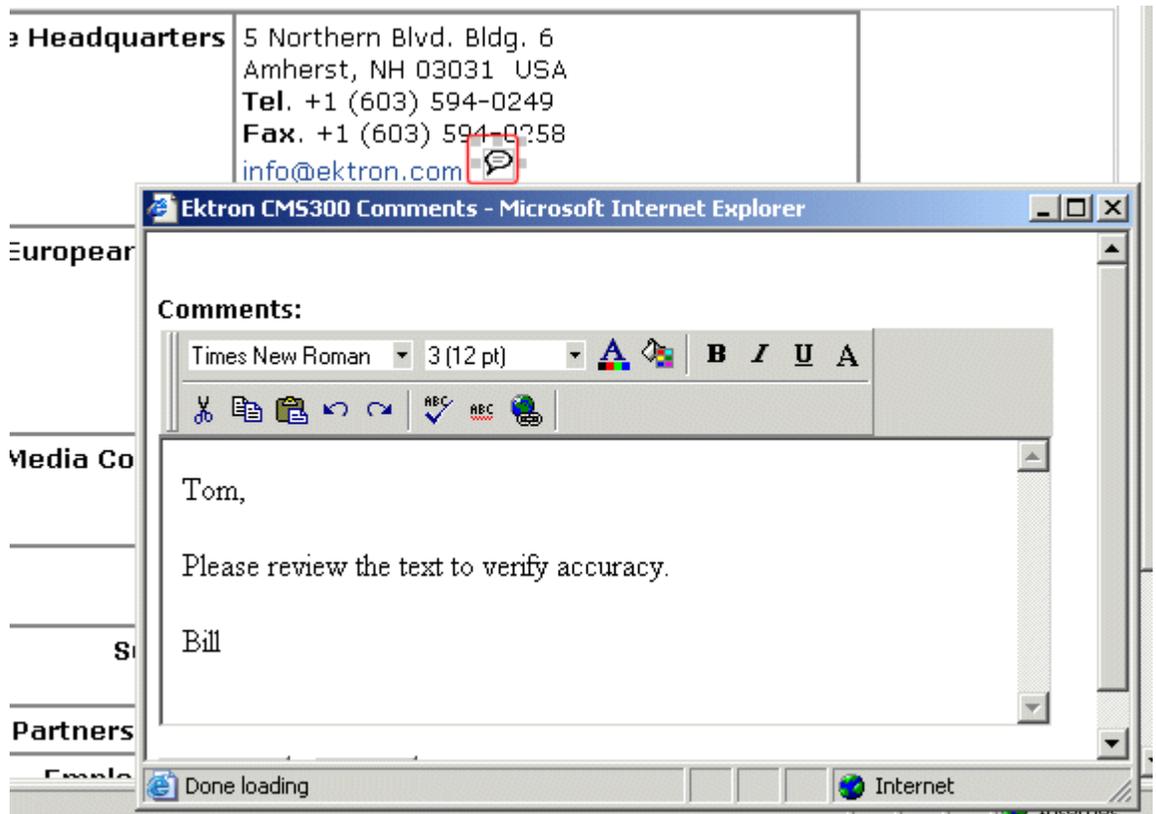
When the installation program completes, close and reopen the View Content Difference feature.

Inserting Comments within Content

NOTE This feature is not available with Ektron CMS200. If you are using CMS200 and want to upgrade to CMS300, please contact your Ektron sales representative at sales@ektron.com.

While editing **Ektron CMS200/300** content, you can insert comments to the content. Comments might be an author's note to himself or other authors about the content block. For example, you could insert a comment explaining why you are using a certain style class.

They are visible only during editing -- comments *cannot* be seen when the content is published on your Web site.



Other users can add comments to your comments. This feature is known as “Content Collaboration.”

Similar to other word processing programs, comments can be added, updated, and tracked to audit changes being made.

This section explains the content collaboration feature.

WARNING! Do not confuse these comments, which are inserted within the content, with history comments, which are inserted outside the content and used to indicate what changed during an editing session.

Adding Comments to Content

To add a comment to a content block, follow these steps.

1. Create a new content block or edit an existing one. See Also: "Adding a Content Block" on page 34
2. In the editor, place the cursor where you want to insert the comment.
3. On the *editor* toolbar, click the **Insert Comment** button ().
4. The Ektron CMS Comment window opens.
5. Insert a comment, using the toolbar to format the text if desired.
6. Click the **Insert** button.
7. The comment is saved.
8. Click the **Close** button.
9. The comment window closes, and a comment icon is placed where the comment was added to the content.



Icome to RC International! 

RC racing enthusiasts! We eat, work, play, and live RC racing. RC racing has become one of the leading manufactures of RC racing .

Each comment appears in the table at the top of the window. From this window, you can add another comment and update an existing one. See the next section for more details.

Viewing a Comment

After a comment is inserted into a content block, it can be viewed by any user who can edit the content block. To view a comment, follow these steps.

1. Edit the content block with the comment that you want to view.
2. Double-click the comment icon within the content.



come to **RC International!**

RC racing enthusiasts! We eat, work, play, and live RC racing. We have become one of the leading manufacturers of RC racing.

3. The Comments window opens.

Adding Another Comment

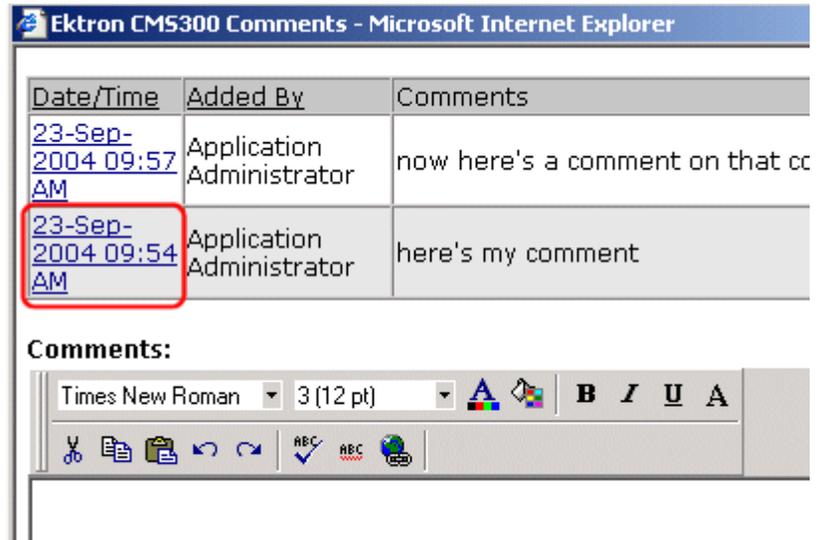
To comment on an existing comment, follow these steps.

1. Access the view comment window for the comment, as described in "[Viewing a Comment](#)" on page 108.
2. Insert the comment.
3. Click the **Insert** button.
4. The comment is saved and added to the top row of the comment table.
5. Click the **Close** button.

Updating a Comment

You can change a comment if needed. To update a comment, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Comments window for the comment that needs to be updated.
2. Click the **Date/Time** link of the comment you want to edit.



3. The comments editor opens with the selected comment in it.
4. Update the comment.
5. Click the **Update** button to save the changes.

Library Folder

The library folder stores images, files, quicklinks and hyperlinks that can be inserted into editor content. Before you can insert them into content, you must copy them from your computer to a larger, file server computer that everyone editing your site can access.

This chapter explains how to copy such files and insert them into Web content.

Terms Used in this Chapter

- An *image* is any graphic file, which can include illustrations and photos. Common image file extensions are .gif., .jpg, .tiff, etc.
- A *file* is type of computer file that can be launched from a browser, such as Internet Explorer. Examples include a Microsoft Word document and a .PDF file.
- A *hyperlink* is a commonly used or hard to remember Web address (also known as a URL). After you add hyperlinks to the library, users can easily apply them to editor content.

So for example, if the editor content is “Contact Ektron,” the user can select the text, click the library button, select **hyperlinks** to find the Ektron hyperlink, and apply that hyperlink to the text.

Library Folder: "Content\hyperlinks"			
hyperlinks	Title	ID	Date modified
Ektron, Inc.		23	05-Sep-2002 05:46 PM

Once the page is published, a person reading it can click the text to “jump” to the web address www.ektron.com.

- A *quicklink* is a special kind of hyperlink that jumps to another content block on your Web site. (A regular hyperlink jumps to a Web page on the internet.)

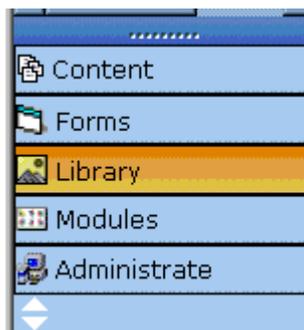
Whenever a content block is created, a quicklink is created for it.

Accessing The Library

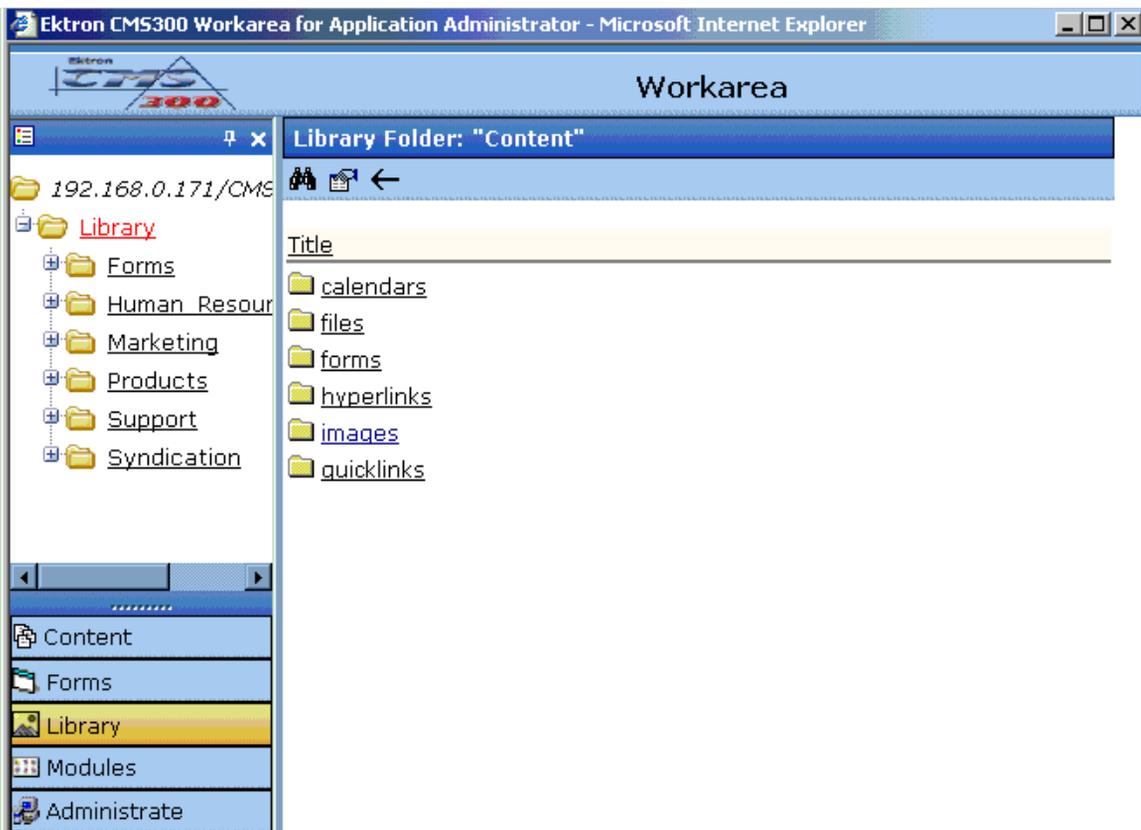
1. To access the library, click the Workarea button () or icon.

Workarea

2. Click the Library folder in the lower left corner of the Workarea.



3. The Library folder appears.



4. A list of the sub-folders appears. Also, a properties button on the toolbar lets you view any folder's properties. (See Also: "Library Folder Properties" on page 113)
And a search button lets you look for library items. (See Also: "Searching the Library" on page 115)

Library Folder Properties

To view a library folder's properties, follow these steps.

1. Click the Properties button ().
2. The library management screen appears. From here, you can view all options for a folder.

Library Management



Image Extensions:

gif,jpeg,jpg,bmp,png

Image Upload Path: This path is relative to the site "/CMS300Sample/"
uploadedImages/

Physical Path:

c:\inetpub\wwwroot\CMS300Sample\uploadedImages

Verified: ✓

File Extensions:

ppt,pdf,xls,doc

File Upload Path: This path is relative to the site "/CMS300Sample/"
uploadedFiles/

Physical Path:

c:\inetpub\wwwroot\CMS300Sample\uploadedFiles

Verified: ✓

3. The library properties screen displays the following settings.

Field	Description
Image Extensions	File extensions of images that can be copied to this library folder. For example, .gif and .jpg.
Image Upload Path	Server location to which images are copied.
Physical Path	The physical path on the file server where uploaded images are stored.
Verified	A green check notifies you that the physical location exists. A red X means that the location does not exist, and your administrator needs to set up that folder on the file server.
File Extensions	Extensions of files that can be copied to this library folder. For example, .doc and .pdf.
File Upload Path	Server location to which files are copied.
Physical Path	The physical path on the file server where uploaded images are stored.
Verified	A green check notifies you that the physical location exists. A red X means that the location does not exist, and your administrator needs to set up that folder on the file server.

Your system administrator controls these settings.

Searching the Library

You can search the library for items to insert into the content. The search helps find an item when you only know some information about it. For example, you know that an image's name includes **Ektron** but don't know the exact name or its folder.

To search the library, click the binoculars button from the library workarea (illustrated below).



When you do, a search screen appears with several fields that let you narrow your search. The fields are described below.

NOTE Some search field check boxes are circles while others are squares. If the box is a circle, you can only choose one option. If it is a square, you can select as many as you wish. Only library assets that satisfy *all* search criteria appear on the Search found screen.

Field	Description
Keywords	Specify keywords that the search will use. A keyword can be a complete or partial name. The search looks for the keywords in the file's internal name (for example, airplane.gif) or title The title is assigned by the user when the image is inserted into the library.
All Types	The search will include all library asset types.
Images only	The search only includes images.

Field	Description
Quicklinks Only	The search only includes quicklinks.
Files Only	The search only includes files.
Hyperlinks Only	The search only includes hyperlinks.
Filename Search	If you check this box, the search considers only the file name, <i>not</i> the title assigned by the user when the item is inserted into the library.
Only search items last edited by myself	The search only considers library assets that were last modified by you.

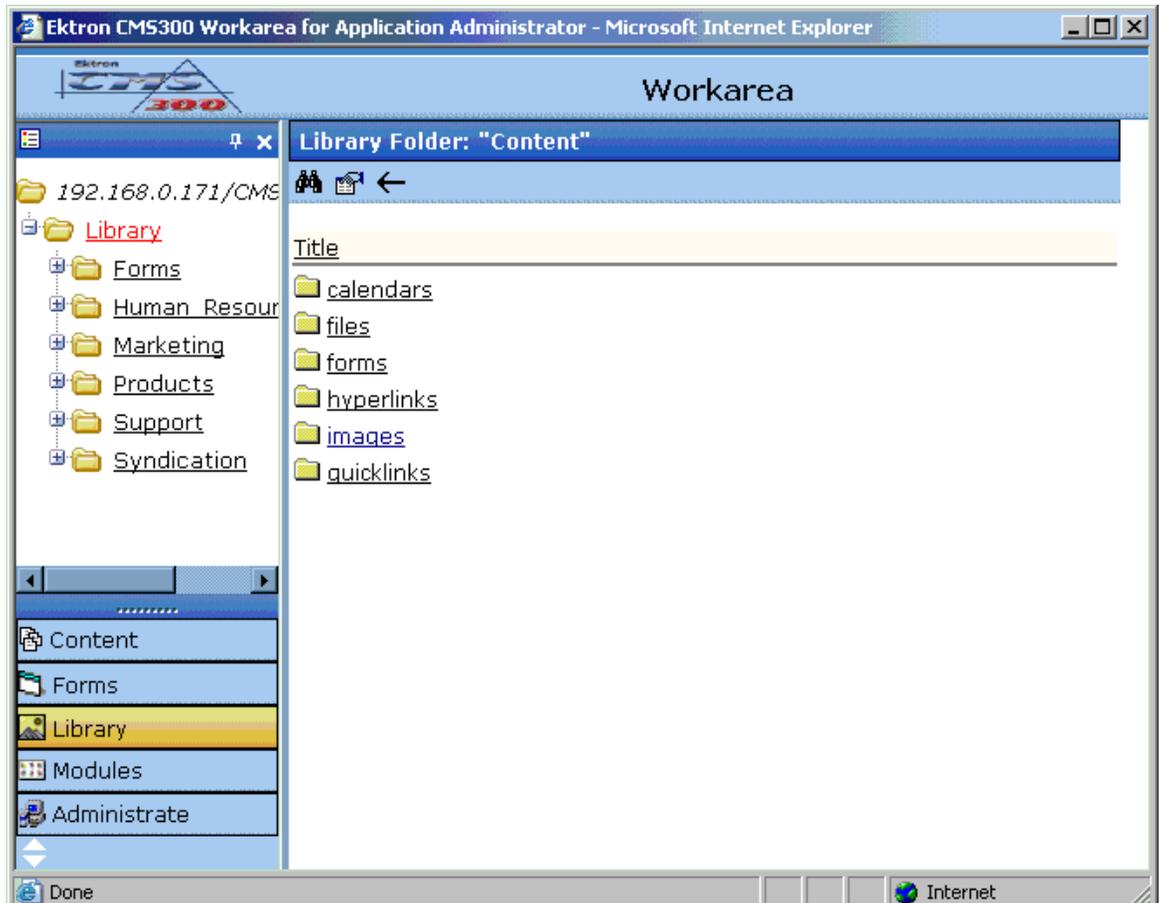
Files

For a definition of the term “files,” see “Terms Used in this Chapter” on page 111.

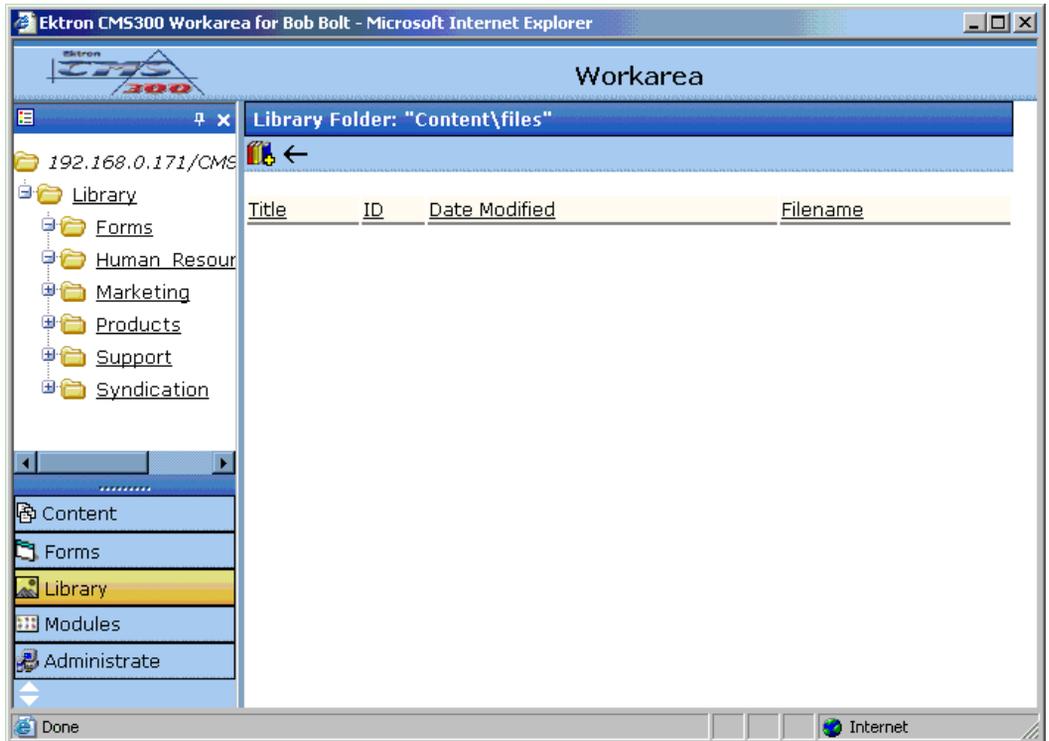
Files must be copied to the Ektron CMS200/300 library before users can insert them into content. To copy a file to the library, follow these steps.

1. In the Workarea, browse the library folder and select a sub-folder to which you want to copy a file.

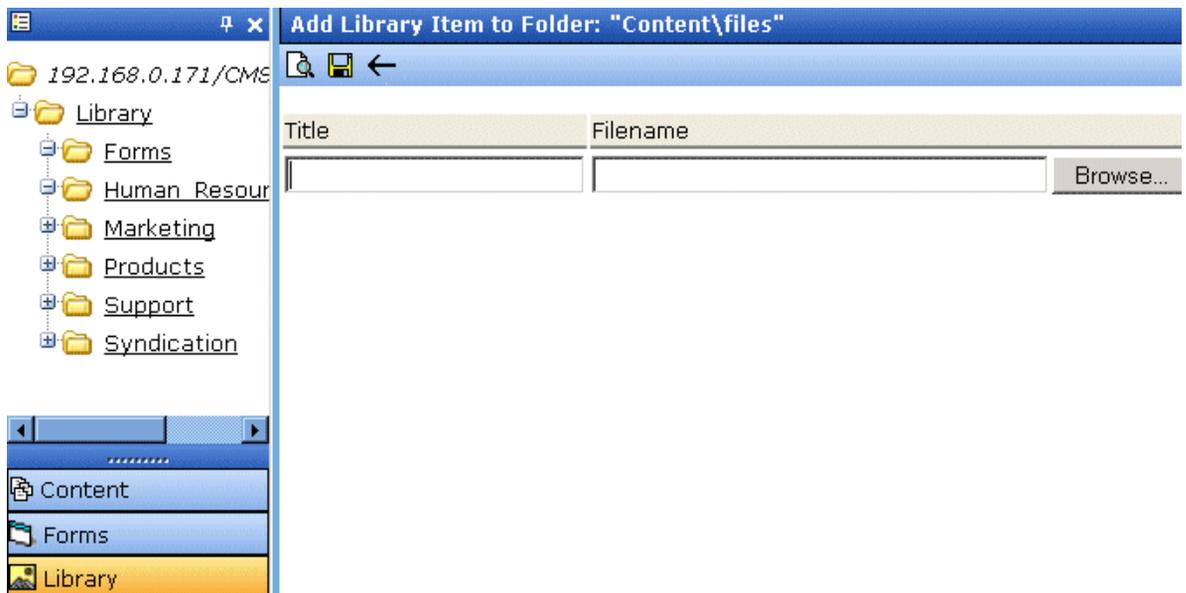
NOTE When you copy a file to a folder, only users with permissions to that folder can insert the file into their content blocks.



2. Several sub-folders appear in the right frame. Click the files folder.
3. The main screen of the files folder appears with a table of copied files.



4. Click the Add Library button ().
5. The Add File screen appears.



6. Enter the necessary information according to the following table.

Field	Description
Title	Enter a title for the File to be copied
Filename	Enter the filename (location) of the file to be copied.

Shown below is a description of the buttons on the screen.

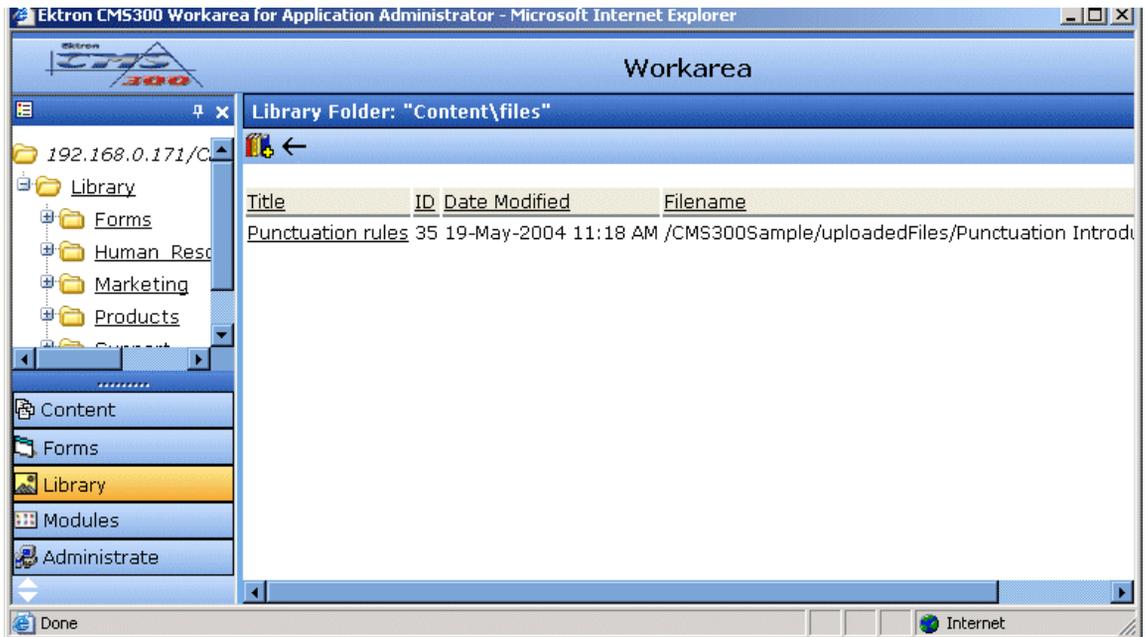
Button	Name	Description
	Browse	Browse through the computer or network for the file.
	Preview	View the file on your PC to make sure it's the correct one before you upload it. <u>Note: You need the file's application installed to preview it.</u>
	Save	Add the file to the application.
	Back	Return to the previous screen.

After you enter the necessary information and click the Save button, the file is copied. Now, users with permissions to that folder can insert the file into their content.

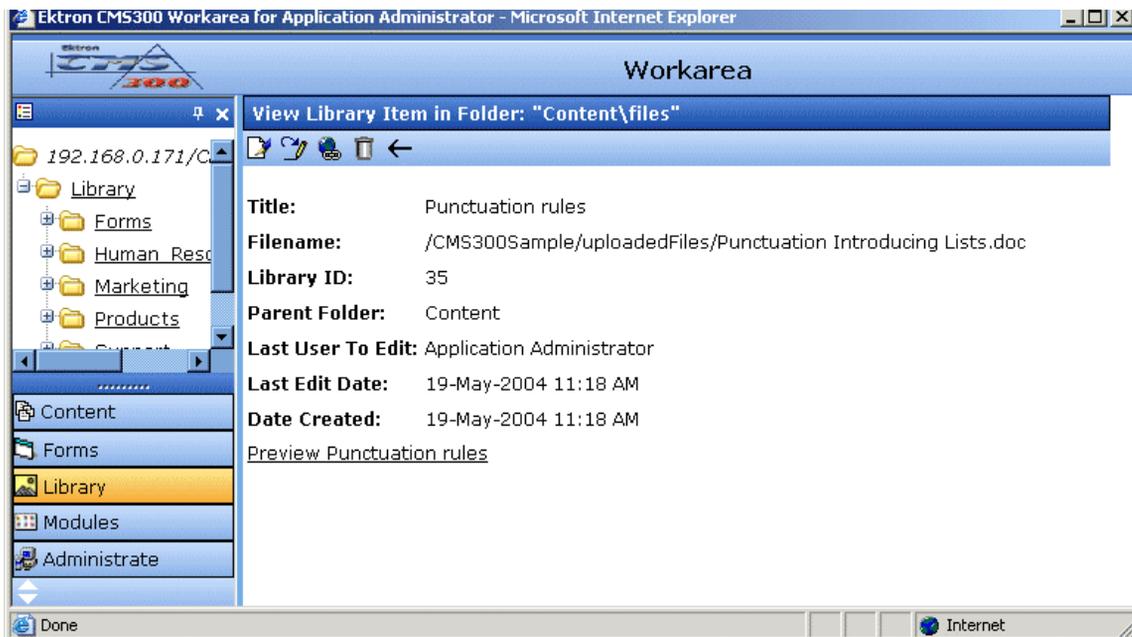
Viewing Files

Once a file is copied to the library, you may preview it. To preview a copied file, follow these steps.

1. Navigate to the library folder to which the file was copied.
2. A list of files in that folder appears.



3. Click the file you want to preview.
4. The view file screen appears.



The table below describes each field on the screen.

Field	Description
Title	Title assigned by user who copied or edited it.
Filename	Filename and location on the server.
Library ID	ID number assigned by Ektron CMS200/300 when file was originally copied.
Parent Folder	File's parent folder. Users need permissions to this folder to insert the file into content.
Last User to Edit	Last user who changed file.
Last Edit Date	When file was last edited.
Date Created	When file was originally copied to library.

- To view the file, click the **Preview** link at the bottom of the screen.
- The application used to open the selected file type launches and displays the file.

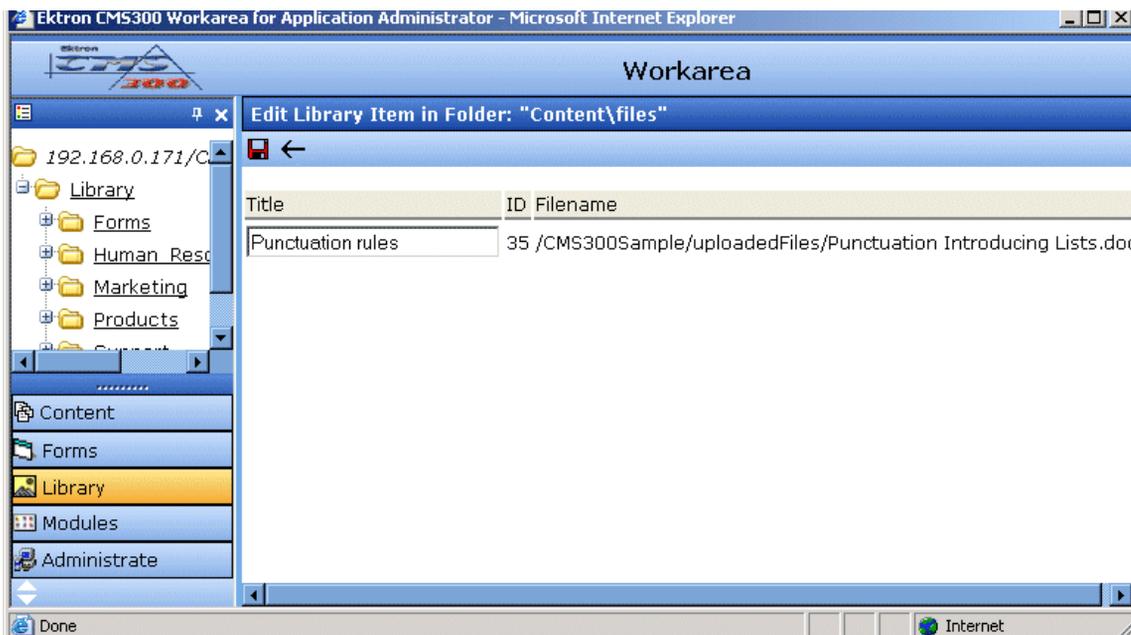
NOTE You may need to download some files before you can view them (for example, .mdb, .mp3, .zip, etc.).

7. To close the preview window, click the close button in the top right corner of the window.

Editing a File's Title

You can edit the title of a file that has been copied to the library. To edit a file, follow these steps.

1. Access the view file screen, as described in "Viewing Files" on page 119.
2. Click the Edit button (.
3. The edit file screen appears.



4. Change the title of the file.
5. Click the Update button () to save the changes.

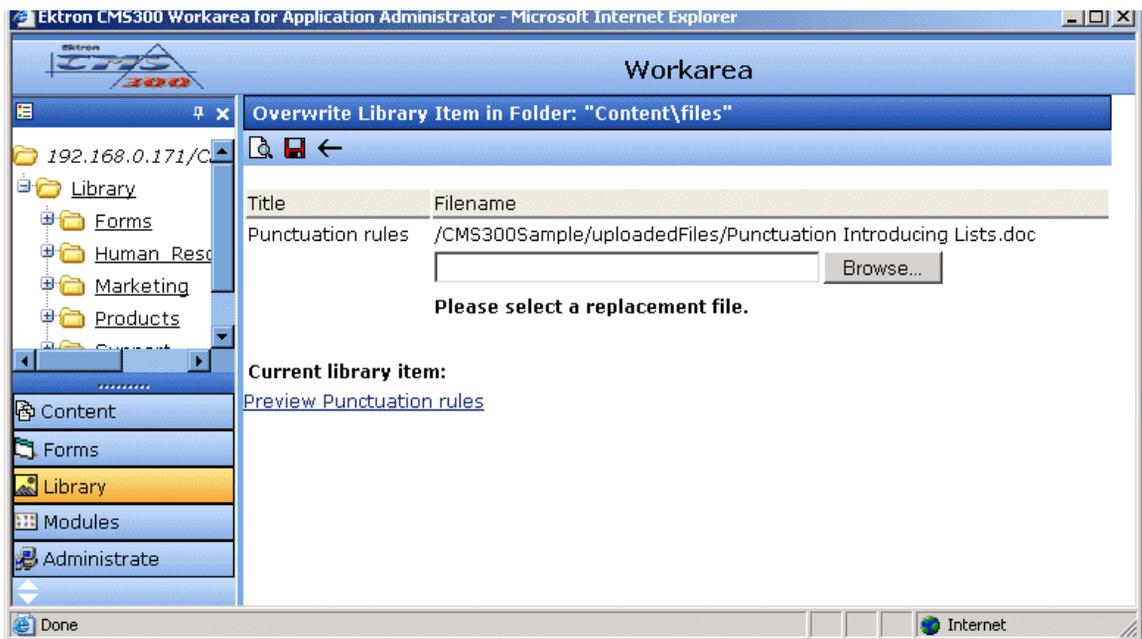
Overwriting Files

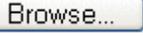
If a library file becomes out of date, or if the wrong version was copied, you may replace it with a new version. Overwriting files allows you to minimize disk space and the number of library files.

NOTE The ability to overwrite a library file is a privilege granted by the system administrator. If you do not see an Overwrite button () on the View Library Item in Folder screen, you do not have permission to overwrite.

To overwrite a file, follow these steps

1. Navigate to the view file screen for the file you want to overwrite, as described in "Viewing Files" on page 119.
2. Click the Overwrite button ()
3. The overwrite file screen appears.



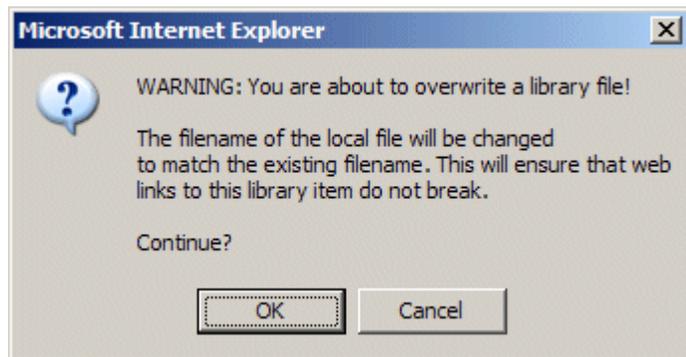
4. Click the Browse button ().
5. A window opens that lets you locate the new file.
6. Click the file, then click the **Open** button.

- You return to the overwrite file screen with the path to the new file in the text field.

Filename
/CMS300Sample/uploadedFiles/Punctuation Introducing Lis
C:\Tech Pubs dept\Conventions\Terminolog <input type="button" value="Browse..."/>

Please select a replacement file.

- To preview the file before you copy it, click the Preview button (). The file is previewed in a separate window. Click the X button in the top right corner of the screen to close it and return to the workarea.
- If you are sure that you want to overwrite the current version of the file with this version, click the update button ().
- The following message appears.

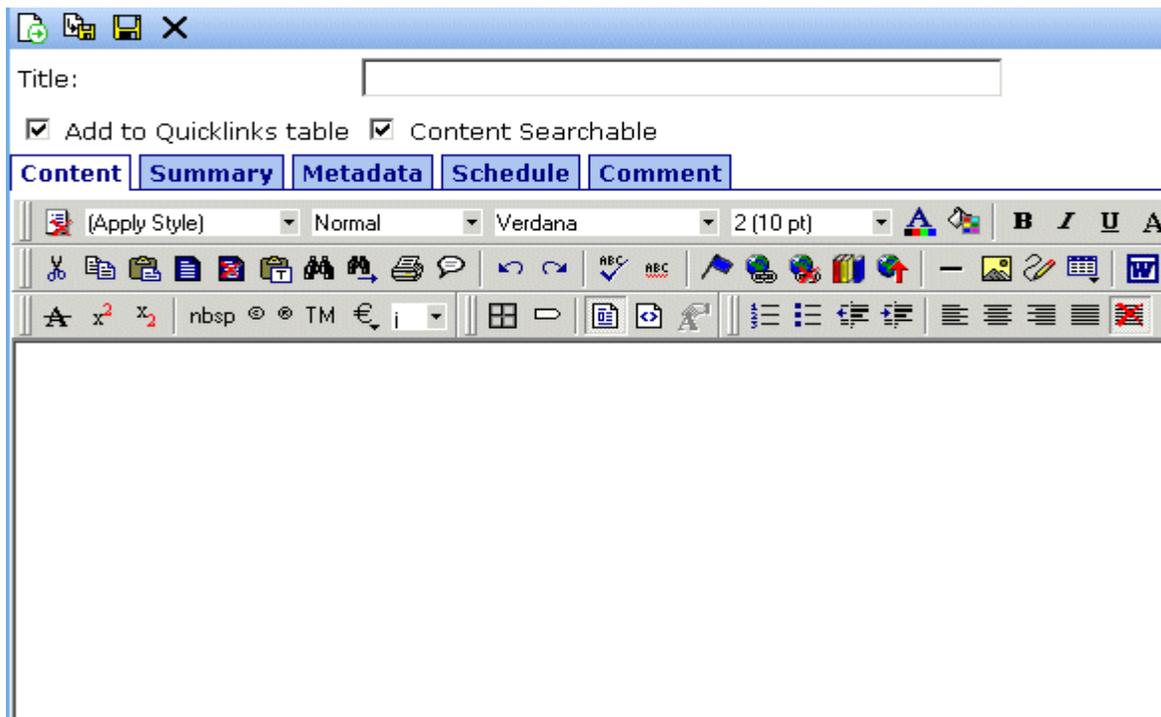


- To overwrite the file, click **OK**.

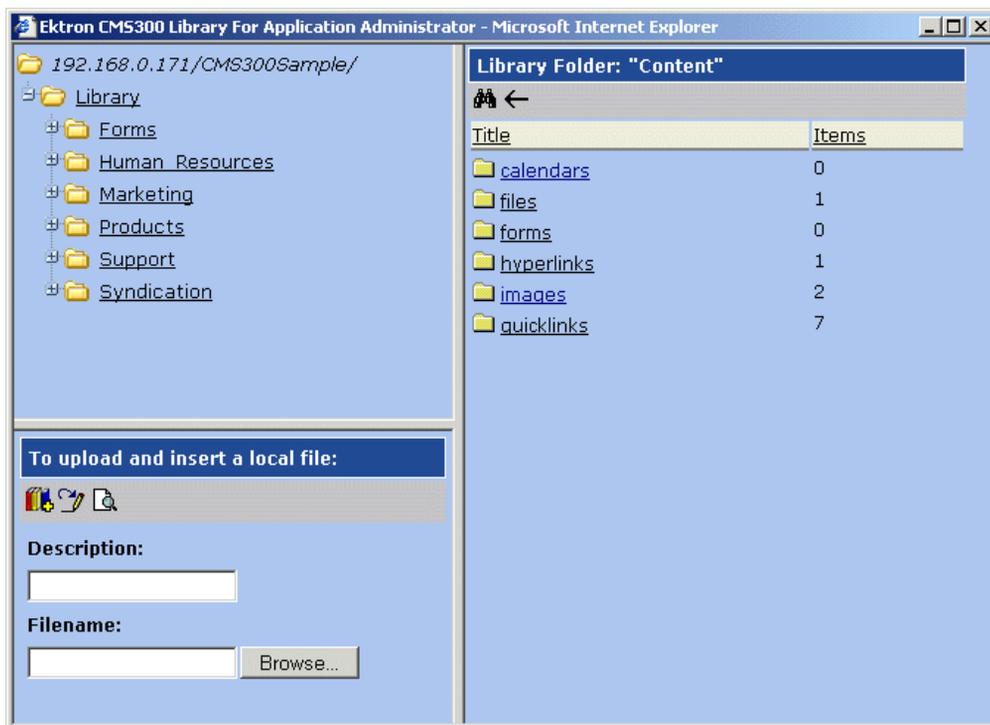
Adding a File to Your Content

After a file is copied to the library, users can add it to a content block. To add a file to a content block, follow these steps.

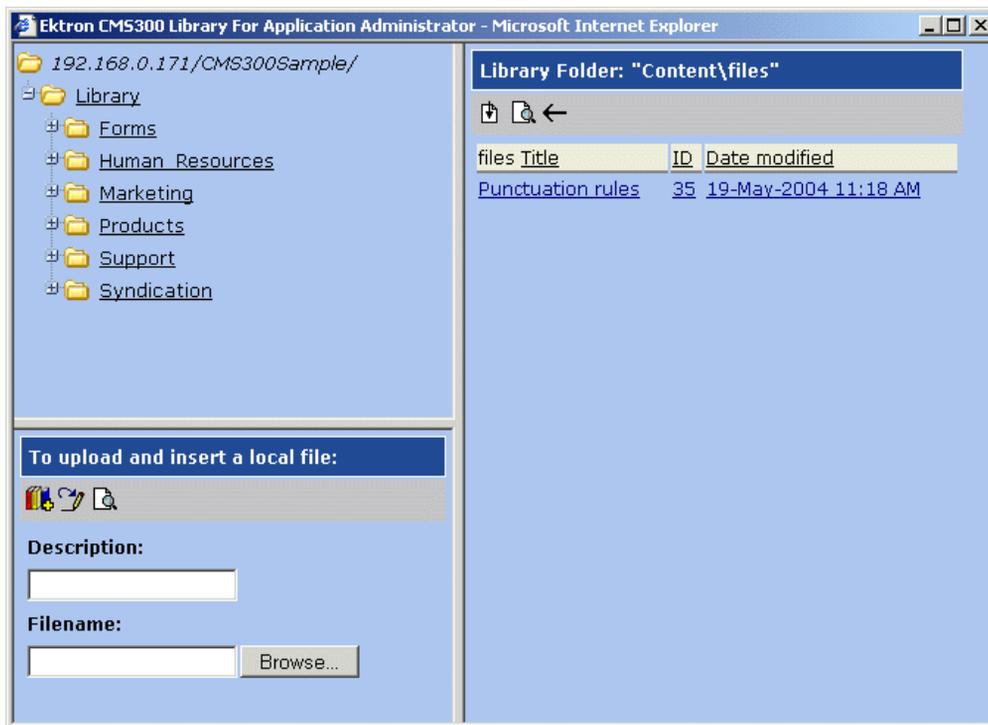
1. Invoke the editor by adding or editing a content block in Ektron CMS200/300.



2. Click the library button ()
3. The library opens.
4. Navigate to the folder that contains the file you want to insert.



5. Click a files folder on the right side of the library to display the files copied to that folder.



NOTE If the file you want to insert has not been copied, you may copy it by using the lower left section of the screen.

6. Click the file that you want to insert into the content block.

NOTE You may preview the file by clicking the preview button.

7. Click the insert button () to insert the file.

8. A hyperlink to the file appears in your content.



You can click the link to open the file.

Hyperlinks

For a definition of the term “hyperlinks,” see “Terms Used in this Chapter” on page [111](#).

Adding Hyperlinks

To add a hyperlink to editor content, follow the procedure described in “Files” on page [116](#). The only difference is that you add a hyperlink instead of a file.

Viewing Hyperlinks

To view a hyperlink, follow the procedure described in “Viewing Files” on page [119](#). The only difference is that you view a hyperlink instead of a file.

Editing Hyperlinks

To edit a hyperlink, follow the procedure described in “Editing a File’s Title” on page [122](#). The only difference is that you edit a hyperlink title instead of a file title. You can also edit the URL.

Adding Hyperlinks to Your Content

Once a hyperlink is added to the library, users can add the hyperlink to their content blocks.

To add a hyperlink to a content block, follow the procedure described in “Adding a File to Your Content” on page [124](#). The only difference is that you add a hyperlink instead of a file.

Images

For a definition of the term “images,” see “Terms Used in this Chapter” on page [111](#).

Uploading Images

You must copy images to the library before content creators can insert them into content blocks. To copy an image to the library, follow the procedure described in “Files” on page [116](#). The only difference is that you add an image instead of a file.

Viewing Images

To view an image, follow the procedure described in "Viewing Files" on page 119. The only difference is that you view an image instead of a file.

Editing Image Titles

To edit an image's title, follow the procedure described in "Editing a File's Title" on page 122. The only difference is that you edit an image's title instead of a file title.

Overwriting Images

When an image in the library becomes out of date, or if the wrong version of an image was copied, you may overwrite that image with a new or correct version. Overwriting images minimizes disk space and the number of copied library images.

NOTE Overwriting images is an advanced permission that you may or may not have.

To overwrite an image, follow the procedure described in "Overwriting Files" on page 123. The only difference is that you overwrite an image instead of a file.

NOTE You can only overwrite an image with another image of the same extension. (that is, .gif > .gif, not .jpg > .gif)

Adding Images to Your Content

Once an image is added to the library, users can add it to a content block.

To add an image to a content block, follow the procedure described in "Adding a File to Your Content" on page 124. The only difference is that you add an image instead of a file.

The image is placed into the picture properties dialog box, where you can change it before inserting it. For information about the picture properties dialog box, see "The Picture Properties Dialog Box" on page 271.

Quicklinks

For a definition of the term “quicklinks,” see “Terms Used in this Chapter” on page 111.

Adding a Quicklink to Content

After a new content block is created, users can insert a quicklink to it into any other content block. To do so, follow the procedure described in “Adding a File to Your Content” on page 124. The only difference is that you add a quicklink instead of a file.

Be sure to place the cursor where you want the quicklink to appear before inserting it. When the quicklink is inserted, the title of the “jumped to” content block appears in the content. You can double click the link to test it.

When the page is published, a reader can click the link to jump to the quicklink page.

Viewing Quicklinks

To view a quicklink, follow the procedure described in “Viewing Files” on page 119. The only difference is that you view a quicklink instead of a file.

The table below describes each field on the quicklinks display.

Field	Description
Title	Title given to the hyperlink by the user who added it, or last edited it.
URL Link	URL link for the quicklink.
Library ID	ID number assigned automatically by Ektron CMS200/300 when the quicklink was originally added.
Parent Folder	Parent folder that the quicklink belongs to. Users need permissions to this folder to be able to access the quicklink.
Last User to Edit	Last user that made changes to the quicklink.

Field	Description
Last Edit Date	The date the quicklink was last edited.
Date Created	The date and time the quicklink was originally added to the Ektron CMS200/300 library.

To preview a quicklink, click the link at the bottom of the view quicklink page.

Modules Folder

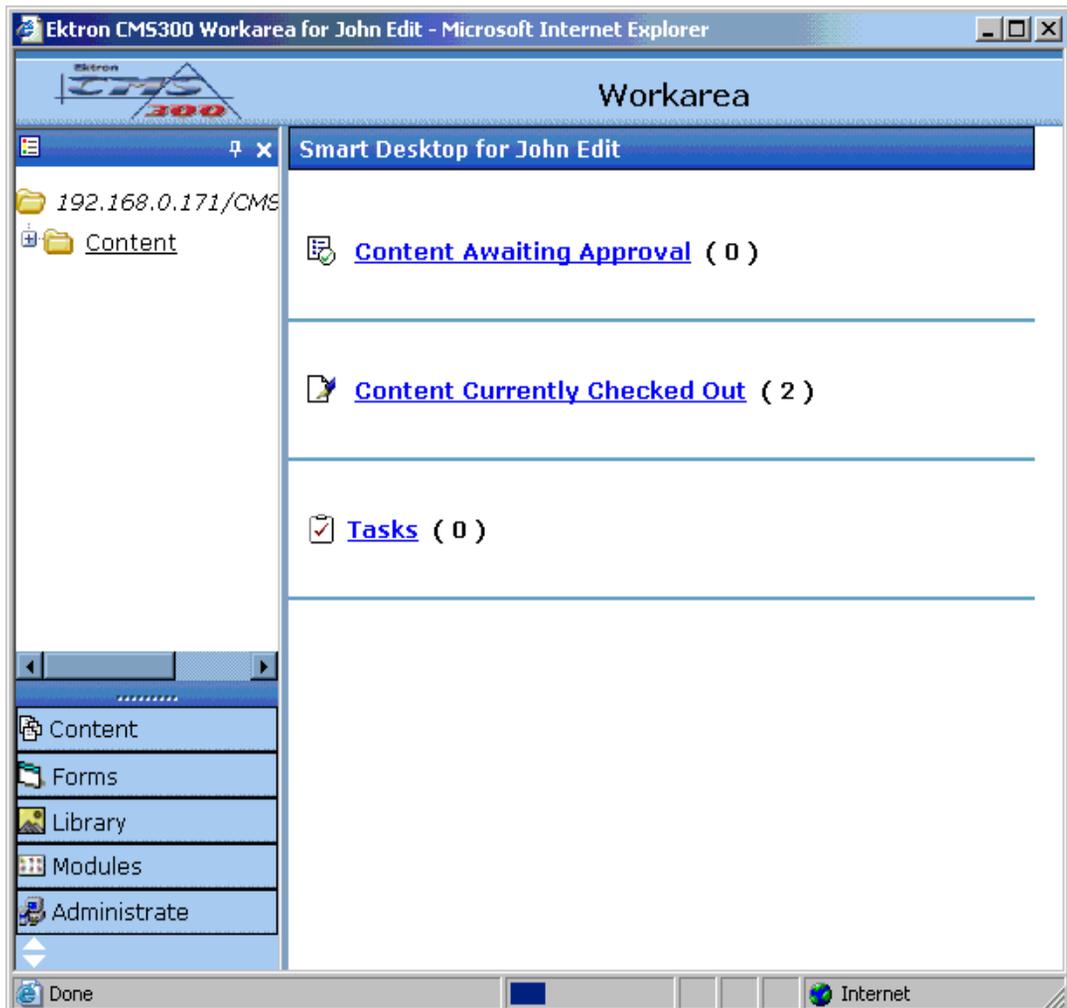
The modules folder contains these sub-folders:

- Collections - see ["Working with Collections" on page 135](#)
- Calendars - see ["Working with Calendars" on page 150](#)
- Menus - see ["Working with Menus" on page 172](#)

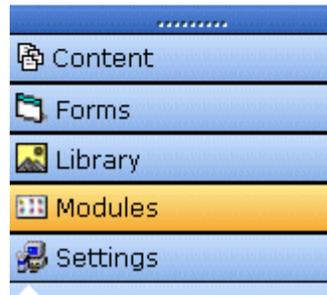
Accessing Modules Folder

To access the modules folder, follow these steps.

1. Log in to your Ektron CMS200/300 Web site and access your Workarea.



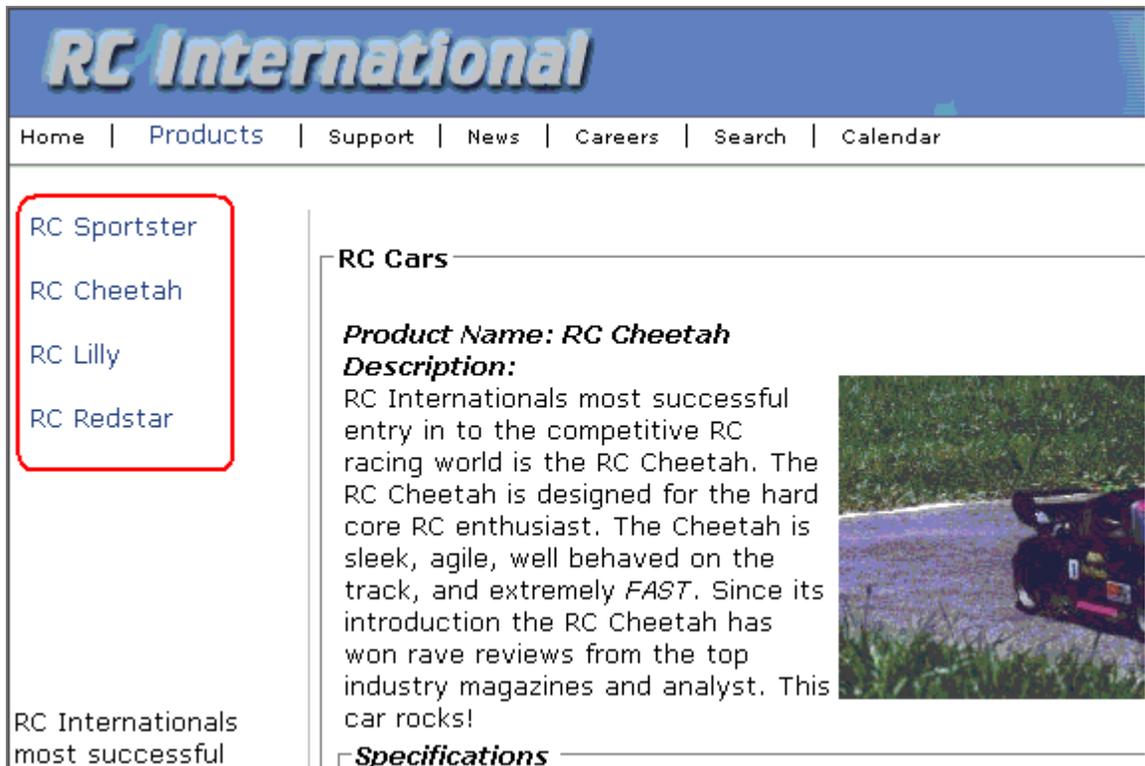
2. From the lower left side of the Workarea, click the Modules folder.



- Click collections to work with collections
- Click calendar to work with calendars
- Click menu to work with menus

Working with Collections

A collection provides a list of content blocks that can be placed on a Web page to offer readers a list of links to relevant content blocks. In the following illustration, the circled content is an example of how a collection appears on a Web page.



This section explains how to create collections. Your system administrator would then set up content blocks to display the collections on your Web site.

This section explains how to find, create, and manage collections through the following subtopics.

- ["Finding Collections" on page 136](#)
- ["Viewing a Collection" on page 139](#)

- ["Creating a Collection"](#) on page 140
- ["Editing Content Blocks in a Collection"](#) on page 147
- ["Reordering Collections List"](#) on page 148
- ["Editing Collection Information"](#) on page 148
- ["Deleting a Collection"](#) on page 149

Finding Collections

Every collection is assigned to a folder. If you want to find the collections assigned to any folder, navigate to it and click the

Collection button (). For more information, see ["Finding a Collection by Navigating to its Content Folder"](#) on page 136.

Since collections can be assigned to several content folders, the Modules folder provides a central Collections folder, which displays all collections on one screen, regardless of their content folder. You can perform all collection tasks from the Collections folder *except* creating a new collection. To create a new collection, you must first access its content folder. For more information, see ["Finding a Collection Using the Collections Folder"](#) on page 137.

Finding a Collection by Navigating to its Content Folder

To access collections for a content folder, follow these steps.

1. Click the content folder that contains the collection.



2. The content blocks in the folder appear in the right frame.
3. Click the Collections button (.
4. The View Collections screen appears.

View Collections in Folder: "Human_Resources"			
Title	ID	Date Modified	URL Link
Main Jobs listing	2	04-Nov-2002 03:36 PM	/CMS300Sample/hr.asp

The screen displays each collection created for the folder. The following table explains each column.

Column	Description
Title	The title assigned to the collection by the creator.
ID	The ID assigned to the collection by Ektron CMS200/300. This number is used to store and retrieve the data to/from the database.
Date Modified	When the collection was last edited.
URL	The default template used to display the content.

To learn more about a collection and perform tasks on it, proceed to ["Viewing a Collection" on page 139](#).

Finding a Collection Using the Collections Folder

To access the Collections screen that displays *all* collections in *all* content folders, follow these steps.

1. From the top-level folders in the lower left frame of your Workarea, click **Modules**.



2. Click the **Collections** folder.
3. The Collection Report screen appears.

Collections Report			
Title	ID	Description	Path
<u>Products</u>	1	Products navigation	\Products
<u>Main Jobs listing</u>	2	This is an example of using the collection object for creating teasers in a page.	\Human_Resources
<u>Support Packages</u>	3		\Support

The screen has four columns. The following table describes each column.

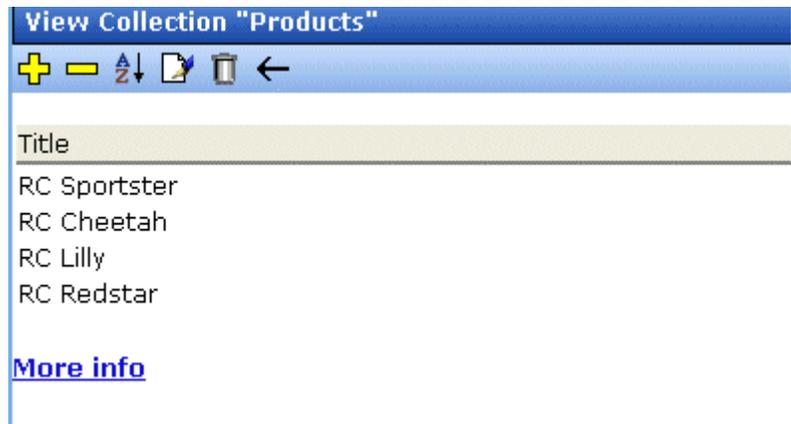
Column Title	Description
Title	Title given to collection by user who created, or last edited, it.
ID	ID number assigned by Ektron CMS200/300. (Developers use this number to reference the collection in ecmCollection custom function.)
Description	Description given to collection by user who created, or last edited, it.
Path	Folder location of the collection.

To learn more about the collection and perform tasks on it, proceed to ["Viewing a Collection" on page 139](#).

Viewing a Collection

To view a collection, follow these steps.

1. Select a collection using the procedure described in "Finding a Collection by Navigating to its Content Folder" on page 136 or "Finding a Collection Using the Collections Folder" on page 137
2. Click the collection.
3. The view collection screen appears.



The screen displays the name of each collection in your **Ektron CMS200/300** system. To learn more about any collection, click **More Info**. When you do, the lower section of the screen displays the following information about the collection.

- title
- description
- ID number
- template
- last user who edited it
- last date when it was edited
- date it was created
- whether or not the content folder's sub-folders can be included
- for each content block in the collection
 - a link to the block (click this to view and edit the block)

- ID number
- internal URL link to the block

Collections Toolbar

The following table describes the Collections toolbar buttons.

Button	Name	Description	More Information
	Add	Add items to a collection.	"Creating a Collection" on page 140
	Remove	Remove items from a collection.	"Removing Content Blocks from the Collection" on page 147
	Reorder	Reorder items in a collection.	"Reordering Collections List" on page 148
	Edit	Edit collection information.	"Editing Collection Information" on page 148
	Delete	Delete a collection.	"Deleting a Collection" on page 149
	Back	Return to previous screen.	

Creating a Collection

Creating a collection involves two steps:

- ["Adding a Collection" on page 141](#)
- ["Assigning Content Blocks to the Collection" on page 143](#)

The following sections explain each step.

Adding a Collection

NOTE You cannot add a collection from the **Modules > Collections** folder. You must access the content block then click the Collections button to add a collection.

To add a new collection, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Collection Screen, as described in "Viewing a Collection" on page 139.

View Collections in Folder: "Human_Resources"			
Title	ID	Date Modified	URL Link
Main Jobs listing	2	04-Nov-2002 03:36 PM	/CMS300Sample/hr.asp

2. Click the Add button (.
3. The Add Collection screen appears.

Add Collection	
	
Title:	<input type="text" value="New Collection"/>
Template:	<input type="text" value="/CMS300Sample/index.asp"/>
Leave the above template empty if you wish to use the Quicklinks	
Description:	<input type="text" value="New collection with various content blocks"/>
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Include Subfolders

4. Complete the screen using the following table.

Field	Description
Title	Assign a unique title to the collection.

Field	Description
Template	Enter the default template for the collection. This template is used to display the content of the links generated if no template is assigned in the custom function. If left blank, the links use their respective quicklinks. <i>See Also:</i> "Default Template vs. Quicklinks" on page 142
Description	Add a more detailed description for the collection.
Include Sub-folders	Check if you want to add to the collection content blocks in sub-folders of the content folder.

5. Click the Save button ()

You can now assign content blocks to the collection. See ["Assigning Content Blocks to the Collection" on page 143](#).

Default Template vs. Quicklinks

You can specify a template that determines the screen display for a collection when it is published on a Web page. (See your system administrator for more information about **Ektron CMS200/300** templates.)

Or, you can disable the template and, instead, cause the collection to use quicklinks to determine the display when the collection is published. (See *Also:* ["Quicklinks" on page 130](#))

Here is an example of links using a template.

Title	ID	URL Link
Home Page Content	1	/CMS300Sample/index.asp?id=1
Support Page	8	/CMS300Sample/index.asp?id=8
Plastic Molder #123	13	/CMS300Sample/index.asp?id=13
RC Cheetah	5	/CMS300Sample/index.asp?id=5
RC Redstar	7	/CMS300Sample/index.asp?id=7
New Content Block	17	/CMS300Sample/index.asp?id=17
Contact Ektron	15	/CMS300Sample/index.asp?id=15

Here is an example of links using quicklinks.

Title	ID	URL LINK
Home Page Content	1	/CMS300Sample/index.asp?id=1
Support Page	8	/CMS300Sample/index.asp?id=8
Plastic Molder #123	13	/CMS300Sample/hr.asp?id=13
RC Cheetah	5	/CMS300Sample/products.asp?id=5
RC Redstar	7	/CMS300Sample/products.asp?id=7
New Content Block	17	/CMS300Sample/index.asp?id=17
Contact Ektron	15	/CMS300Sample/index.asp?id=15

To toggle between a default template and quicklinks, follow these steps.

1. Access the Edit Collection screen for the collection you wish to edit.
2. Remove the template from the **Template** field.
3. Click the save () button.

Assigning Content Blocks to the Collection

After a collection is created, your next step is to assign content blocks to it. To do so, follow these steps.

1. Access the collections screen for the content folder in which you want to add the collection, as described in "Finding a Collection by Navigating to its Content Folder" on page 136.
2. Access the View Collection Screen, as described in "Viewing a Collection" on page 139.
3. Click the collection to which you want to assign content blocks.



4. The View Collection screen appears.

5. Click the add button ()
6. The Add Items to Collection screen appears, displaying content blocks in the selected folder that are not part of the collection.



Foldername: "Support"

<u>Title</u>	<u>ID</u>	<u>Date Modified</u>
<input type="checkbox"/> Silver	20	27-Oct-2003 06:45 PM

7. Check boxes next to content blocks that you want to link to from the collection. You can only add content blocks that exist in the selected folder or possibly its sub-folders. (sub-folders are available if the **Include subfolders** field was checked when the collection was created or last edited.)

If a collection includes sub-folders, you can add content blocks from the sub-folders. On the View Collection screen, click a sub-folder to view its content blocks.

Foldername: "Content"

<u>Title</u>	<u>ID</u>	<u>C</u>
 Human Resources		
 Marketing		
 Syndication		
<input type="checkbox"/> Contact Ektron	15	2
<input type="checkbox"/> Login Information	2	2

(To return to the parent folder, click the folder with the up arrow ()).

8. Check off boxes next to the content blocks whose links you want to add to the collection.

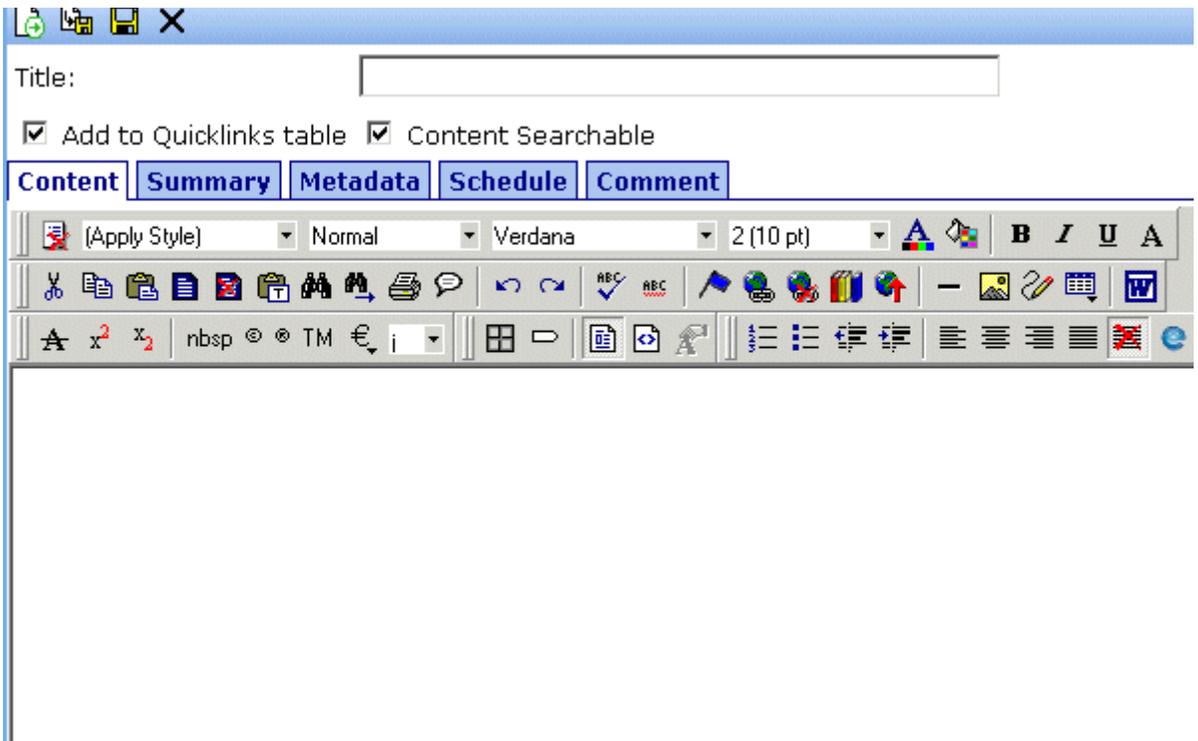
NOTE If you select a content block from a sub-folder, click the add button to add the selected content to the collection. Navigating between sub-folders deselects content blocks.

9. Click the add button ()

Creating a New Content Block for a Collection

You can create a new content block while adding content block links to a collection. To add a content block, follow these steps.

1. Access the collections screen for the content folder in which you want to add the collection, as described in ["Finding a Collection by Navigating to its Content Folder" on page 136](#).
2. Access the View Collection Screen, as described in ["Viewing a Collection" on page 139](#).
3. Click the add button ()
4. The Add Items to Collection screen appears.
5. If your collection includes sub-folders and you want to add the content block to one of them, navigate to that sub-folder. Otherwise, proceed to the next step.
6. Click the Add Content button ()
7. The add content screen appears.



8. Create the content block.

NOTE

Refer to "Adding a Content Block" on page 34 for additional information for creating new content blocks.

9. Click a workflow option in the Add Content screen.

10. The Add Content screen closes, and the new content block link appears in the list of links available to the collection.

11. Check off the content block link you created as well as any other content blocks.



12. Click the add button (+) to add the content block links to the collection.

Editing Content Blocks in a Collection

After a collection is created, you can add or remove content block links to and from it.

Adding Content Blocks to the Collection

For information about adding content block links to a collection, see ["Assigning Content Blocks to the Collection"](#) on page 143.

Removing Content Blocks from the Collection

To remove a content block link from a collection, follow these steps.

1. Access the collections screen for the content folder in which you want to add the collection, as described in ["Finding a Collection by Navigating to its Content Folder"](#) on page 136.
2. Access the View Collection Screen, as described in ["Viewing a Collection"](#) on page 139
3. Click the Remove button (.
4. The Delete Items from Collection screen appears.
5. Click boxes next to links that you want to delete.

[Select All](#) [Clear All](#)

Title	ID	UR
<input type="checkbox"/> Home Page Content	1	/CI
<input type="checkbox"/> Support Page	8	/CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plastic Molder #123	13	/CI
<input type="checkbox"/> RC Cheetah	5	/CI
<input type="checkbox"/> RC Redstar	7	/CI
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Contact Ektron	15	/CI
<input type="checkbox"/> New Content Block	17	/CI

Click **Select All** to select all boxes.

Click **Clear All** to remove all check marks.

6. Click the delete button (.

Reordering Collections List

After a collection is created, and more than one content block is assigned to it, you can reorder the collections list. To do so, follow these steps.

1. Access the collections screen for the content folder in which you want to add the collection, as described in ["Finding a Collection by Navigating to its Content Folder"](#) on page 136.
2. Access the View Collection Screen, as described in ["Viewing a Collection"](#) on page 139
3. Click the Reorder button ()
4. The reorder collection screen appears.



5. Click the content block link whose order you want to change.
6. Click the up or down arrow to move the content block link in either direction.
7. Repeat steps five and six until you set the desired order.
8. Click the Update button ()

Editing Collection Information

To edit information about a collection, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Collection Screen, as described in ["Viewing a Collection"](#) on page 139.
2. Click the collection whose information you want to change.

3. Change any of the field values. For documentation of the fields, see ["Complete the screen using the following table."](#) on page 141.

Deleting a Collection

When you no longer want a collection, you can delete it. To delete a collection, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Collection Screen, as described in ["Viewing a Collection"](#) on page 139.
2. Click the Delete button (.
3. A confirmation message appears.
4. Click OK to proceed.

Working with Calendars

Calendars in **Ektron CMS200/300** perform the same function as a paper calendar: they keep one or more users informed about upcoming events. However, they can be shared with all visitors to your Web site, and any authorized user can add events to a calendar.

Typical calendar events could include

- company meeting
- reserving a conference room for an interview
- company holidays
- deadlines

These are only a few uses of calendar events. Calendars are very versatile and can easily meet all of your calendar needs.

A sample calendar appears below.

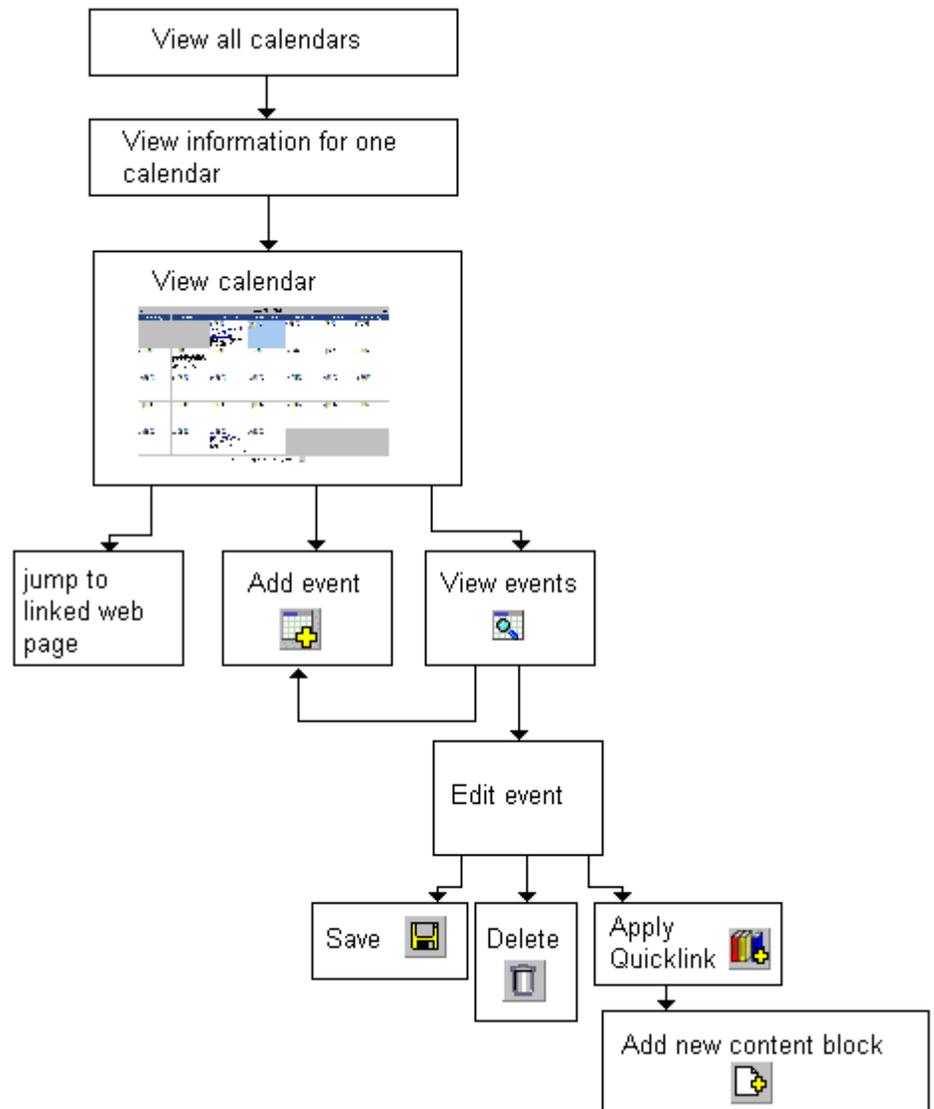
May		June 2004					July
Sunday	Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	Saturday	
		1 RC International Hosts RC Conference Location: testing Jedit Start: 5:00 PM End: 6:00 PM	2	3	4	5	
6	7 RC International Ships RC Sportster Location: Chicago Start: 12:00 AM End: 12:00 AM	8	9	10	11	12	
13	14	15	16	17	18	19	
20	21	22	23	24	25	26	
27	28	29 staff meeting Location: New York Start: 12:00 AM End: 12:00 AM work related appts company meeting	30				

Filter By Event Type: All Event Types

Understanding Calendars

Before you begin working with calendars, you should understand the following key points.

- **Ektron CMS200/300** supports several calendars at one time. There might be a site-wide calendar, and other calendars for special interests, such as an athletic events calendar.
- Each calendar displays one month of dates at a time. Each date can display several events.
- Only system administrators can create a calendar.
- Each calendar is assigned to a content folder (See *Also: "Working with Folders and Content Blocks" on page 27*). You can view and (if granted permission to edit the calendar's folder) add, edit and remove calendar events.
- The following illustrates the workflow of calendar tasks.



Understanding Event Types

Your system administrator can set up types of calendar events. For a personal or workgroup calendar, examples might be staff meetings, employment interviews, conference calls, etc. For an educational institution, examples might be academic deadlines, sporting events, and tuition due dates.

If you assign a type to an event while creating it, you can later display only events of that type. This feature lets you temporarily suppress unwanted events. As a result, the display is cleaner, and it is quicker to find relevant information on the calendar.

Organization of this Chapter

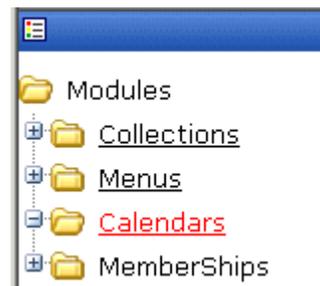
This chapter explains all of the tasks you can perform with calendars through the following subtopics.

- "Accessing the List of Calendars" on page 153
- "Viewing a Calendar" on page 157
- "Viewing a Calendar Event" on page 159
- "Adding a Calendar Event" on page 161
- "Adding a New Content Block for a Calendar Event" on page 166
- "Editing Calendar Events" on page 169
- "Deleting Calendar Events" on page 171

Accessing the List of Calendars

To access the calendar screen, follow these steps.

1. Access the Modules folder, which appears in the lower left corner of the Workarea.
2. Click the Calendars folder.



3. The Calendar Modules screen appears. It lists all calendars currently in the system.

Calendar modules

Title	ID	Description	Path
RC International Calendar	1	listing of events for RC International news events	\

NOTE Only system administrators can create a new calendar.

4. Click any calendar.

5. The View Calendar screen appears, showing information about the selected calendar.

View Calendar "RC International Calendar"

31 ←

Title: RC International Calendar

ID: 1

Description: listing of events for RC International news events

Location Label: Location:

Start Time Label: Start:

End Time Label: End:

Table Properties:

Cell Height: 90 pixels

Cell Width: 150 pixels

✓ Display Weekends

Event Types:

Event Type Label:

✗ Event Types Available

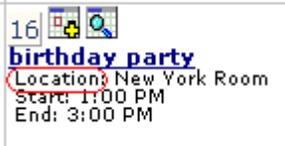
✗ Event Types Required

Folder Name News

Folder Path \Marketing\News

The following table explains the fields on the View Calendar screen.

Field	Description
Title	Title given to the calendar.
ID	ID number automatically assigned to calendar. This is used to display the calendar on a Web page.

Field	Description
Description	Description given to the calendar.
Location Label	<p>Label for the calendar's location information. This label appears on the calendar when a location is assigned to a calendar event.</p>  <p>The screenshot shows a calendar event for the 16th. The event title is 'birthday party' in blue text. Below the title, the location is 'New York Room', the start time is '1:00 PM', and the end time is '3:00 PM'. A red circle highlights the location text.</p>
Start Time Label	Label for the calendar's start time. This appears on the calendar when a start time is assigned to a calendar event.
End Time Label	Label for the calendar's end time data. This appears on the calendar when an end time is assigned to a calendar event.
Cell Height	Height of cells in the calendar. Helps determine the size of each calendar date's block.
Cell Width	Width of cells in the calendar. Helps determine the size of each calendar date's block.
Display Weekends	A green check (✓) means the calendar displays weekends. A red X (✗) means the calendar does not.
Event Types Event Type Event Types Available Event Types Required	<p>Indicates if event types are assigned to this calendar.</p> <p>See Also: "Understanding Event Types" on page 152</p>
Folder Name	<p>Name of content folder to which the calendar is assigned for permission purposes.</p> <p>You can only add, edit or delete events for calendars in folders to which you have been granted permissions.</p>

Field	Description
Folder Path	Complete folder path of content folder to which calendar is assigned.

The view calendar screen may contain the following toolbar buttons that let you perform other tasks.

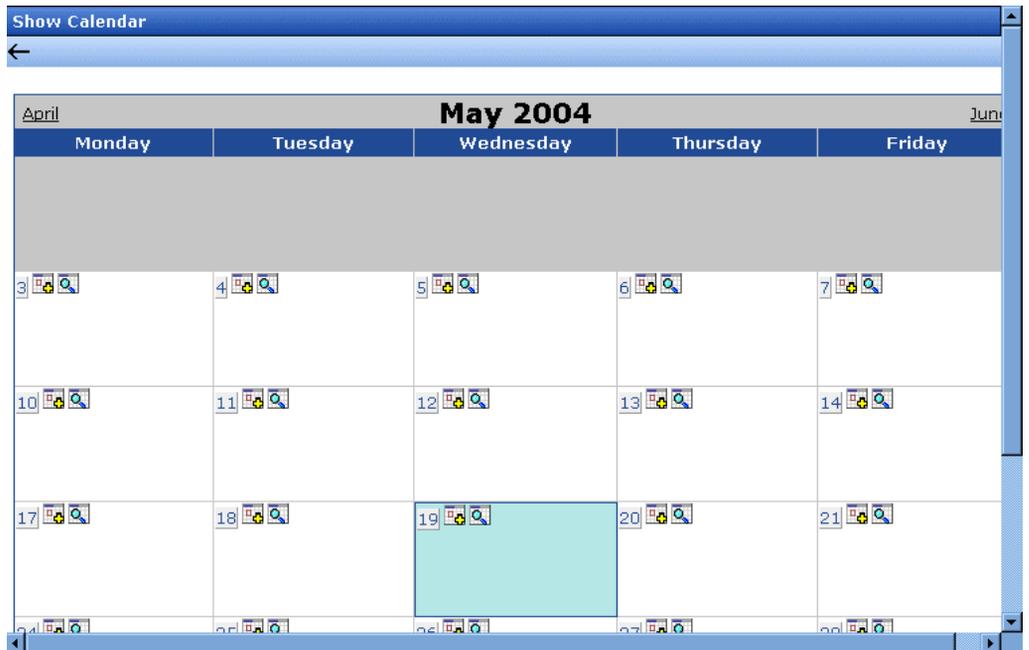
Button	Name	Description	More Information
	View Calendar	Shows calendar in the workarea.	"Viewing a Calendar" on page 157
	Back	Return to previous screen.	

Viewing a Calendar

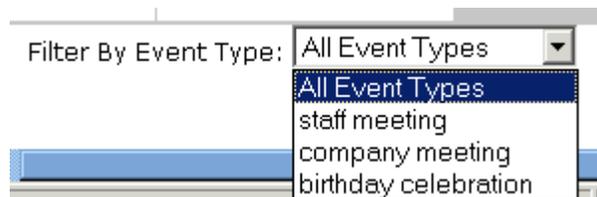
To view a calendar, perform the following steps:

1. Access the view calendar screen for the calendar you want to see, as described in ["Accessing the List of Calendars" on page 153](#).
2. Click the **View Calendar** () button.

3. The calendar appears.



4. If you want to view only events of a certain type, click the **Filter by Event Type** button (illustrated below). Then, select the type of events you want to view. See Also: ["Understanding Event Types"](#) on page 152



The page is refreshed, and the calendar only displays events of that type.

NOTE The style sheet applied to the calendar in the workarea is different from the one applied to the calendar on the sample Web site.

From here, you can perform the following tasks. Note that the Add and View buttons appear on each calendar day, while the Return button is on the toolbar at the top of the screen.

Click on	Action	More Information
	Add Calendar Event	"Adding a Calendar Event" on page 161
	View Calendar Events	"Viewing a Calendar Event" on page 159
	Return to Previous Screen	Return to previous screen
Event title within calendar (sample below)  RC International Announces the RC Cheetah	Jump to calendar event's Web page (if available)	

Viewing a Calendar Event

Once events are added to a calendar, you can easily view them. To view a calendar event, follow these steps.

1. Access the show calendar screen for the calendar that contains the event you want to view, as described in "Viewing a Calendar" on page 157.
2. Place the cursor on the event you want to view.

April		May 2004			June
Monday	Tuesday	Wednesday	Thursday	Friday	
3	4 weekly meeting Location: New York Room Start: 12:00 AM End: 1:00 PM	5	6	7	
10	11 weekly meeting Location: New York Room Start: 12:00 AM End: 1:00 PM	12	13	14	
17	18 weekly meeting Location: New York Room Start: 12:00 AM End: 1:00 PM	19	20	21	
24	25 weekly meeting Location: New York Room Start: 12:00 AM End: 1:00 PM	26	27	28	
31					

3. Click the **View Date** () button.
4. The view events screen appears listing all calendar events for that date.
From the view calendar events screen, you can perform the following functions:
 - Add a new calendar event
 - View, edit, and delete an existing calendar event

Adding a Calendar Event

NOTE You can only add a calendar event if you have add permission for the folder to which the event is assigned.

To add a calendar event, follow these steps.

1. Access the calendar to which you want to add an event, as described in ["Viewing a Calendar" on page 157](#).

NOTE You can also add a calendar event after viewing the View Events screen. See [Also: "Viewing a Calendar Event" on page 159](#)

2. Navigate to the month and day for which you want to add a calendar event. To proceed to the month prior to the current display, click the month's name in the top left corner (see illustration). To proceed to the month following the current one, click the month's name in the top right corner.



3. Click the **Add Event** () button.
4. The add calendar event screen appears.

NOTE Folder information only appears at the bottom of the screen if the folder has sub-folders or content blocks under it.

Add Calendar Event

Event Title

Event Location

One Time **Recurring**

Date

Start Time

End Time

Display the times for the event

Hyperlink

Make the Hyperlink active

Launch link in a new browser.

Root Folder News

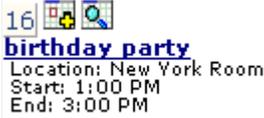
Folder Path \Marketing\News

..

- [RC International Announces the RC Cheetah](#)
- [RC International Hosts RC Conference](#)
- [RC International Ships RC Sportster](#)

5. Respond to the fields using the following table as a reference.

Field	Description
Event Title	Enter a title for the calendar event.
Event Location	If desired, enter a location for the event (for example, Conference Room 1 or Cafeteria).

Field	Description
One Time/ Recurring	If you want to enter a one-time only event, continue reading. If you want to add a recurring event, see "Adding a Recurring Event" on page 164.
Date	Click the calendar button () to display a calendar. From it, select a start date.
Start Time	Enter a starting time for the event. You can enter as few characters as needed. For example, to specify one o'clock, you can enter 1.
End Time	Enter an ending time for the event.
Display times for the event	Check this box if you want the calendar to display the event's start and end times (illustrated below). 
Hyperlink	<p>You can link a Web page to this calendar event. The Web page could contain more information about the event, directions to it, etc.</p> <p>If you link a Web page, when this event appears on the calendar, the reader can click the event to jump to that page.</p> <p>To enter any page on the internet, enter its Web address here. For example, www.ektron.com.</p> <p>To link to a content block on your Web site, click the library button (). (This type of link is known as a <i>quicklink</i>.) The Quicklinks dialog appears, and you can navigate to that content block.</p> <hr/> <p>Note: You can add a new content block from the Quicklink dialog. See "Adding a New Content Block for a Calendar Event" on page 166</p> <hr/>

Field	Description
Make the Hyperlink Active	Check this box to activate the link assigned in the Hyperlink field. If you do, when a user views the calendar, he can click the event to “jump” to the specified Web page.
Launch link in a new browser	Check this box if you want the Web page specified in the Hyperlink field to appear in a new browser window when someone clicks it.
Event Types	<p><u>Note: This field only appears if your system administrator has set up one or more event types for this event.</u></p> <p>See Also: "Understanding Event Types" on page 152</p> <p>To apply an event type to this event, click an available Event Type in the column on the right.</p> <p>Then, click the Right Arrow () to move the event type to the Selected column.</p> <p>Repeat for each event type you want to assign to the event.</p>

NOTE For information about adding a new content block while adding a calendar event, see ["Adding a New Content Block for a Calendar Event" on page 166](#).

6. Click **Save** ().

Adding a Recurring Event

You can assign an event to occur multiple times on a calendar. To do so, follow these steps.

1. Add a calendar event (as described in ["Adding a Calendar Event" on page 161](#)) or edit one (as described in ["Editing Calendar Events" on page 169](#)).
2. Click the **Recurring** tab to assign the event for more than one day.

One Time **Recurring**

Start Date:  End Date: 

Number of Events To Be Created: N/A

Event will occur: **Event times:**

Every day

Every Sun

Every 6th of every Month

Every first Sun of every Month

Yearly, every 6th of Jun

Yearly, every first Sun of Jun

Start:

End:

Display the times for the event

3. Refer to the table below to respond to the Recurring fields.

Field	Description
Start Date	Enter the date on which the calendar event first appears.
End Date	Enter the date on which the calendar event stops displaying.
Number of events to be created	(Display only field) The number of times the event will occur. This value changes as you modify the Event Will Occur field values, below.
Event will occur	Select the frequency of the event from among the choices.
Event times	Select the start and end times for the events.
Display the times for the event	<p>Check this box if you want the calendar to display start and end times (illustrated below).</p>  <p>16  </p> <p>birthday party</p> <p>Location: New York Room Start: 1:00 PM End: 3:00 PM</p>

4. Finish your edits.

For documentation of	See
Hyperlink	"Hyperlink" on page 163
Make Hyperlink Active	"Make the Hyperlink Active" on page 164
Launch Link in New Browser	"Launch link in a new browser" on page 164
Event Types	"Event Types" on page 164

5. Click the **Save** button ().

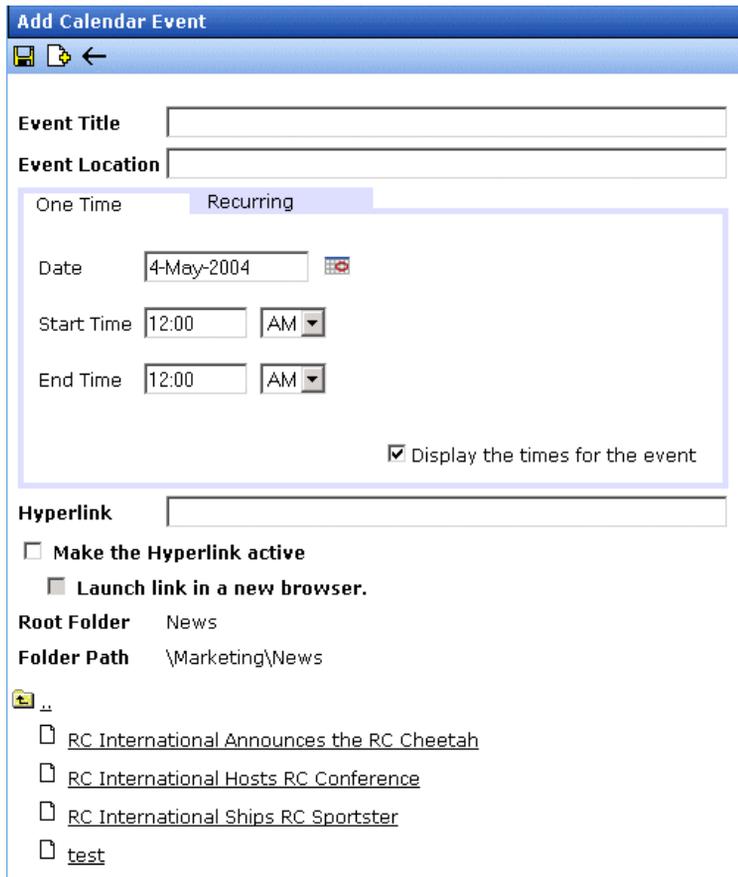
Adding a New Content Block for a Calendar Event

While adding a new event to a calendar, you can add a new content block to the Web site. You might use the new content block to supply additional information about the event.

To do so, follow these steps.

1. Access the Add Calendar event screen, as described in "Adding a Calendar Event" on page 161.
2. The content folder tree, at the bottom of the Add Calendar Event screen, defaults to the calendar's content folder.

3. Navigate through the folder tree to the content folder that will store the new content block.



The screenshot shows the 'Add Calendar Event' form. At the top is a blue header with the title 'Add Calendar Event' and a toolbar with a save icon, a plus icon, and a back arrow. Below the header are two text input fields: 'Event Title' and 'Event Location'. A tabbed interface shows 'One Time' and 'Recurring' tabs, with 'Recurring' selected. Under the 'Recurring' tab, there are fields for 'Date' (4-May-2004), 'Start Time' (12:00 AM), and 'End Time' (12:00 AM). A checkbox labeled 'Display the times for the event' is checked. Below these fields is a 'Hyperlink' text input field. Underneath are two checkboxes: 'Make the Hyperlink active' and 'Launch link in a new browser.'. Below these are labels for 'Root Folder' (News) and 'Folder Path' (\Marketing\News). At the bottom is a folder tree with a root folder icon and four sub-items: 'RC International Announces the RC Cheetah', 'RC International Hosts RC Conference', 'RC International Ships RC Sportster', and 'test'.

4. Click the **Add Content** () toolbar button.

5. The add new content screen appears.

Title:

Add to Quicklinks table Content Searchable

Content Summary Metadata Schedule Comment

(Apply Style) Normal Verdana 2 (10 pt) **B** *I* U A

Workflow icons: Undo, Redo, Bold, Italic, Underline, Strikethrough, Bulleted List, Numbered List, Indent, Outdent, Link, Unlink, Image, Table, etc.

6. Enter information for the new content block and click on a workflow button from the toolbar at the top of the screen. For more information about creating a content block, see ["Adding a Content Block" on page 34](#).
7. The content is saved, the window closes, and the add calendar event screen appears with the new content block added to the content tree.
8. Click the title of the new content block.

9. The title and quicklink fields are populated with information about the selected content block.

Add Calendar Event





Event Title

Event Location

One Time **Recurring**

Date 

Start Time

End Time

Display the times for the event

Hyperlink

Make the Hyperlink active

Launch link in a new browser.

Root Folder News

Folder Path \Marketing\News

 ..

- [RC International Announces the RC Cheetah](#)
- [RC International Hosts RC Conference](#)
- [RC International Ships RC Sportster](#)

10. Make changes to the displayed fields using the table described in "Respond to the fields using the following table as a reference." on page 162 as a reference.

11. Click **Save** ().

Editing Calendar Events

NOTE You can only edit a calendar event if you have edit permission for the folder to which the event is assigned.

Once a calendar event has been added for a calendar, you may edit it to change the title, location, times, etc. To edit a calendar event, perform the following steps:

1. Access the view calendar events screen for the date that contains the event you wish to edit, as described in "Viewing a Calendar Event" on page 159.
2. Click the event you wish to edit.
3. The Edit Calendar Event screen appears.

Edit Calendar Event






Event Title

Event Location

One Time
 Recurring

Update all recurring events associated with this event.

Start Date: 4-May-2004 End Date: 15-Jun-2004
 Number of Events: 0

Event will occur: **Event times:**

Every day

Every Tue Start:

Every 4th of every Month

Every first Tue of every Month End:

Yearly, every 4th of Apr

Yearly, every first Tue of Apr

Display the times for the event

Hyperlink

Make the Hyperlink active

Launch link in a new browser

Root Folder News

Folder Path \Marketing\News

 ..

-  [RC International Announces the RC Cheetah](#)
-  [RC International Hosts RC Conference](#)
-  [RC International Ships RC Sportster](#)

4. Make changes to the displayed fields using the table described in "Respond to the fields using the following table as a reference." on page 162 as a reference.
5. Click **Save** ().

Deleting Calendar Events

NOTE You can only delete a calendar event if you have delete permission for the folder to which the event is assigned.

You can easily delete calendar events that are no longer needed, or do not belong to the calendar they were added to.

To delete a calendar event, follow these steps.

1. Access the view calendar events screen for the date that contains the event you wish to delete, as described in "Viewing a Calendar Event" on page 159.
2. Click the event you want to delete.
3. The edit calendar event screen appears.
4. Click **Delete** ().
5. A confirmation message appears.
6. Click **OK**.

Working with Menus

NOTE This feature is not available with Ektron CMS200. If you are using CMS200 and want to upgrade to CMS300, please contact your Ektron sales representative at sales@ektron.com.

Ektron CMS200/300's Menu feature lets users create and maintain a dropdown menu system for your Web site. The Menu feature lets you display menu options that link to content blocks, library assets, external hyperlink and sub-menus.

Below is a sample menu.



In this example (delivered with **Ektron CMS200/300**), the menu appears when the person viewing the Web page hovers the cursor over **Products**. The above display illustrates the menu's appearance to a visitor to your site.

However, if a content contributor with permission to edit menus signs in to **Ektron CMS200/300** then views the menu, it has additional options for editing the menu or adding a content block.



NOTE For more information on adding content, see ["Adding a Content Block"](#) on page 34.

This chapter describes the following aspects of managing menus:

- what they are
- how they can be used
- how to the add, edit, view and delete a them

What's In This Chapter

The following information is included in this chapter:

- ["The Structure of Menu and Menu Items"](#) on page 173
- ["Working with Menus"](#) on page 175
- ["Adding a New Menu"](#) on page 175
- ["Adding a Menu Item"](#) on page 178
- ["Editing a Menu"](#) on page 183
- ["Editing a Menu Item"](#) on page 185
- ["Viewing a Menu"](#) on page 190
- ["Deleting a Menu"](#) on page 195
- ["Deleting a Menu Item"](#) on page 196

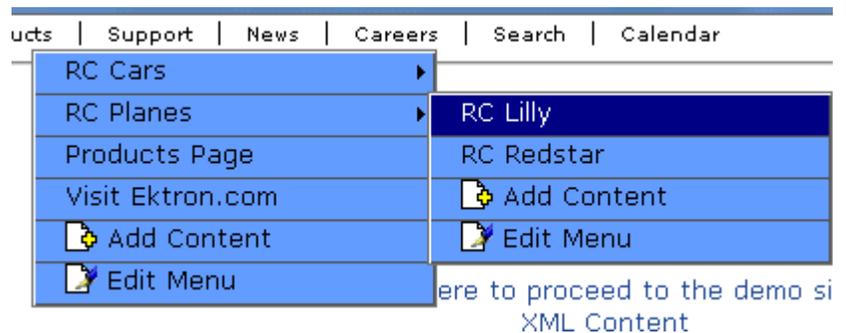
The Structure of Menus and Menu Items

Menus have the following structure:

- **menu** - top level structure that is a placeholder for menu items and submenus. It is assigned to a content folder. If a menu item links to a content block, the block must reside in the assigned folder or one of its subfolders.

A menu also identifies the page template used to display menu options that are content blocks.

- **menu item** - the individual options on a menu; can be any of the following
 - content block
 - library asset
 - external hyperlink (link to a page outside your Web site)
 - submenu (a link to another menu. In the illustration below, the menu on the right is a submenu. It appears when the user hovers the cursor over the menu item to the left, **RC Planes**. The right pointing arrow (▶) indicates that a submenu is available.)



Access to the Menus Feature

There are three ways to access the Menus feature:

- via the View Menus button () from the associated content folder
- from the workarea, by choosing **Modules > Menus**
- from the **Edit Menu** option on the sample menu displayed above

All three options bring you to the same View Menus page.

Working with Menus

Ektron CMS200/300 gives you the flexibility to add, edit, view and delete a menu. The following section explains how to do just that.

Adding a New Menu

Although there are different ways of viewing a menu, you can only create a menu via a content folder. To create a new menu, follow these steps.

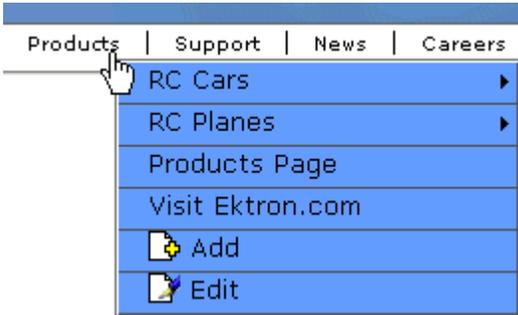
1. Navigate to the content folder that contains the content blocks that you want to display on the menu. The content blocks can also reside in any of the folder's subfolders.
2. Click the **View Available Menus** button ().
3. The View All Menus page appears.
4. Click the **Add** button ().
5. The Add Menu page appears.

The screenshot shows the 'Add Menu' interface. On the left, a navigation pane lists content folders: Content, Human Resources, Marketing, Products, RC Cars, RC Planes, Support, and Syndication. The 'Content' folder is selected. The main area is titled 'Add Menu' and contains a form with the following fields:

- Title:** An empty text input field.
- URL Link:** A text input field containing the path `/CMS400Sample/`.
- Template Link:** A text input field containing the path `/CMS400Sample/`. Below this field is a red note: "Leave the above template empty if you wish to use the Quick".
- Description:** A large empty text area with scrollbars.
- Include Subfolders:** A checkbox that is checked.

6. Using the following table, complete the fields on the Add Menu page.

Fields on the Add/Edit Menu Window

Field	Description
Title	The name given to the menu by the creator.
URL Link	<p>After you create a menu, your developer links it to text or an image on a Web page by modifying a page template. As a result, when a user reading that Web page moves the cursor over the text or image, the menu appears. In the illustration below, the menu appears when the user moves the cursor over Products.</p>  <p>You can also assign a URL link to a menu, using this field. If you do, and the user <i>clicks</i> the link text or image, he jumps to the specified page.</p> <p>For example, in this field you assign the product landing page, <code>CMS400Sample/products.aspx</code>. In the illustration above, if the user <i>moves the cursor</i> over Products, the assigned menu appears. However, if the user <i>clicks</i> Products (as indicated by the hand), he jumps to <code>CMS400Sample/products.aspx</code>.</p> <p>Entering the Path to the Landing Page</p> <p>This path must be relative. For example: <code>/CMS200/300Sample/index.aspx</code></p> <p>This URL path can be a static template path (like the one mentioned above) or a dynamic path, such as</p> <p><code>/CMS200/300Sample/index.aspx?id=25</code></p>

Field	Description
Template Link	<p>Note: This field applies to content blocks only. It has no effect on other types of menu items (such as images).</p> <hr/> <p>If you want to apply a template to this menu, enter the template here. If you do, all content blocks on this menu use this template when selected from the menu.</p> <p>If you do not enter a template here, the content blocks on this menu use the template specified in their quicklink.</p> <p>Overriding the Template Link</p> <p>You can override the menu template for any content block on this menu and, instead, use the template specified in its quicklink. To do so, follow these steps.</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Add all items to the menu. (See “Adding a Menu Item” on page 178) 2. Go to the View Menus option. 3. Click More Info. 4. Click the menu item you want to change. 5. At the Link field, change the value from Menu Template to Quick Link. <p>Link: <input checked="" type="radio"/> QuickLink <input type="radio"/> Menu Template</p> <hr/> <p>Important! If you created menus prior to upgrading to this version of Ektron CMS200/300, those menu items are assigned as quicklinks. You cannot change them to template links simply by entering a template link here. Instead, you must go to each menu item and change the Link field value from QuickLink to Menu Template (as illustrated above).</p> <hr/>
Description	Add a more detailed description for the menu that will be added.
Include Subfolder	<p>When creating a menu item that is a content block, if you want to let the user choose from the selected folder and all of its subfolders, check this box.</p> <p>If the box is not checked, the user can choose from the selected folder only.</p> <p>This setting has no effect on which library items can be added to menu.</p>

6. Click the **Save** button (.

With the menu added, you may now assign menu items to it. See ["Adding a Menu Item" on page 178](#).

Additionally, for each menu folder, you have the following options

Button	Name	Description	More Information
	Add Menu	Create a new menu for current folder or add items to menu	"Adding a New Menu" on page 175
	Edit Menu	Edit existing menu	"Editing a Menu" on page 183
	Delete Menu	Delete menu and its menu items	"Deleting a Menu" on page 195
	View Menu	View all menus for current content folder	"Viewing a Menu" on page 190
	Back	Go to previous page	

Adding a Menu Item

Similar to being able to add, edit, view or delete a Menu, Ektron CMS200/300 also allows you to add, edit, view and delete a menu item to a menu. See *Also*: ["The Structure of Menus and Menu Items" on page 173](#)

Adding a Menu Item via Content Folder

To add a menu item via the content folder, follow these steps.

1. Navigate to the menu that you want to add a menu item to, as described in ["Adding a Menu Item via Content Folder" on page 178](#).
2. Click the **Add Item** button ().
3. The Add Menu page opens, displaying a list of items that can be added to the menu.

- Use the table below to select the type of menu item and follow the steps to add that menu item.

Assign this type of content to the menu	For details, see
Content blocks	"Adding a Content Block as a Menu Item" on page 180
Any library assets: images, files, quicklinks, hyperlinks to the menu	"Adding a Library Asset as a Menu Item" on page 181
External hyperlinks	"Adding an External Hyperlink as a Menu Item" on page 182
Sub-menus to the main menu	"Adding a Sub Menu as a Menu item" on page 183

Adding a Menu Item via Menus Folder

To add a menu item via the menus folder, follow these steps.

- Navigate to the menu that you want to add a menu item to.
- Click the **Add Item** button ().
- The Add Menu page displays a list of items that you can add to the menu.
- Refer to the table below for selecting the type of menu item and follow the steps to add that menu item.

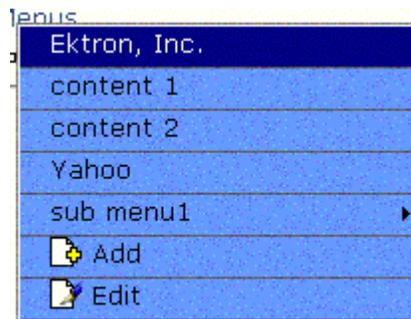
Assign this type of content to the menu	For details, see
Content blocks	"Adding a Content Block as a Menu Item" on page 180
Any library assets: images, files, quicklinks, hyperlinks to the menu	"Adding a Library Asset as a Menu Item" on page 181
External hyperlinks	"Adding an External Hyperlink as a Menu Item" on page 182
Sub-menus to the main menu	"Adding a Sub Menu as a Menu item" on page 183

Adding a Menu Item via Navigation Link on a Web Page

NOTE You can only use this feature after your Web developer has modified a page template to display the menu. This procedure is described in the **Ektron CMS200/300** Developer manual section “Multi-Level Collection.”

To add a menu item via navigation link on a Web Page, follow these steps.

1. Access the Web page that contains link to display the menu.
2. Place the mouse on the hyperlink that causes the menu to appear.
3. A DHTML menu displays all menu items under that menu.



4. Click the **Add** () menu option.

NOTE: The Add button in the DHTML drop down list only lets you to add a content block to a menu. You cannot add any other kind of menu item using this button.

5. The Collections workarea window displays the menu's content folder.
6. Select the content folder in which you want to add the content block, and click the **Next** button.
7. The Add Content window opens, allowing you to enter information in the editor window.
8. Enter all information in the Add Content window and click the **Publish** button.
9. The content block gets added to the menu.

Adding a Content Block as a Menu Item

To add a content block as a menu item, follow these steps.

1. Follow the first three steps of "Adding a Menu Item via Content Folder" on page 178 or "Adding a Menu Item via Menus Folder" on page 179.

NOTE

You can only add content blocks that reside in the selected content folder or its subfolders.

2. Click the radio button next to **Content Block**.
3. Click the **Next** button.
4. The Add New item window appears, listing all content blocks under the content folder in which you created the menu.
When creating the menu, if you checked off **Include Subfolders**, the folder's subfolders also appear. You can click any folder to display its content blocks.
5. Click the **Select** box next to all content blocks you want to add as menu items.
6. Click the **Add Item** button (.
7. The View Menu page appears, listing newly added content blocks in the menu items list.

Adding a Library Asset as a Menu Item

To add a library asset as a menu item via a content folder or menus folder, follow these steps.

1. Follow the first three steps of "Adding a Menu Item via Content Folder" on page 178 or "Adding a Menu Item via Menus Folder" on page 179.
2. Click the radio button next to **Library Asset** option.
3. Click the **Next** button.
4. The Library for Application Administrator window opens.
5. Expand the library folder and navigate to the folder to which you want to add assets.

NOTE

To insert assets, the content folder in which you created the menu must contain library assets. However, you can insert library assets from other folders for which you have permission.

6. Select the library asset you want add and click the **insert** button (.

7. The Library for Application Administrator window closes, and the Add New Item window appears in the Workarea. Use the following table to complete that screen.

:

Name	Description
Title	Title of the Library Asset Menu item. When you insert a library asset, the title of that asset gets pre-filled as the title of the menu item. You can change it as needed.
Default Title	By default, this box is checked when you insert a library asset as a menu item. Uncheck this box if you want to enter a different name for the menu item.
Browse Library	The button to browse through the Library to select the library asset.

8. Click the **Save** button (.

Adding an External Hyperlink as a Menu Item

To add an external hyperlink as a menu item via a content folder or menus folder, follow these steps.

1. Follow the first three steps of "[Adding a Menu Item via Content Folder](#)" on page 178 or "[Adding a Menu Item via Menus Folder](#)" on page 179.
2. Click the radio button next to **External Hyperlink**.
3. Click the **Next** button to proceed to the next window.
4. The Add New Item page is displayed.
5. Enter the title and URL link for the external hyperlink.

Name	Description
Title	Title of the External Hyperlink that is being added as a menu item.
URL Link	The URL link for the external hyperlink. For example, www.google.com .

6. Click the **Save** button ().

NOTE When adding an External Hyperlink menu item, the url does not get added to the library nor is an ID assigned to it. So, when you save the menu item, it is not added to the CMS database nor can it be retrieved for future use.

Adding a Sub Menu as a Menu item

To add a sub-menu as a menu item via content folder or menus folder, follow these steps.

1. Follow the first three steps of ["Adding a Menu Item via Content Folder" on page 178](#) or ["Adding a Menu Item via Menus Folder" on page 179](#).
2. Click the radio button next to the **Sub Menu** option.
3. Click the **Next** button.
4. The Select Folder page is displayed.
5. Click the **Next** button to pick a folder for the sub menu.
6. The Add Menu screen is displayed.
7. Complete the fields using "Fields on the Add/Edit Menu Window" on page [176](#) as a reference.
8. Click the **Save** button (.

NOTE: You can add a sub-menu via [Navigation link on a Web Page](#). (See [""View Menus via Navigation link on a Web Page" on page 195](#)".) Once there, hover the mouse over the sub-menu and click the Add button to add the content block.

Editing a Menu

You can edit a menu via:

- its content folder
- menus folder
- navigation link on a Web page

This section describes each option.

Editing a Menu via its Content Folder

To edit a menu from a content folder, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Menu page, as described in "[View a Menu via its Content Folder](#)" on page 190.
2. Click the **Edit** button ().
3. The Edit Menu page is displayed.
4. As necessary, change the fields in Edit Menu window by referencing "Fields on the Add/Edit Menu Window" on page 176.
5. Click the **Save** button (.

Editing a Menu via Menu Folder

To edit a menu via the menu folder, follow these steps.

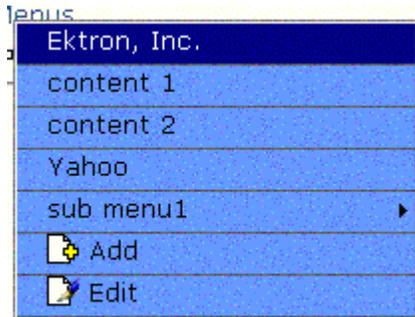
1. Access the View Menu page, as described in "[Viewing a Menu via Menu Folder](#)" on page 194.
2. Click the **Edit** button (.
3. The Edit Menu page is displayed.
4. As necessary, update the fields in Edit Menu window by referencing "Fields on the Add/Edit Menu Window" on page 176.
5. Click the **Save** button (.

Editing a Menu via Navigation Link on a Web Page

To edit a menu via navigation link on a Web Page, follow these steps.

1. Navigate to the Web page that contains the link to display the menu.
2. Click the menu link.

- The menu appears.



- Click the **Edit** () option.
- The View Menu page for the menu appears.
- Click the **Edit** button ()
- The Edit Menu window is displayed.
- As necessary, update the fields by referencing "Fields on the Add/Edit Menu Window" on page 176.
- Click the **Save** button ()

Editing a Menu Item

You can edit a menu item via:

- its content folder
- menus folder
- navigation link on a Web page

Editing a Menu Item via its Content Folder

To edit a menu item from its content folder, follow these steps.

- Access the View Menu page, as described in "[View a Menu via its Content Folder](#)" on page 190.
- Click the menu you want to edit.
- The View Menu page for that menu appears, listing all items on the menu.
- Click **More Info**.

- The menu items appear, using the following icons to indicate the type of each menu item.

Icon	Menu item type
	Submenu
	Web page
	External Web page
	Library asset

- Click the menu item you want to edit.
- The Edit Menu Item page appears.
- Make necessary changes to the fields in the Edit Menu window, using “Fields on the Add/Edit Menu Window” on page 176 as a reference.
- Click the **Save** button ().

Editing a Menu Item via Menus Folder

To edit a menu via the Menus folder, follow these steps.

- Access the View Menu page, as described in “Viewing a Menu via Menus Folder” on page 194.
- Click **More Info**.
- Click the menu item you want to edit.
- The Edit Menu Item page is displayed.
- Make necessary changes to the fields in the Edit Menu window, using “Fields on the Add/Edit Menu Window” on page 176 as a reference.
- Click the **Save** button ().

Editing a Menu via Navigation Link on a Web Page

To edit a menu via navigation link on a Web Page, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Menu page for the menu, as described in ["View Menus via Navigation link on a Web Page" on page 195](#)
2. Click **More Info**.
3. Click the menu item you want to edit.
4. The Edit Menu Item page appears.
5. Update the fields in the Edit Menu window, using "Fields on the Add/Edit Menu Window" on page 176 as a reference.
6. Click the **Save** button ()

Editing a Content Block Menu Item

To edit a content block menu item via its content folder or menus folder, follow these steps.

1. Navigate to the menu you want to edit by referencing ["Viewing a Menu" on page 190](#).
2. The View Menu screen displays a list of menu items.
3. Click **More Info**.
4. Click the menu item you want to edit.
5. The Edit Menu Item window opens.

Edit Menu Item

 ←

Title:

Default Title:

Description:

Target: Popup Self Parent Top

Link: QuickLink Menu Template

6. Using the table below as a reference, make changes to the content menu item.

Fields on the Edit Menu Item Screen

Field	Description
Title	The name that was given to the menu item by the creator.
Default Title	<p>Uncheck the check box if you want to change the title of the content block to something other than the default name.</p> <p>Leaving this field checked allows you to use the default content title name.</p> <hr/> <p><u>Note: By default, the Default Title field is checked.</u></p>
Description	Add a more detailed description for the content menu item that is being edited.
Target	<p>Select how the library menu item will display.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● Popup: Opens in a new browser window ● Self: Opens in the same window ● Parent: Opens in the parent window ● Top: <hr/> <p><u>Note: By default, the target option is set to self.</u></p>
Link	See "Template Link" on page 177

7. Click the **Save** button (.

Editing a Library Asset Menu Item

To edit a library menu asset via its content folder or menus folder, follow these steps.

1. Navigate to the menu whose items you want to edit by referencing "[Viewing a Menu](#)" on page 190.
2. The View Menu window screen displays a list of all items on the main menu.
3. Click **More Info**.
4. Click library menu item that you want to edit.
5. The Edit Menu Item window opens.
6. Make changes to the library asset menu item. For documentation of the fields, see "[Fields on the Edit Menu Item Screen](#)" on page 188.
7. Click the **Save** button ()

Editing an External Hyperlink Menu Item

To edit an external hyperlink menu item via its content folder or menus folder, follow these steps.

1. Navigate to the menu that you want to edit by referencing "[Viewing a Menu](#)" on page 190.
2. The View Menu screen opens, displaying a list of items on the main menu.
3. Click **More Info**.
4. Click the menu item that you want to edit.
5. The Edit Menu Item window opens.
6. Update the menu item. For documentation of the fields, see "[Fields on the Edit Menu Item Screen](#)" on page 188.
7. Click the **Save** button ()

Editing a Sub- Menu Menu Item

To edit a sub-menu menu item via its content folder or menus folder, follow these steps.

1. Navigate to the menu for which you want to edit the menu items for by referencing to "[Viewing a Menu](#)" on page 190.
2. The View Menu window opens, displaying a list of all main menu items.
3. Click **More Info**.

4. Click the sub-menu menu item you want to edit.
5. The View Sub-Menu screen is displayed, listing all menu items under that sub-menu.
6. Click the **Edit** button ().
7. The Edit Menu Item window opens.
8. As necessary, change the fields in Edit Menu window by referencing “Fields on the Add/Edit Menu Window” on page 176.
9. Click the **Save** button (.

Viewing a Menu

Just like editing an existing menu, you can view a menu via:

- its content folder
- menus folder
- navigation link on a Web page

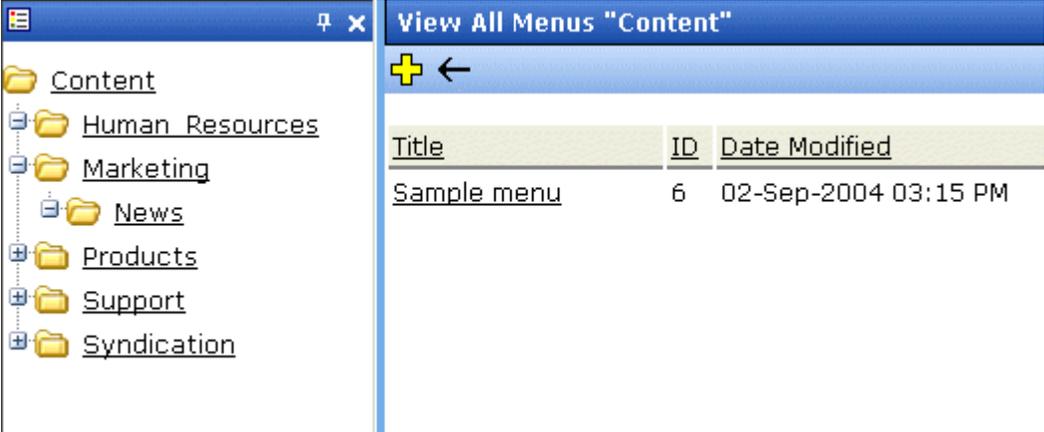
When viewing a menu via the content or menu folder, you get an *internal* view of information entered by menu creator. When viewing via a navigation link on a Web Page, you get an *external* view of the menu, as seen by anyone navigating Web site.

View a Menu via its Content Folder

To access the menu via its content folder, follow these steps.

1. Access the workarea and navigate to the content folder that contains the menu.
2. The contents of the folder are displayed.
3. Click the **View Menu** button (.

4. The View All Menus page displays a list of menus under that folder.



The screenshot shows a web interface for viewing menus. On the left is a tree view of folders: Content, Human Resources, Marketing, News, Products, Support, and Syndication. On the right is a table titled "View All Menus 'Content'". The table has three columns: Title, ID, and Date Modified. The table contains one row with the following data:

Title	ID	Date Modified
<u>Sample menu</u>	6	02-Sep-2004 03:15 PM

5. Click the menu you want to view.

6. Click **More Info** to view the details about the menu.

View Menu "test menu"

Title

- RedStar Airplane -- smaller version
- Servo Control Engineer #124
- Plastic Molder #123
- yahoo

[More Info](#)

Title: test menu

ID: 6

Path: \

Last User To Edit: Application Administrator

Last Edit Date: 25-Jun-2004 07:25:16 AM

Date Created: 25-Jun-2004 07:13:51 AM

Description: News page

Include Subfolders

Title	ID	URL Link
RedStar Airplane - smaller version	2	/CMS400Sample/uploadedimages/redstar-index.jpg
Servo Control Engineer #124	14	/CMS400Sample/hr.aspx?id=14
Plastic Molder #123	13	/CMS400Sample/hr.aspx?id=13
yahoo	0	www.yahoo.com

7. The following table explains the information on the View Menus screen.

Name	Description
Title	Title assigned to the menu folder.
ID	Content ID # that is assigned to the menu by Ektron CMS200/300. <div style="border: 1px solid blue; padding: 5px; color: blue; font-size: small;"> Note: The ID for the Menu is automatically generated by the CMS200/300 application when you create a menu. </div>

Name	Description
Path	Path for the content folder where the menu resides in.
Last User to Edit	Last user to edit this menu.
Last Edit Date	Date and time when this menu was last edited.
Date Created	Date and time when this menu was created.
Description	Description given to the menu folder.
Include Subfolders	<p>If this box is checked, when creating a menu item that is a content block, the user can choose from the selected folder and all of its subfolders.</p> <p>If the box is not checked, the user can choose from the selected folder only.</p> <p>This setting has no effect on which library items can be added to menu.</p>
Information about menu items	
Title	Title assigned to the menu item.
ID	<p>Content ID # assigned to menu item.</p> <hr/> <p>Note: The menu item ID is automatically generated when you create the item.</p> <hr/>
URL Link	Displays the path for the landing page for the menu item. This can a quicklink path for the menu item within Ektron CMS200/300, or an external link to a web page.

The View menu screen also provides the following buttons.

Button	Name	Description	More Information
	Add Menu Item	Add item to menu	"Adding a Menu Item" on page 178

Button	Name	Description	More Information
	Remove Menu Item	Remove item from the menu	"Deleting a Menu Item" on page 196
	Reorder Menu Item	Adjust order in which menu items appear <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Ascending: Example: A-Z • Descending: Example: Z-A 	
	Edit Menu	Edit existing menu	"Editing a Menu" on page 183
	Delete Menu	Delete menu and its menu items	"Deleting a Menu" on page 195
	Back	Return to previous page	

Viewing a Menu via Menu Folder

To access the menu via the Modules folder, follow these steps.

1. Access the workarea.
2. Click the **Modules** folder from the left frame of the workarea window.
3. Click the **Modules** folder to expand its hierarchy.
4. Click the **Menus** folder from the folder hierarchy to view its content.
5. The Menu Report page displays all available menus.

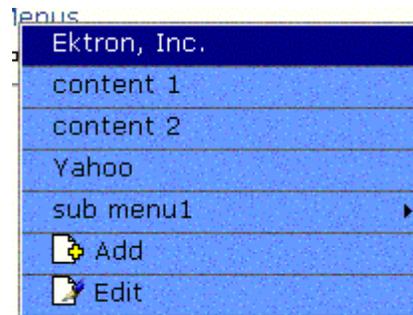
Menu Report			
Title	ID	Description	Path
<u>Sample menu</u>	6		\
<u>Products</u>	1		\Products

6. Continue from the section ["Click the menu you want to view." on page 191](#)

View Menus via Navigation link on a Web Page

To access the menu via navigation link on a web page, follow these steps.

1. Access the template where you inserted the link to display the menu.
2. Click the **Menu Navigation link** title on the Web page.
3. A DHTML menu is displayed along with all menu items on the menu.



For information on how to display the menu on a Web Page, refer to the section on “Multi-Level Collection” of the Developers Manual.

Deleting a Menu

Similar to editing and viewing a menu, you can delete a menu via

- its content folder
- menus folder

You cannot delete a menu from the navigation link on a web page

Deleting a Menu via Content Folder

To delete a menu via its content folder, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Menu page, as described in ["View a Menu via its Content Folder"](#) on page 190.
2. Click the **Delete** button ().
3. A confirmation message is displayed.

4. Click **OK** to delete the menu.

NOTE Deleting a menu automatically deletes all menu items associated with it.

Deleting a Menu via Menus Folder

To delete a menu via its menus folder, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Menu page, as described in "[Viewing a Menu via Menus Folder](#)" on page 194.
2. Click the **Delete** button () .
3. A confirmation message is displayed.
4. Click **OK**.

NOTE: Deleting a menu automatically deletes all menu items associated with it.

Deleting a Menu Item

Similar to editing and viewing a menu, one can remove a menu item from a menu via

- its content folder
- its menu folder

Removing a Menu Item via its Content Folder

To delete a menu item via its content folder, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Menu page, as described in "[View a Menu via its Content Folder](#)" on page 190.
2. Click the menu you want to delete.
3. The View Menu page for that menu is displayed.
4. Click the **Remove** button () .
5. The Delete Menu Item window opens.
6. Click the check box next to the menu item you want to delete.
You can click **Select All** to choose all menu items. Click **Clear All** to unselect all menu items.

7. Click the **Delete** button ().

Removing a Menu Item via Menu Folder

To delete a menu item via its menu folder, follow these steps.

1. Access the View Menu page, as described in "[Viewing a Menu via Menu Folder](#)" on page 194.
2. Click the **Remove** button ().
3. The Delete Menu Item window opens.
4. Click the check-box next to the menu item you want to delete. You can click **Select All** to Choose all menu items delete. Click **Clear All** to unselect all menu items.
5. Click the **Delete** button ().

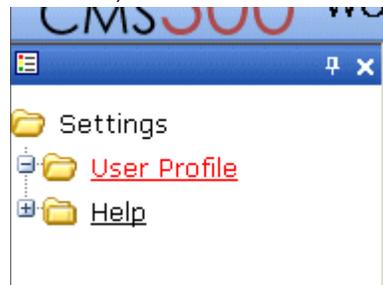
Updating Your User Profile

When a new user is added to an Ektron CMS200/300 Web site, the administrator sets up a personal profile for him. It contains information such as password and e-mail address. You can update some personal profile information when needed. This section explains how to modify your personal profile.

Viewing Your Profile

Before changing your personal profile, you must view it. To do so, follow these steps.

1. Access your Smart Desktop. See *Also: "Understanding the Smart Desktop"* on page 15
2. From the lower left frame, click **Settings**.
3. From the top left frame, click **User Profile**.



4. Your user profile appears.

View User Information "jedit"





Username:	jedit
First Name:	John
Last Name:	Edit
User Language:	App Default
E-Mail Address:	[None Specified]
System Notifications:	Receiving of E-Mail Disabled

(System notification sending email is currently disabled)

Preferences are locked by the CMS.

Work Page Size:

Width:	790px
Height:	580px

Display button text in the title bar.

Landing Page after login:

Refresh the login page

Set smart desktop as the start location in the workarea

This User currently belongs to these User Groups:

- [Everyone](#)

Task permissions

Create Task

5. Click the edit button () in the top left corner.

6. The Edit User Information screen appears. The following table explains fields you can edit.

Field	Description
Password	<p>If desired, enter a new password into this field.</p> <hr/> <p>If you change your password, you do not need to log out then log back in. However, the next time you log in, you must use the new password.</p> <hr/>
Confirm Pwd	Confirm your new password by retyping it into this field.
User Language	<p>Select a language in which to view Ektron CMS200/300. Click the black down arrow on the right (circled below) to see a list of choices.</p>  <p>User Language: English (US) </p> <p>E-Mail Address: App Default English (US) French (Standard) German (Standard)</p> <p><input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Disable E-Ma</p>
E-mail Address	<p>Enter a new valid e-mail address. Notification e-mails are sent to this e-mail address unless the Disable E-mail Notification field is checked.</p> <p>To understand how email notification operates within the content workflow, see "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70.</p>
Disable E-mail Notification	Check this box if you do not want to receive notification e-mails.
<p>Work Page Size</p> <p>Your system administrator may let you change the work page values. If he does, the following fields are editable. Otherwise, you can only view the fields.</p>	
Width	<p>If desired, change the width of the screen in which Ektron CMS200/300 appears. The width in pixels must be between 400 and 2400.</p> <p>This field accommodates users who have larger monitors and/or prefer a smaller resolution, such as 1280 x 1024.</p>

Field	Description
Height	<p>If desired, you can change the height of the screen in which Ektron CMS200/300 appears. The height in pixels must be between 300 and 1800.</p> <p>This field accommodates users who have larger monitors and/or prefer a smaller resolution, such as 1280 x 1024.</p>
Display button text in the title bar	<p>Check this box if you want any button's caption text to appear in the screen title's bar whenever a user moves the mouse over the button. Note the word Update, describing the button, in the illustration below</p>  <p>If you do not check this box, the screen's title remains in the title bar when the user moves the mouse over the button, as illustrated below.</p> 
Landing Page after login	<p>If you want one page in your Web site to appear after sign in, enter the URL to that page. You might select a page that leads to a group of pages that you maintain.</p> <p>If you don't know the URL, navigate to the page, go to the browser address bar and select the text following the directory in which Ektron CMS200/300 resides. For example, if the browser address bar says <code>http://www.ektron.com/customers.aspx?id=945</code>, you would enter customers.aspx?id=945 here.</p>

Field	Description
Set smart desktop as the start location in the Workarea	If you want the Smart Desktop to appear as soon as you enter the Workarea, click inside this check box. See <i>Also</i> : "Understanding the Smart Desktop" on page 15 If you leave this check box blank, when you enter the Workarea, you go to the folder of the content block specified at the Landing Page after login field.

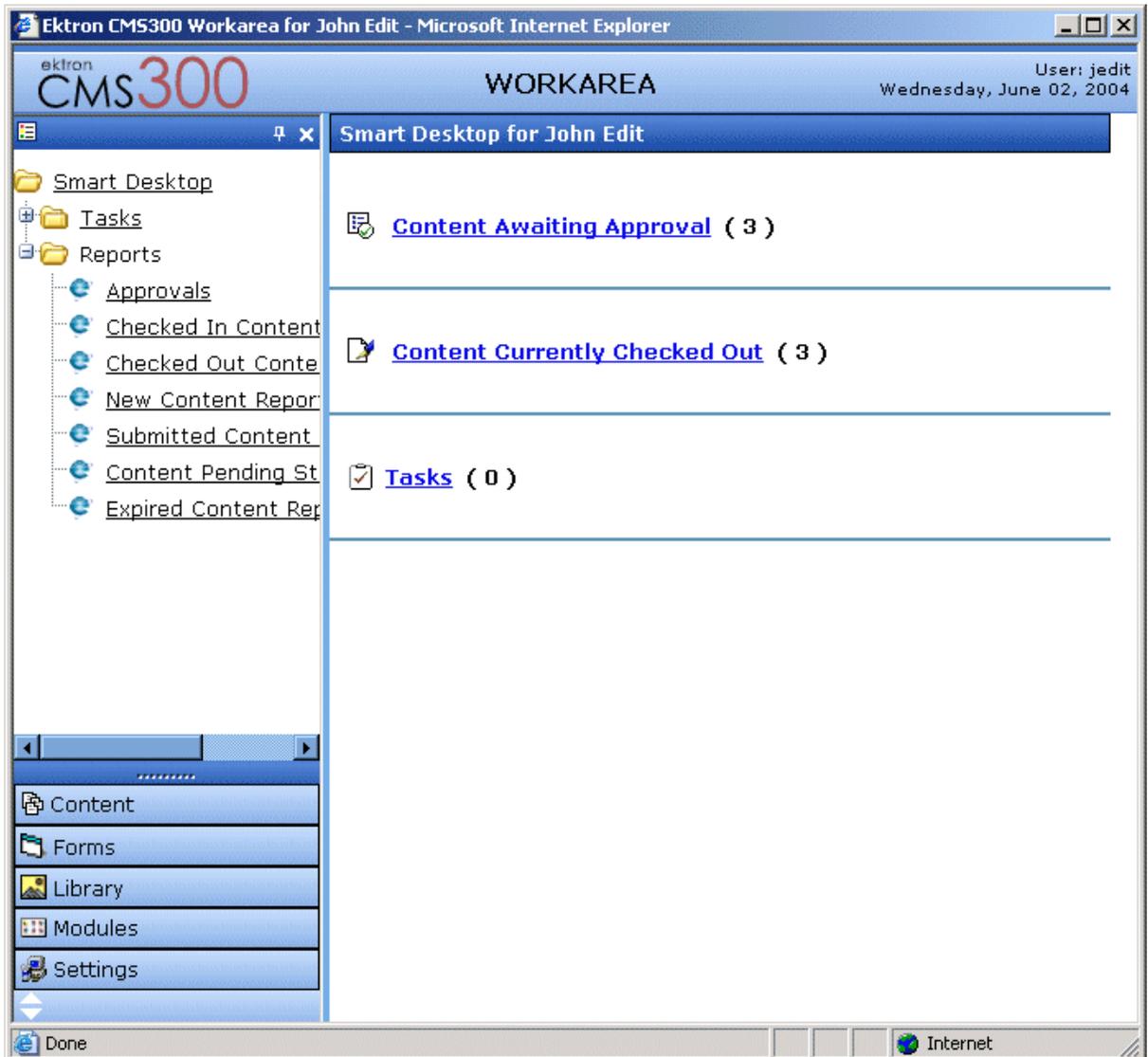
7. Click the update button ()

Accessing Online Help

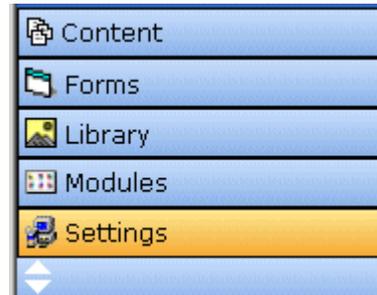
The help folder provides access to important and useful information about using Ektron CMS200/300. It gives you a library of all manuals plus links to relevant pages on Ektron's Web site. We provide this information to make it easier to learn about our Content Management system.

To access the help folder, follow these steps.

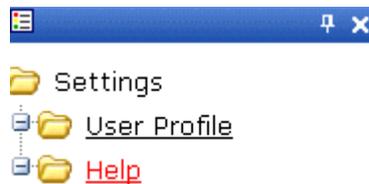
1. Access your Smart Desktop. See Also: "Understanding the Smart Desktop" on page 15



2. From the lower left frame, click Settings.



- From the top left frame, click **Help**.



- The help screen appears in the right frame.

Ektron CMS300 Help

Manuals

- [Developer Manual](#)
- [Administrator Quickstart Manual](#)
- [Administrator Manual](#)
- [User Manual](#)
- [Setup Manual](#)

Ektron Web Site Online Resources

- [Visit Help Page on Ektron.com](#)
- [What's new with Ektron CMS300](#)
- [Ektron CMS300 Feature Tour](#)
- [Learning Center](#)
- [Developer Resources](#)
- [Have a question?](#)
- [Request a demo from Ektron](#)

- Click on a link to open the manual or Web page.

NOTE Your computer requires an internet connection to access the online resource links.

Searching for Content

Some Ektron CMS200/300 Web pages include a search window.

The image shows a search interface with a text box, a 'Search' button, and four search options: 'All the words' (selected), 'Any of the words', 'Exact Phrase', and 'Match Partial Words' (checkbox).

To use this window, enter one or more words into the text box provided, select search options, then click the Search button. Ektron CMS200/300 then searches all searchable content blocks on the Web site and displays a list of blocks that contain those words. You can click a content block to view its content.

NOTE When a content block is being created or edited, the **Content Searchable** field lets the user decide to include or exclude that content block from the search. The search ignores content blocks that are not searchable.

Search Options

Before you select a search option, it is helpful to understand each one. To explain how each works, assume you enter these words into the search text field:

- Partners
- Content
- Monday
- Employee
- Green

Now let's look at the results of each option.

All the Words

If you select **All the Words**, your search only finds content blocks that include *all* words entered in the search text field.

NOTE This works like an AND function. It returns all content blocks that have the words Partners AND Content AND Monday AND Employee AND Green.

Any of the Words

The **Any of the Words** option is almost the opposite. This option returns all content blocks that include *at least one* of the words entered in the search text field.

NOTE This works like an OR function. It returns content blocks that include the words Partners OR Content OR Monday OR Employee OR Green.

Exact Phrase

If you select **Exact Phrase**, the search only finds content blocks that have all five words *in the order specified* in the search text field.

A better example would be the phrase, “Content Management Solution.” The search would yield only content blocks that include that phrase.

Match Partial Words

Although you cannot search for wild cards, the “Match Partial Words” option does almost the same. For example, enter “at” into the search text field, then check the “Match Partial Words” box. When you run the search, it returns all content blocks with the letters “at”. This search could find words such as **At**, **Bat**, **Chatter**, **Atoll**, **ATM**, etc.

Note that, unlike the other search options, you can include or exclude the partial word option *in addition to* the other three options (All the Words, Any of the Words, Exact Phrase).

Introduction to eWebEditPro

eWebEditPro is a browser-based, Web content editor designed for dynamic Web sites. It lets you create and publish your own Web content in any language supported by the operating system and your Web site.

More specifically, eWebEditPro lets you perform Web page editing functions, such as

- copy content from any Windows-based application
- use Microsoft Word to edit Web content
- cut, copy, and paste
- find and replace text
- check spelling
- edit an image
- change font style, size, attributes (bold, italics, underline), and color
- begin lines with bullets or numbers
- adjust indentation
- right, center, or left justify text and images
- add a bookmark, hyperlink, image, or table
- view your text as WYSIWYG or HTML code
- insert or clean HTML code

You gain access to these functions either from the toolbar at the top of the editor window or from a menu that appears when you right click the mouse inside the editor.

Using eWebEditPro

eWebEditPro is like many other word processing applications. You type text and then use toolbar buttons (illustrated below) and menu options to change the text's appearance or perform functions on it, such as spell checking.



Organization of this Documentation

The next section, [“Creating a Simple Web Page” on page 211](#), walks you through the steps required to create a simple Web page.

The following section, [“Toolbar Buttons” on page 215](#), explains

- each toolbar button
- functions that appear when you right click the mouse

Many of these functions are simple and require only a brief explanation.

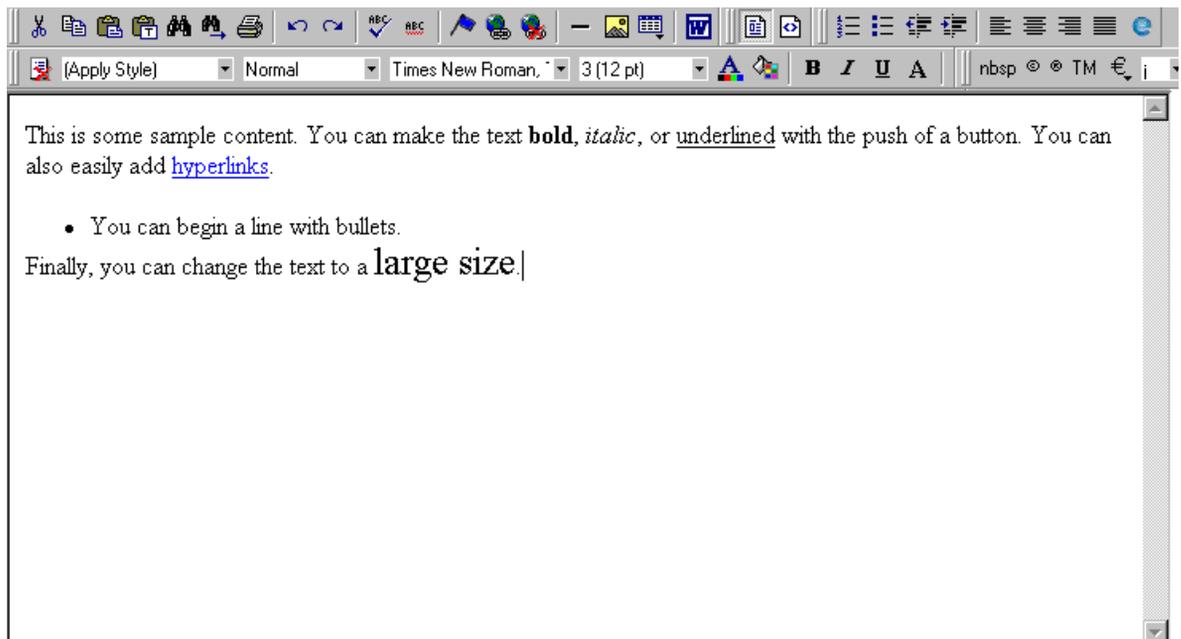
The last section, [“Using eWebEditPro’s Advanced Features” on page 233](#), explains how to use the more advanced features.

Creating a Simple Web Page

This section walks you through the process of creating a simple Web page, using only a few of the many features available. Later sections explain all of the features and how to use them.

Your Finished Web Page

When you finish this exercise, your simple Web page will look like this.



Notice that this page has the following elements.

- The second sentence includes bold, italic and underlined text.
- The third sentence includes a *hyperlink*, text that will jump to another Web page when the user clicks on it.
- The fourth sentence begins with a bullet.

- The last sentence has some very large (18 point) text.

Creating the Sample Web Page

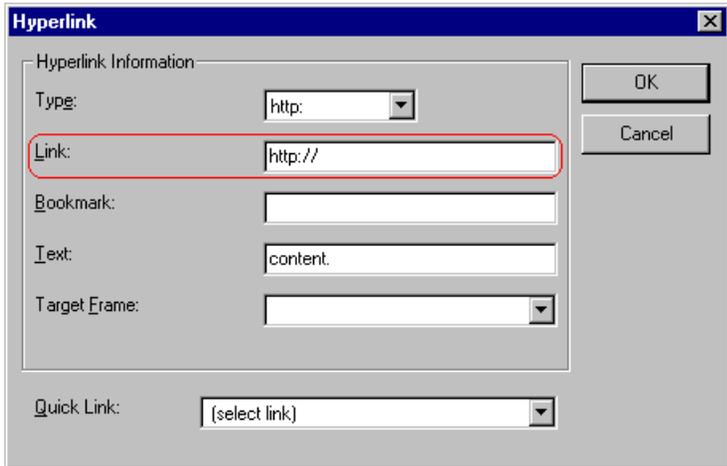
To create this page, follow these steps.

Enter the First Two Sentences

1. Open eWebEditPro. (Your Webmaster installs eWebEditPro on your computer and determines which fonts and sizes are available. Your system may not match the example below.)
2. Type the first two sentences.
This is some sample content. You can make text bold, italic and underlined with the push of a button.
3. Double click the word “bold” to select it. Then, click the Bold button (**B**) to apply bold to the word.
4. Double click the word “italic.” Then, click the Italic button (**I**) to apply italic to the word.
5. Double click the word “underlined.” Then, click the underline button (**U**) to underline the word.

Creating a Hyperlink

1. Type **You can also easily add hyperlinks.**
2. Double click the word **hyperlinks** so that it becomes selected.
3. Click the Hyperlink button (.
4. The hyperlink dialog box appears.



5. In the **Link** field, after **http://**, enter **www.ektron.com**.
6. Click **OK**.

Notice that the word **hyperlink** now appears in a different color. When you save this Web page and a user views it, if the user clicks **hyperlink**, a new Web page will display Ektron's home page.

NOTE If your computer has an internet connection, you can double click the hyperlink to test it.

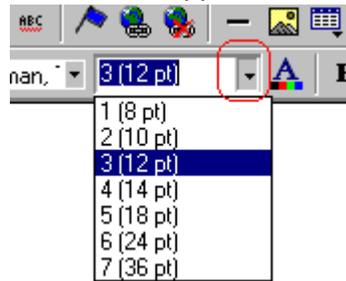
Applying a Bullet to a Line of Text

1. Press <Enter> to move the cursor down to the next line.
2. Type **You can begin a line with bullets.**
3. Click the bullet button (☐).
4. Notice that the line is indented and now begins with a bullet.
 - You can begin a line with bullets.

Changing the Size of Text

1. Press <Enter> to move the cursor down to the next line.
2. Type **Finally, you can change the font to a large size.**
3. Select the words **large size**.

- Click the down arrow to the right of the font size list. When you do, the list of available fonts appears.



- Click **5 (18 pt)**.
- Notice that **large size** is now much larger than the other text.
Congratulations! You have just created your first Web page with eWebEditPro. You have learned how to apply bold, italic, and underlining, create a hyperlink, add a bullet to a line, and change the size of the text.

This sample used only a few of the many features available. The following sections explain the rest of the details about using the product.

- To select a *single word*, place the cursor on the word and double click the mouse.

Selected text has different background and foreground colors, as illustrated below.

Horizontal Alignment	Sets the horizontal position of the entire table.
Border Color	Sets the color of the table borders unless <i>Use Default Color</i> is checked

Applying Formatting Attributes to Text

Several buttons apply formatting attributes to text, such as bold and italics. There are two ways to apply these attributes.

- Enter the text. Then, select the text and press the toolbar button. The button is now in a “pressed in” condition, and the text has the formatting attribute.
- Press the toolbar button. Then, begin typing the text. As you type, the formatting is applied.

To stop applying the formatting, press the button again. This action changes the button to a “pressed out” condition and terminates the formatting.

Table of Toolbar Buttons and Drop-Down Lists

The following table explains each toolbar button and drop-down list.

Button	Equivalent Keystroke (Internet Explorer only)	Function	For more information, see
 Cut	Ctrl+X	Remove selected text and graphics. Place that data into temporary memory, also known as the “clipboard.” (If you later cut or copy more information onto the clipboard, the new information overwrites the original information.)	
 Copy	Ctrl+C	Copy selected text and graphics into temporary memory. Leave selected data where it is. (If you later cut or copy more information into memory, the original information is lost.)	“Copying from Other Applications” on page 234
 Paste	Ctrl+V	Insert the most recently cut or copied text and graphics at the current cursor location.	
 Paste Text		Paste the contents of the clipboard as plain text. That is, all HTML tags (including images) are not pasted. This button is helpful when you want to eliminate the HTML formatting of the text being copied.	
 Replace		Launches the Search and Replace dialog box. The dialog searches for (and lets you optionally replace) text that you specify.	“Finding and Replacing Text” on page 235
 Find Next		Find next occurrence of the string entered into the Find What field of the Search and Replace dialog box.	“Finding and Replacing Text” on page 235
 Print	Ctrl+P	Print the editor content.	
 Undo	Ctrl+Z	Reverse the most recent action, as if it never occurred. You can undo as many actions as you wish.	
 Redo	Ctrl+Y	Reverse the undo action.	

Button	Equivalent Keystroke (Internet Explorer only)	Function	For more information, see
 Spell Check (manual)		Begin spell checker.	"Checking Spelling Upon Demand" on page 240
 Spell Check (automatic)		Turn on or off spell check as-you-type feature.	"Checking Spelling as You Type" on page 239
 Bookmark		Create a bookmark.	"Using Bookmarks" on page 347
 Edit Hyperlink		Change information about a hyperlink.	"Using Hyperlinks" on page 351
 Remove Hyperlink		Remove a hyperlink.	"Removing a Hyperlink" on page 356
 Horizontal Line		Insert a horizontal line.	
 Picture		Insert a picture.	"Inserting Images" on page 247
 Image Editor		Edit an image.	"Editing Images" on page 262
 Table		Insert or edit a table.	"Introduction to Tables" on page 294
 Edit in Microsoft Word		Edit content in Microsoft Word.	"Editing in Microsoft Word" on page 244
 Insert Comment		Insert a comment into the content (eWebEditPro+XML only)	"Inserting Comments within Content" on page 106
 Upload Files		Upload any external files (such as images) to the server.	"Moving an Image to the Server" on page 260

Button	Equivalent Keystroke (Internet Explorer only)	Function	For more information, see
 Upload Content		Upload the content currently in the editor to the server.	"Content Upload" in the Developer's Reference Guide
 Data Design Mode		Switches to Data Design Mode. <hr/> Button only appears when eWebEditPro configuration enables the Data Designer feature. <hr/>	"Design Mode vs. Data Entry Mode" on page 366
 Data Design Mode		Switches to Data Entry Mode. <hr/> Button only appears when eWebEditPro configuration enables the Data Designer feature. <hr/>	"Design Mode vs. Data Entry Mode" on page 366
 View as WYSIWYG		Display the page content as WYSIWYG (What You See Is What You Get). WYSIWYG is the ability to see in the editor what will appear when user views the Web page.	
 View as HTML		Display the page content as HTML.	"Viewing and Editing HTML" on page 357
 Number		Begin the line on which the cursor rests with a number. If the line above this line is <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • not numbered, assign this line 1 • numbered, assign a number one more than the line above 	
 Bullet		Begin the line on which the cursor rests (or all selected lines) with a bullet (•).	
 Indent		Increase or decrease the current line's distance from the left margin.	

Button	Equivalent Keystroke (Internet Explorer only)	Function	For more information, see
 <p>Left, Center, and Right Justify</p>		<p>Align paragraph so that it is arranged</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • evenly on the left side (uneven on the right) <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • in the center of each line • evenly on the right side (uneven on the left) • evenly on right and left side 	
 About eWebEditPro		<p>Display a dialog box that shows your version of eWebEditPro and your license keys.</p>	
 Remove Style		<p>Remove all style information applied to selected text. (You apply styles using the Style dropdown list.) For example</p> <p>Before</p> <pre><P class=note>This is initial content. </P></pre> <p>After</p> <pre><P>This is initial content.</P></pre>	
<p>Style</p> 		<p>Display a list of styles. Users can select from the list to apply a style to selected text. Note that the list can change depending on the formatting of the selected line. Your Webmaster determines which styles are available.</p>	
<p>Heading Size</p> 		<p>Change the heading size. Your Webmaster determines which heading sizes are available.</p>	

Button	Equivalent Keystroke (Internet Explorer only)	Function	For more information, see
 Font Style		Change the font style. Your Webmaster determines which fonts are available. <hr/> Note: If more than one font appears in a selection, the browser on the reader's PC tries to display text using the first font. If the browser cannot find that font, it tries to use the second, etc. <hr/>	
 Font Size		Change the font size. Your Webmaster determines which font sizes are available.	
 Font Color		Change the font color.	
 Background Color		Change the background color of the text. <hr/> Note: To remove background color from selected text, click the Normal button (). <hr/>	
 Bold	Ctrl+B	Make the text bold .	
 Italic	Ctrl+I	Make the text <i>italic</i> .	
 Underline	Ctrl+U	Make the text <u>underlined</u> .	
 Normal		Remove all formatting from selected text.	
nbsp		Insert a blank space character. Although you can add spaces in the editor using the <space> bar on the keyboard, those spaces are ignored when the content appears by a browser.	

Button	Equivalent Keystroke (Internet Explorer only)	Function	For more information, see
 Copyright		Insert copyright symbol.	
 Registered Trademark		Insert registered trademark symbol.	
TM		Insert trademark symbol.	
 and  Special Characters		Insert special characters (such as £ μ Ñ) from a drop down list. To view the list, click the black down arrow.	

The Data Designer feature also has a toolbar. For information, see ["Using the Data Designer" on page 363](#).

Position Objects Options

These buttons let you absolutely position elements (pictures, tables, etc.) anywhere on a page.

WARNING! Some older browsers (for example, Netscape 4) do not display absolutely positioned elements. Absolute position uses the style attribute. If you use this feature, the content is not compatible with all browsers.

Button	Function
 Position	Lets you move selected table or image anywhere on the screen.
 Lock	"Locks" selected table or image at its current screen position. Nothing can move a locked object. To move the object, unlock it by clicking this button again.
 Move to Front	If two or more images overlay each other, moves the selected image in front of the others.

Button	Function
 Move to Back	If two or more images overlay each other, moves the selected image behind the others.
 Move Forward	If two or more images overlay each other, moves the selected image one level closer to the front.
 Move Backward	If two or more images overlay each other, moves the selected image one level closer to the back.
 Above Text	If text overlays an image, move the image in front of the text.
 Below Text	If an image overlays text, move the text in front of the image.

Text Direction Options

The text direction menu options () allow bi-directional editing of text, which is useful for Arabic, Farsi and Hebrew. The client computer must also support the language.

The text buttons determine the editing direction, while the edit buttons determine the side of the editor that displays the scroll bar.

For right-to left languages, such as Arabic, Farsi and Hebrew, the text editing would be “right to left”, and the scroll bar would be on the left side.

For western European languages, the text editing would be “left to right”, and the scroll bar would be on the right side.

Button	Function
 Left-Right Text	Text is entered left to right.
 Right-Left Text	Text is entered right to left.

Button	Function
 Left-Right Edit	The vertical scroll bar appears on the right side of the window.
 Right-Left Edit	The vertical scroll bar appears on the left side of the window.

Form Elements Toolbar

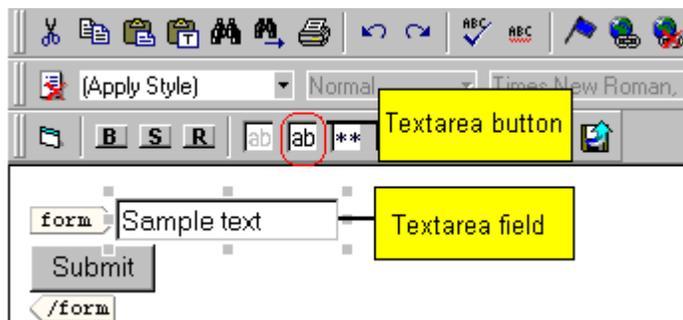


This toolbar lets you insert the elements of an HTML form into the editor. You begin by clicking the Forms button (). Next, add the fields and buttons that make up your form. The buttons are described in "Buttons of the Form Elements Toolbar" on page 225.

NOTE This documentation does not explain how to create HTML forms. Many books and Web sites are dedicated to this subject, such as http://www.w3schools.com/html/html_forms.asp.

Updating Form or Element Information

If you want change a form or an element, click the form or element within the editor then click the element's toolbar button. For example, to update the textarea field in the illustration below, click the field then click the text area button (circled in red below).



When you do, a dialog appears with the element's information. Update as needed.

Replacing Form or Element Information

To replace a form element with another, follow these steps.

1. Click the element to be replaced.
2. Click the new element's toolbar button.
3. Complete the dialog that appears.

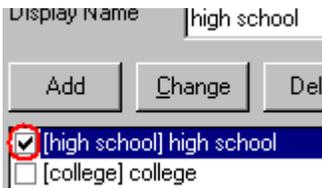
When you close the dialog, the new element and its information replace the old element.

Buttons of the Form Elements Toolbar

Button	Function
 Form	<p>Inserts opening and closing form tags. For example:</p> <pre><form name="Test" action="http://localhost/ewebeditpro4/formtest.htm" method="post"> </form></pre> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the form:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name • Action page • Method • Encode Type
 Button	<p>Inserts a button. For example:</p> <pre><input type="button" value="Test Button" name="Test" /></pre> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the button:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name • Button caption

Button	Function
 Submit button	<p>Inserts a submit button. For example:</p> <pre data-bbox="486 269 972 293"><input type="submit" value="Submit" /></pre> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the submit button:</p> <ul data-bbox="486 396 686 420" style="list-style-type: none"> • Button caption
 Reset button	<p>Inserts a reset button. For example:</p> <pre data-bbox="486 504 1008 527"><input type="reset" value="Reset Page" /></pre> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the reset button:</p> <ul data-bbox="486 631 686 655" style="list-style-type: none"> • Button caption
 Hidden text field	<p>Inserts a hidden text field. For example:</p> <pre data-bbox="486 738 1146 788"><input type="hidden" value="This is initial content" name="mycontent" /></pre> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the hidden text field:</p> <ul data-bbox="486 889 601 960" style="list-style-type: none"> • Name • Value
 Text field	<p>Inserts a text field. For example:</p> <pre data-bbox="486 1046 1310 1095"><input size="15" value="This is initial content" name="mycontent" /></pre> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the text field:</p> <ul data-bbox="486 1197 1289 1352" style="list-style-type: none"> • Name • Value • Size (the number of characters in the field. If a user's entry exceeds the size, the field scrolls to the right.)

Button	Function
 Password	<p>Inserts a password field. For example:</p> <pre data-bbox="486 269 1150 293"><input type="password" value="" name="mypassword" /></pre> <hr/> <p>A password differs from a free text field in that the user entry appears as asterisks (*), <i>not</i> to the actual characters. This is done to prevent an onlooker from seeing the password.</p> <hr/> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the password field:</p> <ul data-bbox="486 566 1290 717" style="list-style-type: none"> • Name • Value • Size (the number of characters in the field. If a user's entry exceeds the size, the field scrolls to the right.)
 Textarea field	<p>Inserts a textarea field. For example:</p> <pre data-bbox="486 797 1265 844"><textarea name="mycontent" rows="5" cols="40">This is initial content</textarea></pre> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the textarea field:</p> <ul data-bbox="486 948 629 1117" style="list-style-type: none"> • Name • Value • Columns • Rows
 Radio button	<p>Inserts a radio button. For example:</p> <pre data-bbox="486 1203 1200 1226"><input type="radio" checked="checked" name="mybutton" /></pre> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the textarea field:</p> <ul data-bbox="486 1330 736 1445" style="list-style-type: none"> • Name • Value • Default is Checked

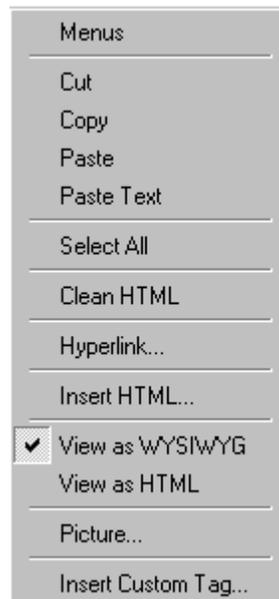
Button	Function
 Check box	<p>Inserts a check box. For example:</p> <pre><input type="checkbox" checked="checked" name="mycheckbox" /></pre> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the check box:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name • Value • Default is Checked
 Select box	<p>Inserts a selection box. For example:</p> <pre><select multiple="multiple" size="25" name="myselectbox"> <option value="option1">option1</option> <option value="option2">option2</option> </select></pre> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the select box:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Name • Size (the number of characters in the field. If a user's entry exceeds the size, the field scrolls to the right.) • Allow multiple (determines if a user responding to this selection box can choose more than one option) • Option name (the internal value assigned to this option) • Display name (the user sees this text in the selection box) <p>This dialog also has three buttons, described below. Add - lets you add a new option to the selection box Change -lets you change the selected option's option name or display name Delete - removes option from selection list</p> <p>Note that you can place a check mark next to an option to specify that option as a default value on the form.</p>  <p>If you place a check mark next to an option, the user only needs to press <Tab> to select the option, as opposed to placing the cursor next to the option and clicking the mouse.</p>

Button	Function
 File Upload	<p>Inserts a File Upload field and a Browse button. For example:</p> <pre data-bbox="486 269 1035 293"><input type="file" size="10" name="Save" /></pre> <p>When you click this button, a dialog box prompts you to enter the following information for the File Upload:</p> <ul data-bbox="486 396 1292 500" style="list-style-type: none"> • Name • Size (the number of characters in the field. If a user's entry exceeds the size, the field scrolls to the right.)

The Context Sensitive Menu

This section explains the functions available on the menu that appears when you right click the mouse within the eWebEditPro editor. You can also access this menu by pressing the application key ()

Because this menu can change depending on what you are doing, it is called a *context-sensitive* menu.



NOTE A different context-sensitive menu is available when your cursor is within a table. That menu is described in [“The Table Context Sensitive Menu”](#) on page 304.

The following table lists the menu options and where to get more information on each.

Menu Option	Lets you	For more information, see
Menus	View all toolbar menus.	"Using eWebEditPro without a Mouse" on page 361
Cut	Remove selected text and graphics. Place that data into temporary memory. If you later cut or copy more information into memory, the information in memory is lost.	
Copy	Copy selected text and graphics into temporary memory. Leave selected data where it is. (If you later cut or copy more information into memory, the original information is lost.)	"Copying from Other Applications" on page 234
Paste	Insert the most recently cut or copied text and graphics at the current cursor location.	
Paste Text	Paste the contents of the clipboard as plain text. That is, all HTML tags (including images) are not pasted. This button is helpful when you want to eliminate the HTML formatting of the text being copied.	
Select All	Select all information on your page. After you select it, you can cut it, copy it, etc.	
Clean HTML	Remove unnecessary HTML tags	"Cleaning HTML" on page 359
Hyperlink	Create a link to another Web page or a spot within the current page	"Using Hyperlinks" on page 351
Edit HTML	Edit your page's HTML	"Editing a Section of a Page" on page 358
Insert HTML	Insert HTML onto the page at the cursor location.	"Inserting HTML" on page 358

Menu Option	Lets you	For more information, see
Check Spelling	Compare words in the editor to Microsoft WORD spelling list.	"Checking Spelling" on page 239
View as WYSIWYG/HTML	View and edit your page's HTML	"Viewing and Editing HTML" on page 357
Picture	Insert a picture	"Inserting Images" on page 247
<p>These options only appear if your site is using eWebEditPro+XML:</p> <p>Insert Custom tag, <i>tag name</i> tag Attributes, <i>tag name</i> tag Properties</p>	Work with XML tags	"Editing XML Web Pages" on page 354 only available in the eWebEditPro+XML User Guide

Using eWebEditPro's Advanced Features

Most of eWebEditPro's features are easy to learn. For example, to make your text bold, you **select** the text, and click the bold button (**B**).

However, some of eWebEditPro's features are more complex. For example, when creating a table, you must make several decisions: the number of rows and columns, the size of the border, the spacing between cells, etc.

Copying from Other Applications

You can copy information from most other Windows applications into eWebEditPro and retain the formatting from the original application. In general, copying from another application involves these steps.

1. Sign on to the application in which the information resides.
2. **Select** the information to be copied.
3. Press <Ctrl>+<C>.
4. Go to eWebEditPro.
5. Press <Ctrl>+<V> to paste the selected information.

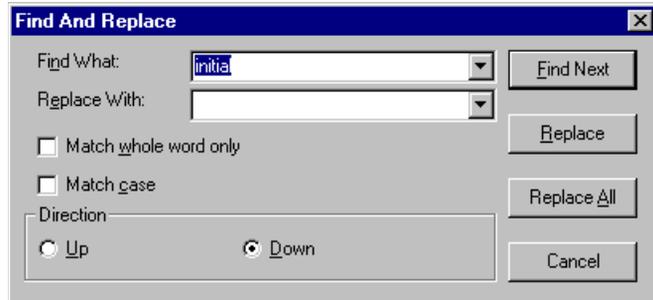
Note that you can only copy content, not background information that generates content.

So, for example, you can copy the values in a spreadsheet but not the formulas used to generate those values. Also, copying dynamic fields from Microsoft WORD would retrieve the current value of the fields but not the variables that generate those values.

It's a good idea to experiment with copying from different sources to test the results.

Finding and Replacing Text

To find (and optionally replace) text on your Web page, click the Replace button (). When you do, the Find and Replace dialog box appears.



You can use this dialog box to simply find text, or to find text and replace it with other text. Each option is explained below.

NOTE

You can also use this dialog to delete text that appears repeatedly. To do so, follow the directions in "Finding and Replacing Text" on page 235 and enter nothing in the **Replace With** field.

Finding Text

1. In the **Find What** field, type the text that you want to find in the content.
2. Set dialog box options (see "Additional Options on the Dialog Box" on page 236).
3. Click **Find Next** to find the next occurrence of the "find" text.

Finding and Replacing Text

1. In the **Find What** field, type the text that you want to find.

2. In the **Replace With** field, type the text to replace the “find” text.
3. Set dialog box options (see “Additional Options on the Dialog Box” on page 236).
4. If you want to
 - replace all occurrences of the “find” text with the “replace” text, click **Replace All**.

NOTE

You can undo replacements one at a time using the Undo button ()

- replace only the highlighted term with the “replace” text, click **Replace**.
 - find the next occurrence of the “find” text (and optionally replace it with the “replace” text), click **Find Next**.
 - change the highlighted term using the editor, exit the Find and Replace dialog, move to the term and edit as needed.
To restart the search, press the Find Next button ().
5. Continue to find and optionally replace or edit until you reach the end of the text.

Additional Options on the Dialog Box

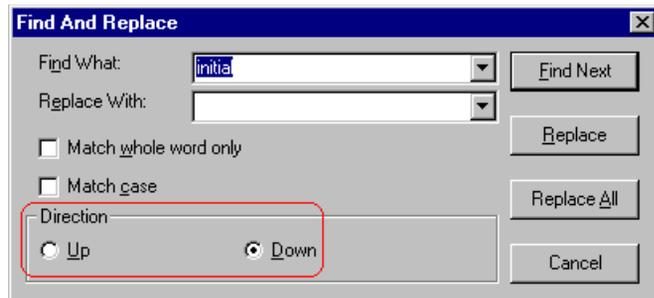
The dialog box also lets you specify

- a search direction
- if the search considers the **case** (upper or lower) of the search term
- whole word **match**

Specifying a Search Direction

The search begins where the cursor is when you click **Find Next**. To make sure you locate every occurrence of a term, place the cursor at the top of the content before beginning the search.

If you begin the search from somewhere other than the top of the page, use the **Direction** field to search from the current location to the top or bottom of the file.

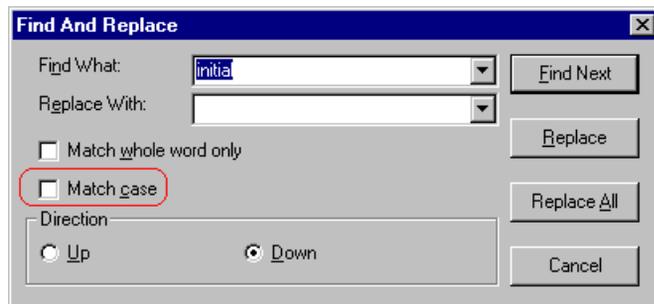


To search from the cursor location to the	Click this option in the Direction field
end of the page	Down
top of the page	Up

Considering the Case of a Search Term

By default, the search ignores the case (upper or lower) of a search term. In other words, if you enter **Bob** in the **Find What** field, the search finds bob, Bob, BOB, etc.

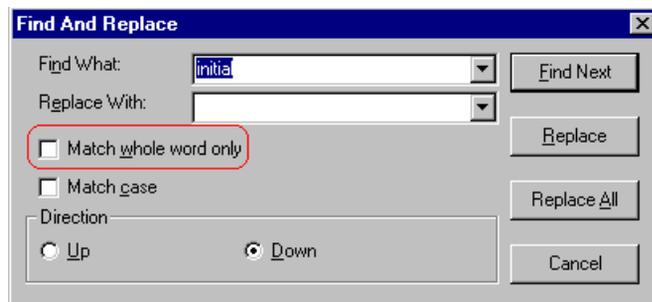
If you want the search to be case sensitive, use the **Match case** check box on the Find window. If you enter **Bob** in the **Find What** field and place a check in the **Match case** box, the search only stops at Bob, not bob or BOB.



Whole Word Match

By default, the search finds any occurrence of the text that you type into the **Find what** field. For example, if you enter **the**, the search finds the word **the**, as well as those letters embedded in other words, such as **others** and **theater**.

If you want the search to find only whole word occurrences of the text you type into the **Find what** field, click the **Match whole words only** box in the Find dialog box.



Checking Spelling

The **eWebEditPro** editor can check your spelling as you type or whenever you want to check it. The rest of this section explains

- [Disabling Script Blocking](#)
- [Check Spelling as You Type](#)
- [Checking Spelling Upon Demand](#)
- [Spell Checking Selected Text](#)
- [Setting Spell Check Options](#)

Disabling Script Blocking

If Norton Antivirus™ 2001 is installed on your computer, you need to disable script blocking in order to use the spell checker. If you do not disable script blocking, an error message will appear whenever you check spelling.

To do this, follow these steps.

1. Launch Norton Antivirus™ 2001.
2. From the first window, click **Options**.
3. On the next window, click **Script Blocking**.
4. On the script blocking window, uncheck **Enable Script Blocking**.
5. Press **OK**.

Checking Spelling as You Type

You can have the editor check spelling as you type. To turn on the spell-check-as-you-type feature, click the automatic spell check button ()

When you click the button, the spell checker reviews every word in the file. A wavy red line () appears under any word whose spelling is not found in the system's dictionary.

The spell checker continues to review each word as you type it, marking any words not in the dictionary.

NOTE Depending on the speed of your computer, there may be a short delay between the time you type an incorrect word and when the wavy red line appears. Also, the spell check does not check a word until you enter a space character after the word.

Fixing Spelling Errors

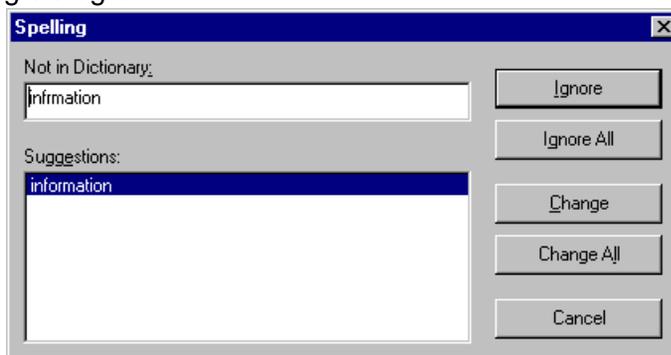
There are two ways to fix a spelling error (indicated by a wavy red line).

- Click the misspelled word and then right click. A menu displays words that are similar to the misspelled word. Click the correct word.
- If you know the correct spelling, type the correction.

Checking Spelling Upon Demand

If you do not want to use the spell-check-as-you-type feature, you can begin spell checking whenever you wish. To do this, click the spell check button ().

When you do, the system checks each word in the file. If the spell check finds a word in none of the dictionaries, it displays the Spelling dialog box.



The Spelling Dialog Box

The Spelling dialog box displays

- the word not in the dictionary (in the **Not in Dictionary** field).
- suggested spellings for the word (in the **Suggestions** field).
The most likely replacement is selected at the top of the list.
- buttons that let you ignore the word, change the word, or exit.

If you want to	Do this
Replace the word with one of the suggestions and continue spell checking the page.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Click the suggested word. 2. Click Change.
Replace <i>every occurrence</i> of the word with one of the suggestions and continue spell checking the page.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Click the suggested word. 2. Click Change All.
Correct the spelling of the word by typing it and continue spell checking the page.	<ol style="list-style-type: none"> 1. Click in the Not In Dictionary field. 2. Correct the spelling. 3. Click Change.
Leave the word as is; continue spell checking the page. You would normally do this if a word (such as a company name) is spelled correctly even though it is not in the dictionary.	Click Ignore .
Leave the word as is; continue spell checking the page, ignoring all other occurrences of the word.	Click Ignore All .
Stop spell checking.	Click Cancel .

Spell Checking Selected Text

To check the spelling for a single word or a group of words, follow these steps.

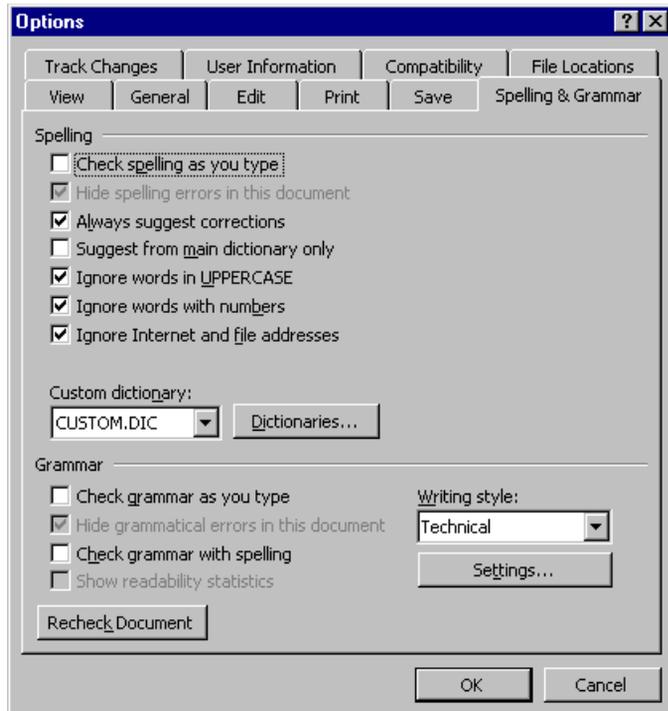
1. **Select** the text that you want to spell check.
2. Press the manual spell check button ()

3. The spell checker reviews the words in the selected text and stops at any word not in the dictionary. For documentation of options when a misspelled word is found, see [“The Spelling Dialog Box” on page 241](#).
4. When the spell checker finishes reviewing the words in the selected text, it displays the following message
Finished checking selection. Do you want to check the rest of the document?
Click **Yes** to spell check the rest of the document (including text above the selected text).
Click **No** to stop the spell checker.

Setting Spell Check Options

eWebEditPro can use Microsoft Word's spell checking feature (your Webmaster makes this decision).

If your installation uses Word, Word's Spelling & Grammar window (available from the **Tools - > Options** menu) has settings that affect the operation of the spell check.



Specifically, you can set the spell check feature to check or ignore

- words in UPPERCASE (for example, XYLOGIC)
- words with numbers (for example, mp3)
- Internet and file addresses (for example, <http://www.ektron.com/>)

As an example, if you check the box to the left of **Ignore Words in UPPERCASE**, eWebEditPro's spell check does not consider words in all uppercase characters.

You also use the custom dictionary section of the screen to identify custom dictionaries for the spell check to reference.

The spell check feature does not use the other fields on this screen.

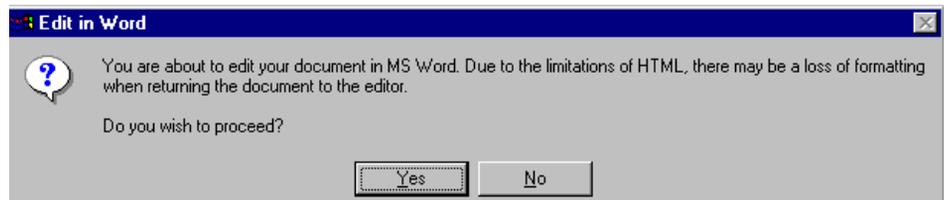
Editing in Microsoft Word

If your computer has Microsoft Word 2000 or greater, you can edit content within Word. You may prefer to do this because of familiarity with Word's user interface, and to use additional functionality available in Word.

NOTE Some Word formatting may not be compatible with HTML and, as a result, not be transferred to eWebEditPro.

To edit with Word, follow these steps.

1. Open **eWebEditPro**.
2. Press the Word toolbar button (.
3. The following dialog may appear, warning you that some Word formatting may not be transferred back to **eWebEditPro**. Press **Yes** if you still want to edit in Word.



4. Microsoft Word opens. Any content that was in **eWebEditPro** when you pressed the Word button is copied to Word.
5. Edit content as desired.
6. Press **File -> Close**.
7. Another warning like the one in Step 3 may appear. Press **Yes** to copy the edited content back to **eWebEditPro**.
8. When done, return to **eWebEditPro** and press the Word toolbar button again.

9. If you change your mind and decide to restore the content to the way it was before you edited it in Word, press the undo button (↶).

If you want to restore the Word changes after pressing Undo, press the redo button (↷).

Uploading an Image in a Microsoft Word Document

If you insert an image into the Word content and then paste that content or save it, the following dialog box appears. The box lists all images in the content and asks if you want to copy them from your computer to your organization's Web server.

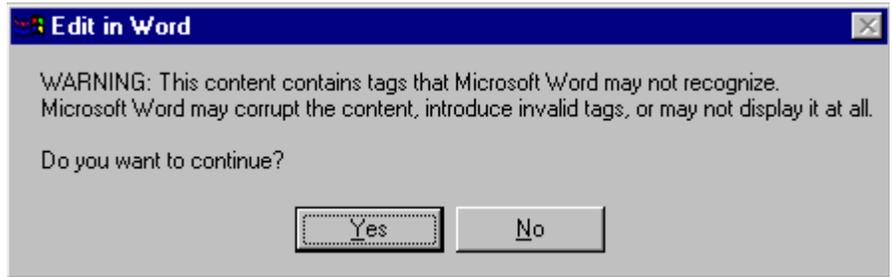


If you are ready to publish your Web content and want to display the image, click **Update Now**. If you plan to add more content later, you can click **Upload Later** and upload all images at that time.

Editing XML Documents

If your organization has implemented **eWebEditPro+XML**, you cannot edit XML documents using Microsoft Word. This is because Word does not support XML editing. If a full XML document is loaded, the Word button (Ⓜ) is disabled.

If a Word document includes *some* custom/XML tags, the following dialog appears, warning you about the problem.

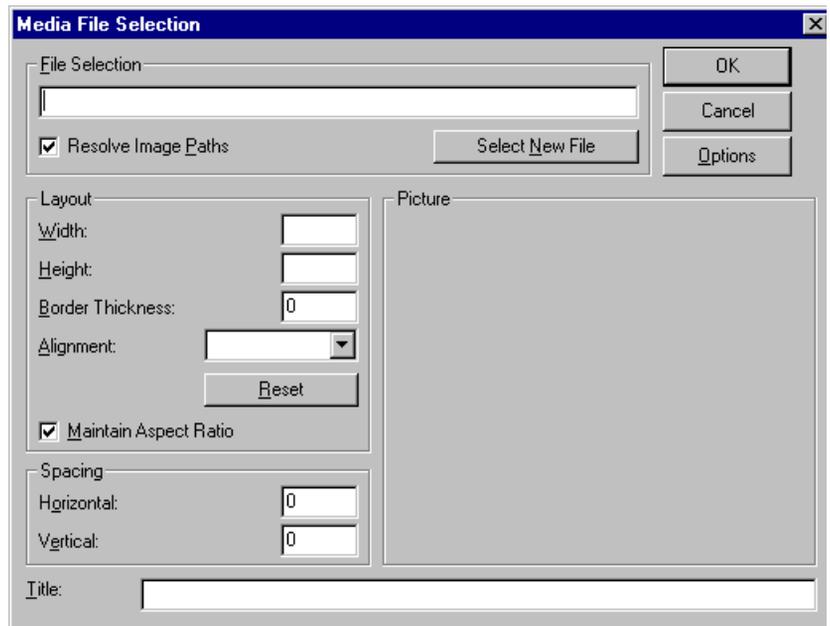


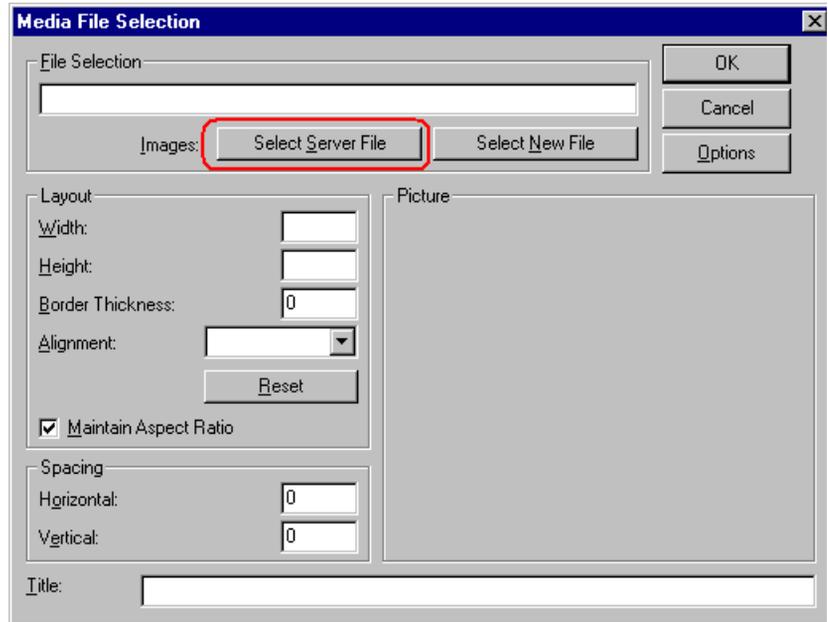
You can proceed and edit using Word or decide not to edit using Word.

Inserting Images

To insert a picture into the editor, place the cursor where you want the image to appear and click the Insert Picture button (). When you click the button, one of the two Picture Properties dialog boxes illustrated below appears, depending on how your Webmaster has set up your system.

The dialog boxes are very similar, with the only difference being that the **Select Server File** button only appears on the second dialog box.





You can also access this dialog box to modify a picture after you insert it. To do this, follow these steps.

1. Click the picture.
2. Right click the mouse.
3. Click **Picture** from the menu.

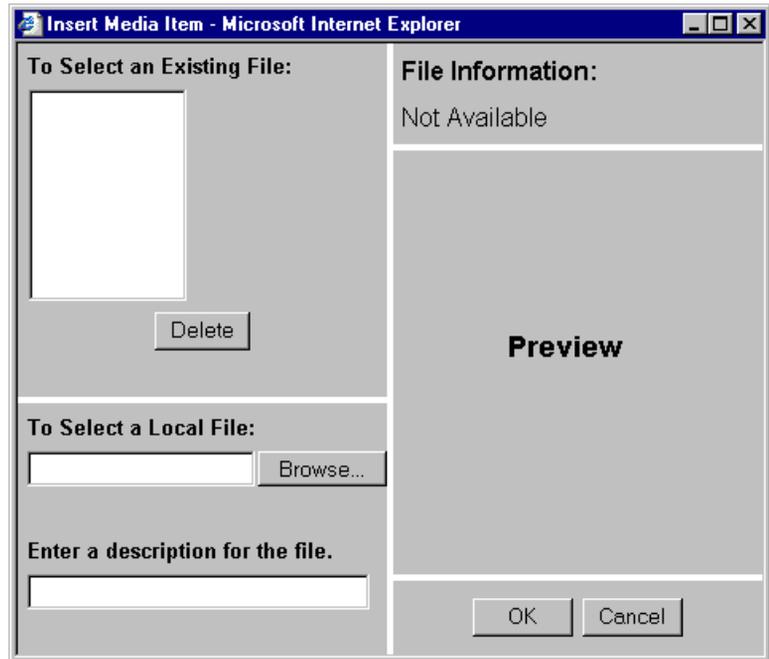
If you see the first dialog box, proceed to [“Using the First Picture Properties Dialog Box” on page 248](#). If you see the second dialog box, proceed to [“Using the Second Media Selection Dialog Box” on page 252](#).

Using the First Picture Properties Dialog Box

When the first Picture Properties dialog box appears, click the **Select New File** button. When you do, the Insert Media Item dialog box appears.

This box and lets you insert a picture [from your computer](#) (and any network folder available to your computer), or [from the Web server](#)

to which your computer is connected. Both choices are described below.



Inserting a Picture from the Server

The top left corner of the dialog box (Illustrated below) lists the pictures on the Web server.



Pictures that you previously inserted appear on this list, as do pictures inserted by other users connected to that server.

To insert a picture from the server, follow these steps.

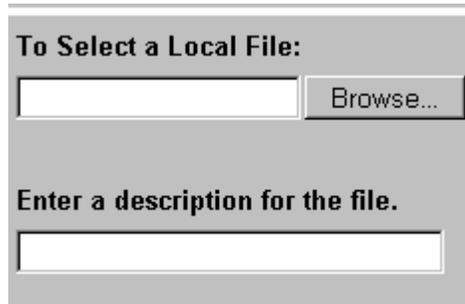
1. Click the picture from the **To Select an Existing File** field that you want to insert.
2. Information about the picture's file size, width and height appears in the upper right corner of the dialog box.
3. If you want to view a picture before inserting it, click **Preview** (on the right side of the dialog box).
4. Click **OK**.
5. The Picture Properties dialog box reappears. Here, you can change the properties of the picture. For more information, see
 - [“Adjusting a Picture” on page 253](#)
 - [“Setting a Border” on page 255](#)
 - [“Aligning the Picture” on page 256](#)
 - [“Adding Space around the Picture” on page 258](#)
6. Click **OK** to insert the picture into the editor.

Deleting a Picture from the Server

To delete a picture from the server, select the picture and click the **Delete** button.

Inserting a Picture from Your Computer

Use the lower left corner of the dialog box to insert pictures from your computer (and any network folder available to your computer) into the editor.



To Select a Local File:

Enter a description for the file.

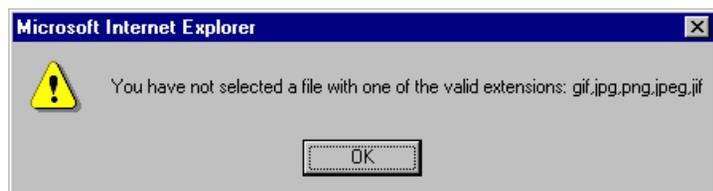
NOTE You can only select files in the **To Select a Local File:** field if your computer has permission to upload files to the server.

To insert a picture from your computer, follow these steps.

1. Click the **Browse** button.
2. Navigate to the file that you want to insert and press **Open** to insert it.

Your Webmaster can set a maximum size (in kilobytes) for images. If you select an image that exceeds the maximum, an error message appears and you cannot insert it.

Your Webmaster can also restrict the type of image file you can insert. For example, if your Webmaster does not authorize you to insert bitmap (.bmp) files and you try to do so, an error message lists valid file extensions, and you cannot insert the image.



3. Click in the **Enter a description for the file** field. Enter a title to describe the file.
4. After you insert the picture, the title appears in the dialog box's top left corner to identify the picture to you and all users connected to the same Web server.

NOTE The title is also the `alt` text for the image. The `alt` text appears in place of the image on the Web page if the image itself cannot display for any reason.

5. Information about the picture's file size, width and height appears in the upper right corner of the dialog box.
6. If you want to view a picture before inserting it, click **Preview** (on the right side of the dialog box).
7. Click **OK**.
8. The Picture Properties dialog box reappears. Here, you can change the picture's properties. For more information, see
 - “Adjusting a Picture” on page 253
 - “Setting a Border” on page 255
 - “Aligning the Picture” on page 256
 - “Adding Space around the Picture” on page 258
 - “Editing the Picture's Title” on page 259
9. Click **OK** to insert the picture into the editor.

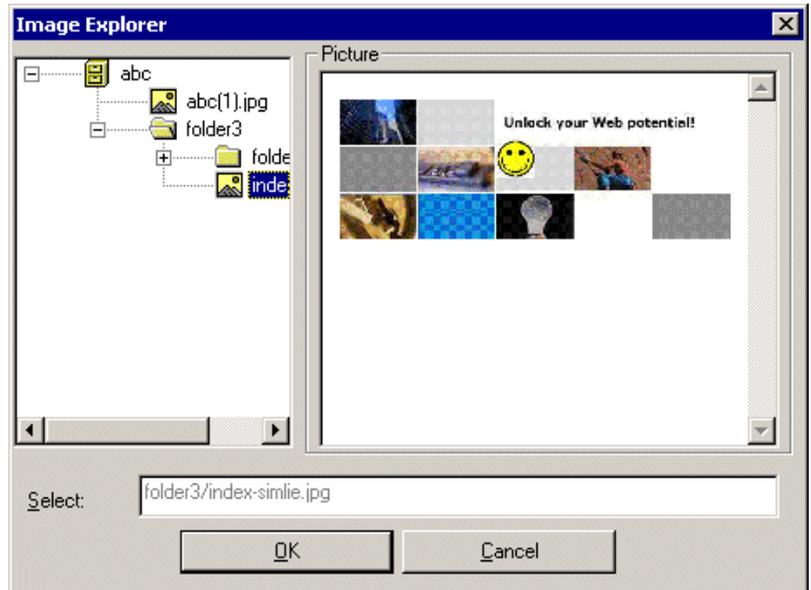
Using the Second Media Selection Dialog Box

When using the second Media Selection dialog box, you can insert a picture from any folder available to your computer (whether the folder is on your computer or a remote computer) or from the Web server. Your Webmaster determines which pictures are available on the Web server.

To insert a picture from

- a folder available to your computer, click **Select New File**, navigate to the file of interest, and click **OK**.
- the Web server, click the **Select Server File** button. You are prompted to enter a **User Name** and **Password**. Your Webmaster assigns these codes to you, which are needed to copy the file to the Web server.

Next, the Image Explorer dialog appears (illustrated below). Navigate through the folder structure until you find the image. Then click **OK** to insert the image into **eWebEditPro**.



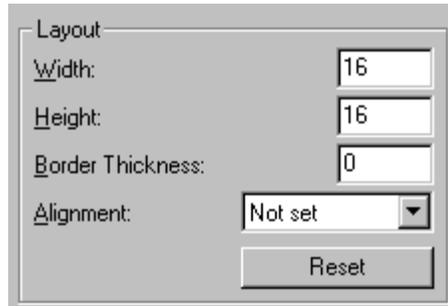
The Picture Properties Dialog Box

You can also use the Picture Properties dialog box to

- adjust the picture's **width**, **height**, **border thickness**, and **alignment**
- **reset** the image's properties width, height, border thickness, and alignment to their original specifications
- set **spacing** between the picture and surrounding information on the page
- enter or edit the picture's **title**
- view **technical information** about your connection

Adjusting a Picture

The layout area of the Picture Properties dialog box lets you adjust a picture's width, height, border thickness, and alignment.



You can use the following fields to adjust the picture before inserting it into the editor.

To make this change	Use this field
The width of the picture, in pixels	Width
The height of the picture, in pixels	Height
Add a border around the picture	Border Thickness For more information, see “Setting a Border” on page 255
Adjust the alignment of the picture	Alignment For more information, see “Aligning the Picture” on page 256

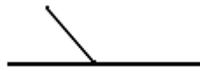
WARNING! If you substantially adjust the picture’s height and/or width, the picture may be distorted when users view your Web page.

Pixels

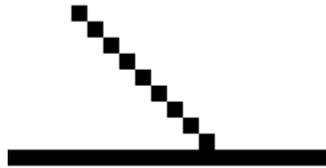
A pixel is a single point in a graphic image.

Computer monitors display pictures by dividing the screen into thousands of pixels, arranged in rows and columns. The pixels are so close together that they appear connected.

Below is an image shown at regular size and then enlarged so you can see the pixels that make up the picture.



regular size



enlarged to show pixels

Setting a Border

To add a border around a picture, enter the border's thickness in **pixels** in the **Border Thickness** field on the Picture Properties dialog box.

Here is a picture with a 1 pixel border. 

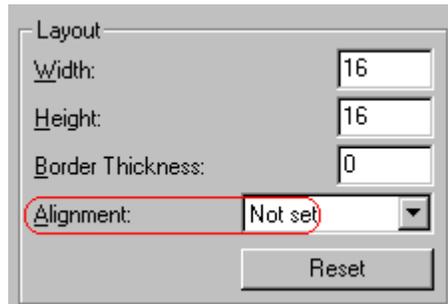


Here is the same picture with a 10 pixel border.

If the picture is not a hyperlink, its border is black. If the picture is also a hyperlink, the border is the same color as a hyperlink (for example, blue or purple if visited).

Aligning the Picture

To align a picture, use the **Alignment** field on the Picture Properties dialog box.



When deciding how to align a picture, you need to become familiar with these terms.

- *baseline* of text - the imaginary line on which the text lies. Some letters (such as g, p and y) have *descenders*, segments of letters that extend below the baseline
- *bottom* of text - the lowest section of a line to which a descender extends
- *top* of text - the highest spot of a line to which any segment of a letter extends
- *vertical center* - the midpoint between the top and bottom of the line

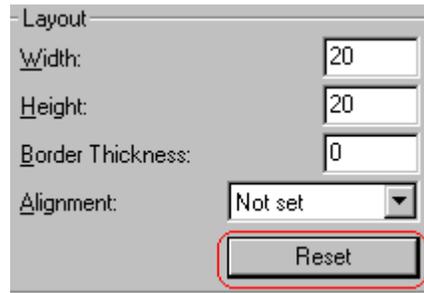


The following table lists your alignment choices.

To align	Click this in the Alignment field	Illustration
The picture on the left margin, allowing subsequent text to wrap around it	Left	
The picture on the right margin, allowing subsequent text to wrap around it	Right	
The top of the picture with the top of the text	Text Top, Top	
The vertical center of the picture with the <i>baseline</i> of the text	Middle	
The vertical center of the picture with the <i>vertical center</i> of the text	AbsMiddle	
The bottom of the picture with the <i>baseline</i> of the text (This is the default alignment)	Bottom, Baseline	
The bottom of the picture with the <i>bottom</i> of the text	AbsBottom	

Resetting Width, Height, Border Thickness, and Alignment

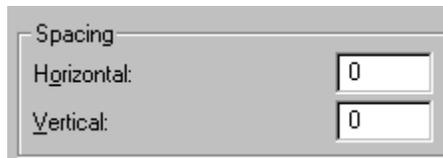
If you adjust the picture's width, height, border thickness, and/or alignment and later want to restore *all* of those settings to their original values, click the **Reset** button.



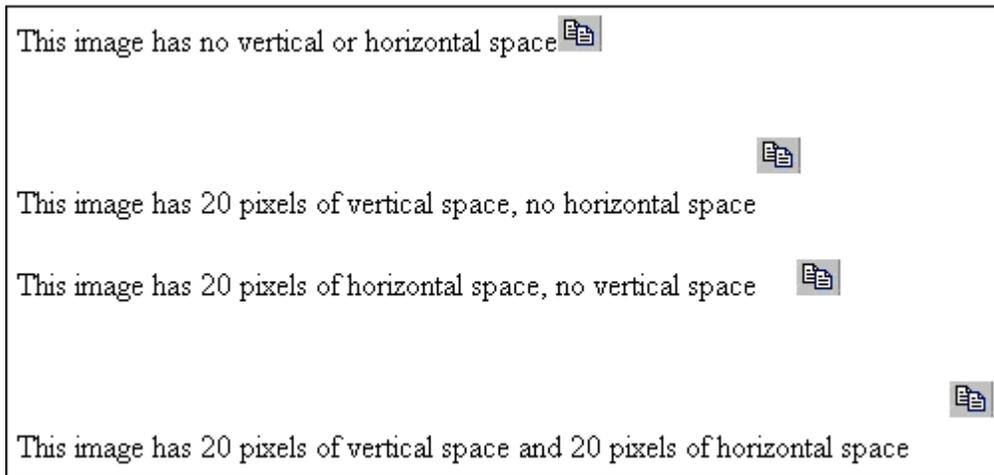
Note that you cannot selectively restore some settings -- the **Reset** button automatically restores all of them.

Adding Space around the Picture

On the Picture Properties dialog box, you can use the **Spacing** fields (**Horizontal** and **Vertical**) to add space around the picture. You enter a number of **pixels** to determine spacing value.



The following graphic illustrates the effect of adding spacing to a picture.



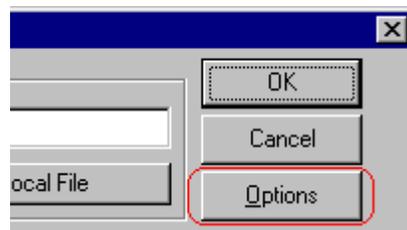
Editing the Picture's Title

The title that you entered in the Insert Media Item dialog box defaults into the **Title** field of the Media Selection dialog box. You can edit the title in this field if desired.

NOTE The title is also the `alt` text for the image. The `alt` text appears in place of the image on the Web page if the image itself cannot display for any reason.

The Options Button

When you click the **Options** button on the File Properties dialog box, the options dialog box appears. The box displays information about your connection to the Web server.

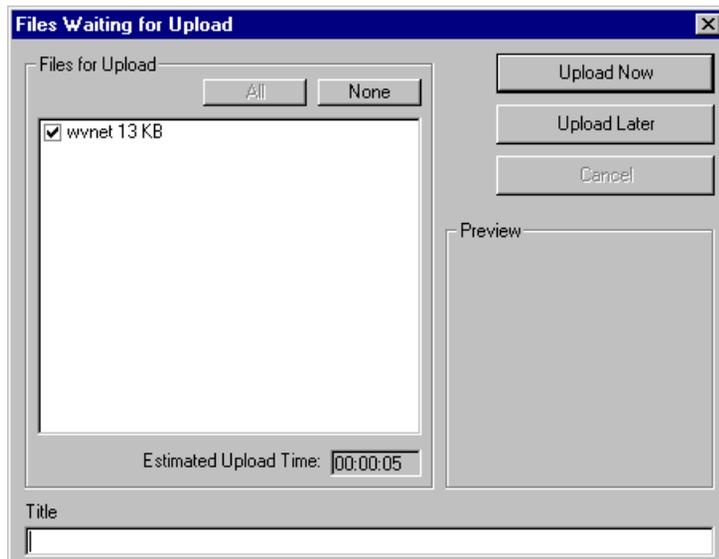


For information about these settings, see “Uploading Images” in the eWebEditPro Developer’s Reference Guide.

Moving an Image to the Server

If you insert an image from your computer into **eWebEditPro** content, that image must be moved to the server when you save the content. The image can only appear on Web pages that display it after you move it to the server.

When you save content that includes an image you inserted, the following dialog appears.



All inserted files appear in the dialog, which also estimates how long it will take to move the files to your server. If you do not want to wait that long to upload the files, click **Upload Later**. If you do this, the images will not appear on the published Web content until you move them to the server.

You can also enter a **Title** for the image near the bottom of the screen. If you do, this text appears when the user reading the Web pages moves the cursor over the image.

Deleting a Picture

If you want to delete a picture, follow these steps.

1. Move the cursor over the picture.
2. Click the mouse to select the picture.
3. Click the Cut button ()

Editing Images

WebImageFX lets you select an image from the content, edit that image, and then insert the updated image into the content. Editing consists of several functions available on the toolbar, such as

- brightening
- rotating
- changing the color depth
- inserting text

This section explains WebImageFX.

Important!

WebImageFX is an external, add-on product available from Ektron.

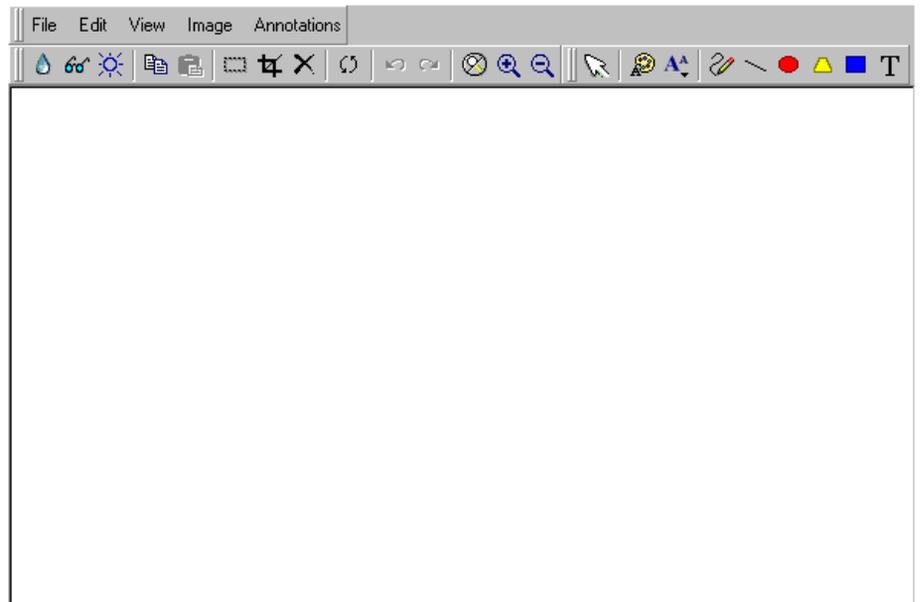
Using WebImageFX

Choosing the Image

If you double click an image, it appears within WebImageFX. You can also right click the mouse and choose **Image Editor** from the menu that appears.



WebImageFX looks similar to **eWebEditPro** but has different menu and toolbar buttons.



If the Image Edit button () appears on your toolbar, you can click it to open WebImageFX. If no image is selected when you press the button or click the menu command, a blank editor appears, and you can use the **File -> Open** command to choose an image.

Once the image is in WebImageFX, you can use the buttons and menu options to edit it. The rest of this chapter describes those buttons and menu options.

Saving the Image

When you finish editing the image, you can insert it into the content by pressing the **Exit** button (). Alternatively, you can save the image to a local or network folder using the Save button ().

When you insert the image into the content, WebImageFX checks the file extension. If the image is a .gif file, it is saved as a .png file in your temporary directory. For example test.gif is saved as

```
C:\Documents and Settings\your user name\Local  
Settings\Temp\test.png.
```

Any other file type is saved in your temporary directory without changing the file extension, *unless* you use the Save As option. For example, you save test.jpg as test.png.

Assigning a Name to a New Image

If you create an image in WebImageFX, and then exit WebImageFX and return to **eWebEditPro**, the system assigns the image a random name, such as WIF50A.jpg.

If you want to assign a different name and/or folder to the image, use the Save as command.

See Also: ["Save As" on page 287](#)

Toolbar Buttons and Menu Commands

The following tables list each toolbar button and menu command. They are followed by a more detailed description of each function.

File Menu Options

Toolbar Button	Command	Brief Description	For more information, see
	Create New	Creates a new image.	"Create New" on page 274
	Open	Selects an image to edit.	"Open" on page 280
	Save	Saves changes to an image.	"Save" on page 286
	Save As	Saves the current image under a different name or format.	"Save As" on page 287
	Twain Acquire	Performs a single page scan. Before scanning, you must select a source using the Twain Source command.	"Twain Acquire" on page 291
	Twain Source	Allows the user to select a source for acquiring an image, such as a scanner or digital camera.	"Twain Source" on page 291
	Exit	Save changes and return to eWebEditPro .	"Exit" on page 276
	Exit without save	Ignore changes; return to eWebEditPro .	"Exit without Save" on page 277

Edit Menu Options

Toolbar Button	Command	Brief Description	For more information, see
	copy	Copies a selected area of an image.	"Copy" on page 274

Toolbar Button	Command	Brief Description	For more information, see
	paste as new image	Inserts copied image or area into a new file.	"Paste as New Image" on page 282
	undo	Reverses the most recent action.	"Undo" on page 292
	redo	Reapplies the changes from the command that occurred before you pressed Undo.	"Redo" on page 284
	select	Selects an area of an image. You can then perform actions on the area, such as blur and delete.	"Select" on page 288
	crop	Removes everything outside of selected area of an image.	"Crop" on page 274
	delete	Deletes selected area of an image.	"Delete" on page 275

View Menu Options

Toolbar Button	Command	Brief Description	For more information, see
	reset zoom ratio	Displays image at full size.	"Reset Zoom Ratio" on page 285
	zoom in	Increases an image's magnification.	"Zoom In" on page 292
	zoom out	Decreases an image's magnification.	"Zoom Out" on page 293

Image Menu Options

Toolbar Button	Command	Brief Description	For more information, see
	image info	Displays information about an image.	"Image Info" on page 278
	dimensions	Modifies an image's width and height.	"Dimensions" on page 275
	color depth	Changes the number of colors available to an image.	"Color Depth" on page 272
	blur	Blurs or softens an image.	"Blur" on page 268
	sharpen	Sharpens edges within an image.	"Sharpen" on page 288
	brightness	Changes an image's brightness.	"Brightness" on page 269
	contrast	Changes the difference between light and dark areas of an image.	"Contrast" on page 273
	horizontal flip	Reverses an image horizontally left to right.	"Horizontal Flip" on page 278
	vertical flip	Flips an image vertically top to bottom.	"Vertical Flip" on page 292
	rotate	Turns an image a specified number of degrees.	"Rotate" on page 285

Annotation Menu Options

Toolbar Button	Command	Brief Description	For more information, see
	pointer selection	Click an annotation to select it.	"Pointer Selection" on page 282
	choose color	Sets the color for an annotation before you insert it.	"Choose Color" on page 270
	choose font	Sets the color of text before you insert it.	"Choose Font" on page 271
	freehand	Draws a line in any shape that you want.	"Freehand" on page 277
	line	Draws a straight line.	"Line" on page 279
	oval	Draws an oval.	"Oval" on page 281
	polygon	Draws a polygon (a closed figure surrounded by straight lines).	"Polygon" on page 283
	rectangle	Draws a rectangle.	"Rectangle" on page 284
	text	Inserts text.	"Text" on page 289

Blur

Standard Toolbar Button

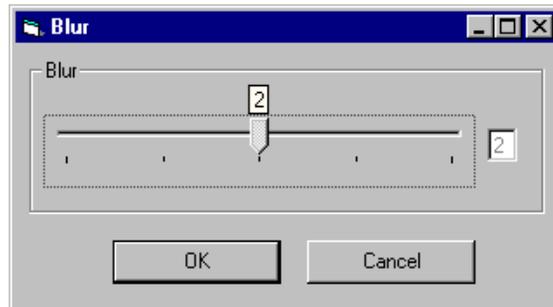


Description

Blurs or softens an image. You can select a level of blur, from 0 through 4.

If you **select** an area of the image, the command only changes that area.

Dialog Box



Brightness

Standard Toolbar Button



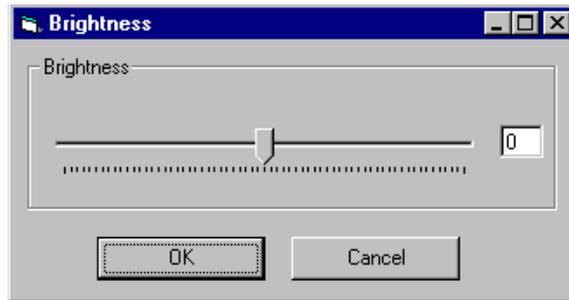
Description

Increases or decreases an image's brightness. You can select a brightness level from 32 (brightest) through -32 (darkest).

If you **select** an area of the image, the command only changes that area.

NOTE You cannot adjust brightness if the image's bit depth is 8 or fewer. See Also: "Specifying Color Depth" on page 293

Dialog Box



Choose Color

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Lets you choose the color of an annotation before you insert it.

To change an annotation's color *after* inserting it, place the cursor on the annotation and press the right mouse button to display the Attributes menu.

Dialog Box



Choose Font

Standard Toolbar Button

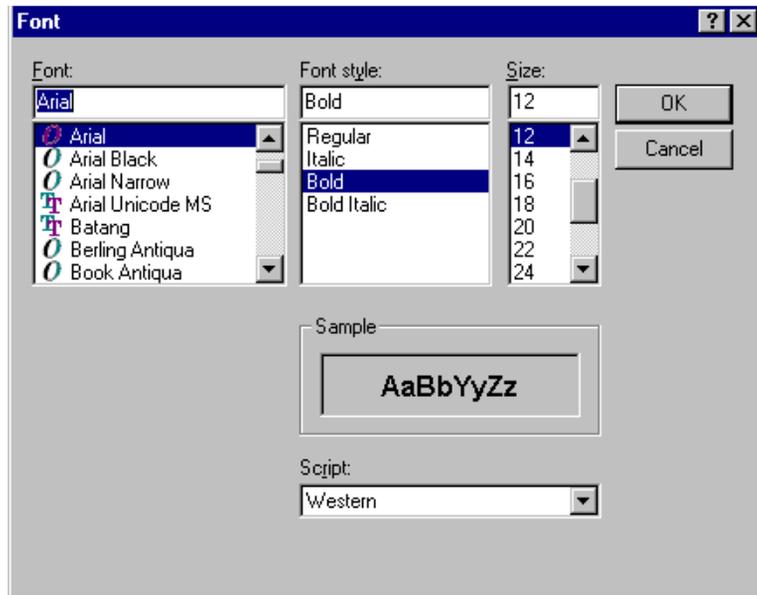


Description

Lets you choose the color of annotation text before you insert it.

To change an annotation's color *after* inserting it, place the cursor on the annotation and press the right mouse button to display the Attributes menu.

Dialog Box



Color Depth

Standard Toolbar Button

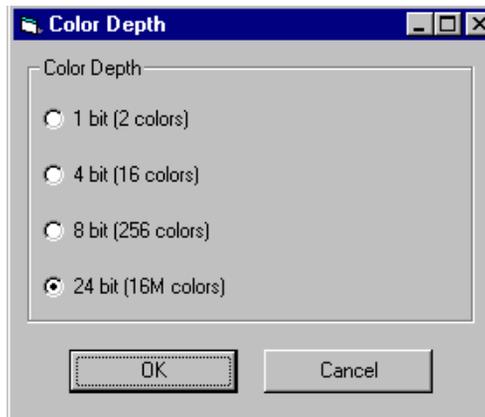


Description

Changes an image's color depth.

See Also: ["Specifying Color Depth" on page 293](#)

Dialog Box



Contrast

Standard Toolbar Button

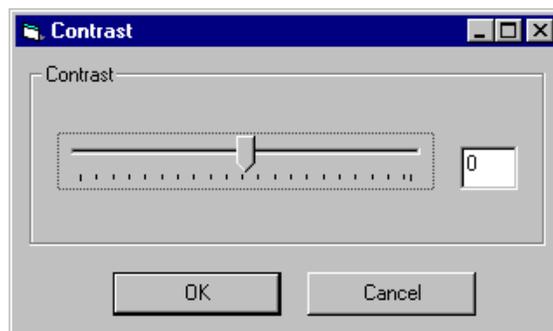


Description

Increases or decreases an image's contrast (that is, the difference between light and dark areas of an image). You can select a contrast level, from 10 through -10.

If you **select** an area of the image, the command only changes that area.

Dialog Box



Copy

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Copies a selected area of an image. After you copy an image, you can paste it using the paste command. See Also: ["Paste as New Image" on page 282](#)

To select an area of an image, use the Select command. See Also: ["Select" on page 288](#)

If you do not select an area, the entire image is copied.

Create New

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Lets you create a new image. If you are editing an image when you press this command, you are asked if you want to save changes to it first.

By default, a new image's bit depth is 24, but you can change it if desired using the color depth command.

See Also: ["Color Depth" on page 272](#)

Crop

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Keeps selected area of an image; removes everything outside that area.

To use the Crop command, follow these steps.

1. **Select** an area of an image that you want to keep.
2. Press the Crop button ().
3. Everything outside the selected area is removed.

Delete

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Removes a selected area of an image. You must **select** an area before you delete it.

The deleted area is not saved for later pasting. In contrast, if you use the Cut command, you can later paste the cut area.

Dimensions

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Let's you change an image's width and/or height, which are defined in pixels.

Maintaining Aspect Ratio

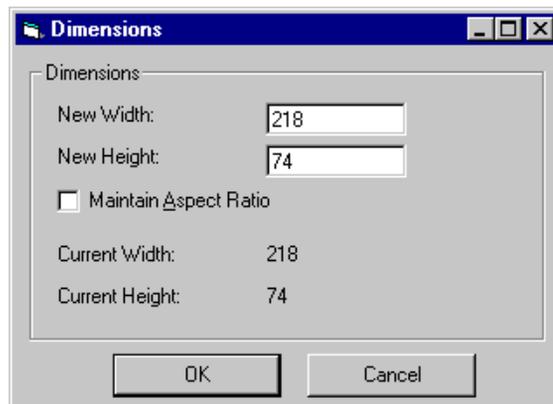
Use this check box to change an image's size while maintaining its *aspect ratio*.



Aspect ratio is the ratio of an image's width to height. For example, if a graphic has an aspect ratio of 2:1, its width is twice as large as its height.

If you check the **Maintain Aspect Ratio** box, just specify a new width -- the height is calculated automatically.

Dialog Box



Exit

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Save the change in the WebImageFX and return to **eWebEditPro**, where the updated image appears.

Exit without Save

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Ignore changes made to the image in WebImageFX. Return to eWebEditPro+XML.

Freehand

Standard Toolbar Button

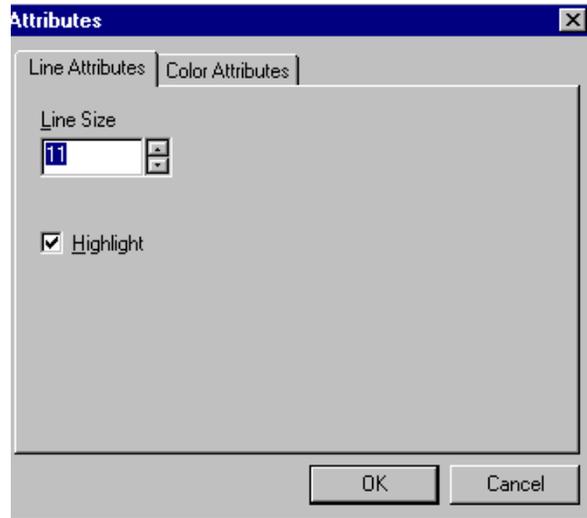


Description

Lets you draw a line in any shape that you want, similar to using a pen on paper.

To use this command, click the freehand command, drag the line, and release the mouse. To change the line's size or color, place the cursor on the line and press the right mouse button to display the Attributes menu.

Dialog Box



Horizontal Flip

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Reverses an image horizontally left to right.

Click this command again to reverse the image horizontally right to left.

Image before horizontal flip **B**

Image after horizontal flip **B**

Image Info

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Displays information about an image:

- image name
- height and width in pixels
- bit depth (See A/so: ["Specifying Color Depth" on page 293](#))
- file format

Line

Standard Toolbar Button

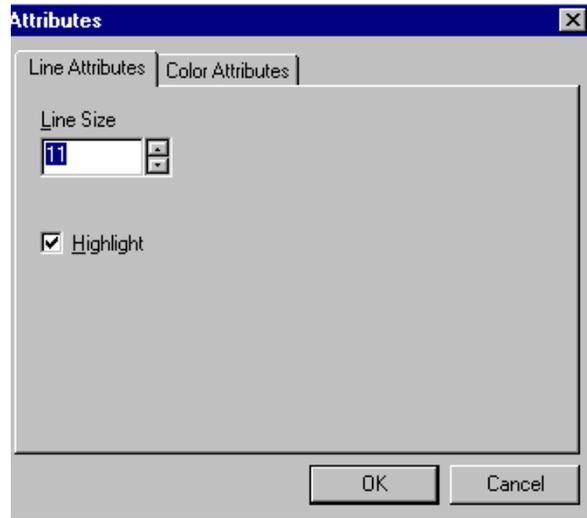


Description

Draw a straight line. To change a line's size or color, right click it after drawing it.

To use this command, click the line command, drag the line, and release the mouse. To change the line's size or color, place the cursor on the line and press the right mouse button to display the Attributes menu.

Dialog Box



Open

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Select an image for editing. The image can be on your computer or a local area network.

Dialog Box



To change the type of file that appears in the window, click the down arrow (circled above) to the right of the **Files of type** field. Your system administrator determines which types of files you can edit.

Oval

Standard Toolbar Button

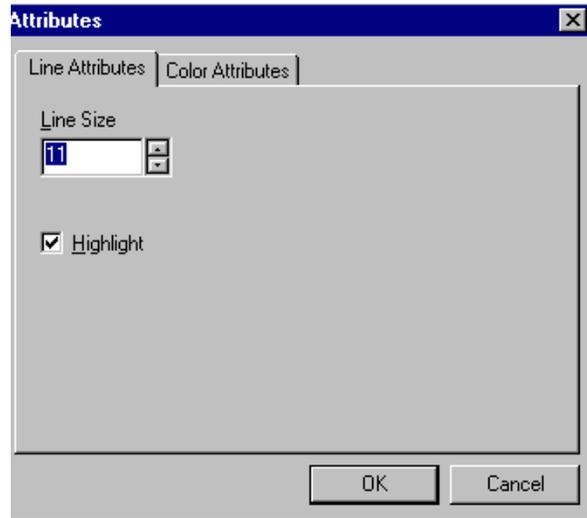


Description

Draws an oval.

To use this command, click the oval command, drag the line, and release the mouse. To change the oval's line size or color, place the cursor on the line and press the right mouse button to display the Attributes menu.

Dialog Box



Paste as New Image

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

After you copy or cut an image or an area of an image, use paste as new image to insert it into a new file.

Before creating a new file, WebImageFX asks if you want to save changes to current file.

Pointer Selection

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Click an annotation to select it. After you select an annotation, you can perform functions on it, such as delete it.

This command is a toggle, which means the the first time you click it, it is on, and the next time you click it, it is off.

Polygon

Standard Toolbar Button



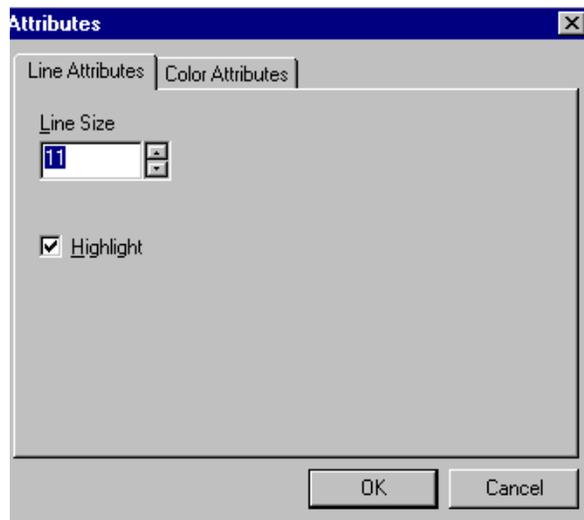
Description

Draws a polygon (that is, a closed figure surrounded by straight lines).

To use this command, follow these steps.

1. Click the polygon command.
2. Drag the line in one direction as far as you want.
3. Drag the line in the other directions to complete the polygon.
4. Double click the mouse to terminate the polygon.
5. To change the polygon's line size or color, place the cursor on the line and press the right mouse button to display the Attributes menu.

Dialog Box



Rectangle

Standard Toolbar Button

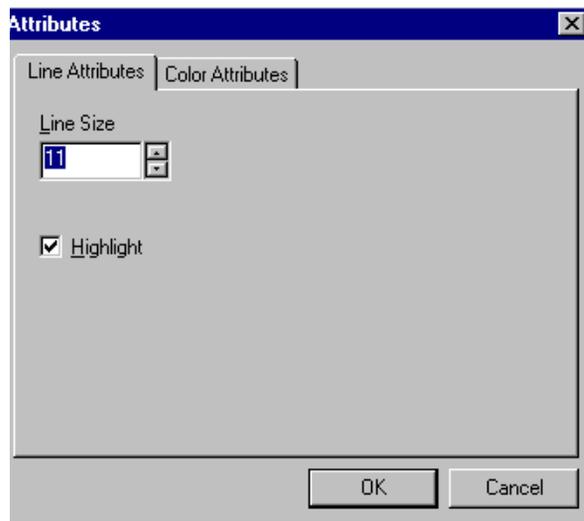


Description

Draws a rectangle.

To use this command, click the rectangle command, drag a rectangle, and release the mouse. To change the rectangle's line size or color, place the cursor on the line and press the right mouse button to display the Attributes menu.

Dialog Box



Redo

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

If you use the Undo command and then decide that it was a mistake, use this command. It re-applies the changes from the command that occurred before you pressed Undo.

See Also: ["Undo" on page 292](#)

Reset Zoom Ratio

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Displays image at full size.

See Also: ["Zoom In" on page 292](#); ["Zoom Out" on page 293](#)

Rotate

Standard Toolbar Button

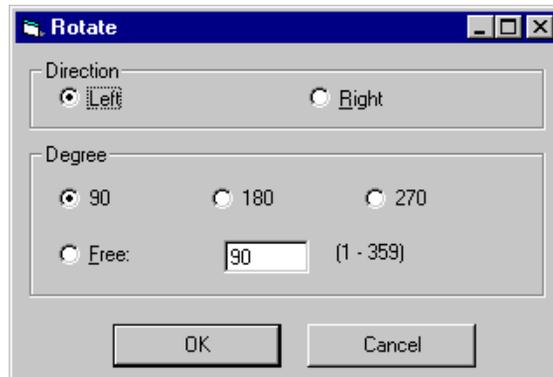


Description

Turns an image a specified number of degrees. Note that the dialog box lets you rotate the image

- left or right
- 90, 180, or 270 degrees
- any number of degrees between 1 and 359

Dialog Box



Save

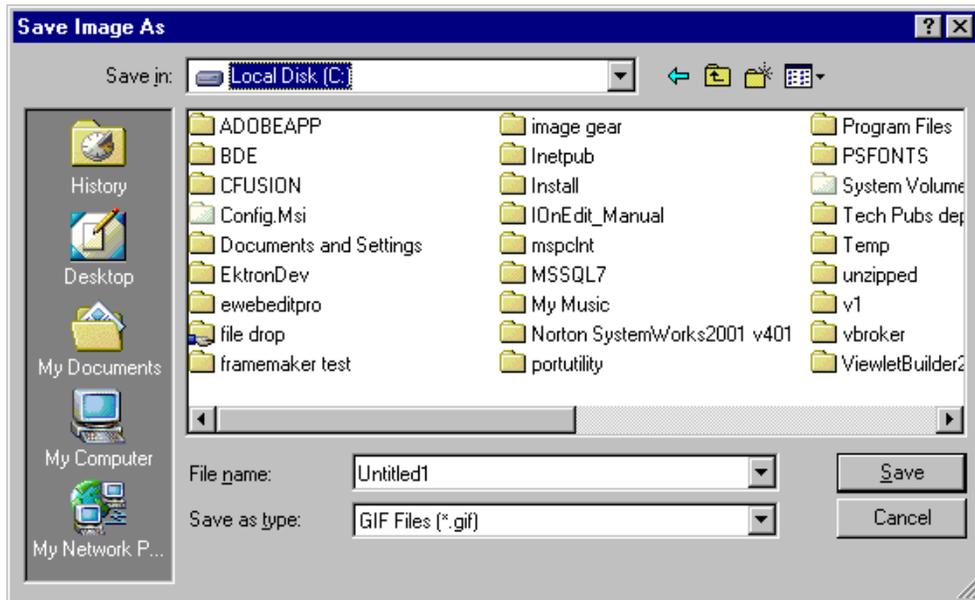
Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Save changes to an image. If required information is missing, such as the image name, you are prompted for this information.

Dialog Box



NOTE The dialog box only appears the first time you save the image. If you later want to save it to a different folder, or under a different name or file type, use the Save As command.

Save As

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Save the current image under a different name or format. For example, you might save mypicture.gif as mypicture.jpg.

Your system administrator determines which file formats are available.

Dialog Box

See "Save" on page 286

Select

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Selects an area of an image. You can then execute other commands on the selected area, such as blur, sharpen, cut, and delete.

NOTE Once you press the Select command, it remains selected and continues to be active until you press it a second time.

Sharpen

Standard Toolbar Button



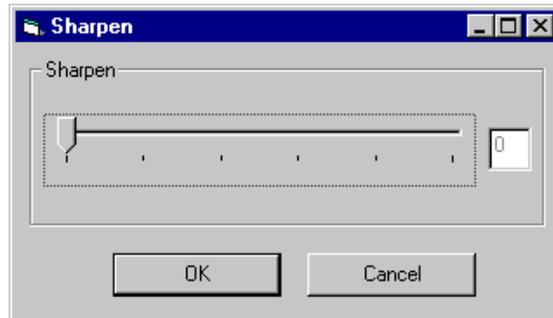
Description

Sharpens edges within an image. You can select a level of sharpness, from 1 through 5.

Sharpening brings an image into better focus and increases the detail.

If you **select** an area of the image, the command only changes that area.

Dialog Box



Text

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Places text on an image. You can also change the text's size, font, color, and attributes (bold, italic, etc.).

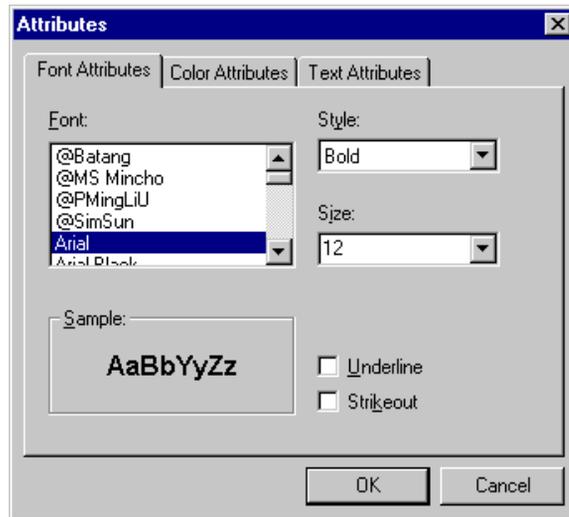
To use the Text command, follow these steps.

1. Click the Text button (**T**).
2. Move the cursor to where you want to place the text.
3. Click the mouse button and drag a rectangle in which to insert the text.

NOTE Make sure the rectangle is large enough to accommodate your text. The rectangle disappears after you enter text.

4. Type the text.
5. Click outside the rectangle to close it.
6. To change the text or its font, size, style, color, etc., place the cursor over the text and right click the mouse. The text attributes dialog appears.

Dialog Box



The following table lists functions you can perform with this dialog.

To change this	Use this tab/field
font	Font Attributes/Font
font size	Font Attributes/Size
font style (bold , <i>italic</i> , etc.)	Font Attributes/Style
<u>underlining</u>	Font Attributes/Underline
strikeout (for example, sample)	Font Attributes/Strikethrough
font color	Color Attributes/Primary Color
text	Text Attributes/ <i>white box</i>
if text wraps when it reaches the end of a line	Text Attributes/ Wrap

Twain Acquire

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Perform a single page scan from a previously selected source.

See Also: ["Twain Source" on page 291](#)

Importing Scanned Images

WebImageFX lets you acquire images from a scanner or digital camera that supports the Twain standard. You select the source (using Twain Source) and do a quick acquire from that source (using Twain Acquire).

Limitations

- You can only acquire one page at a time
- Few digital cameras support twain. Usually, digital cameras resemble a hard drive or use proprietary software to extract images. Ektron does not support an interface to proprietary software.
- Not all scanners support the twain standard

Twain Source

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Let you select a source for acquiring an image, such as a scanner or digital camera.

See Also: ["Twain Acquire" on page 291](#)

Undo

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Reverses the most recent commands within the current editing session.

You can undo several commands at once by pressing the undo command repeatedly. The first time you press the command, the most recently completed command is “undone.” The next time, the second most recently completed command is “undone”, etc.

See Also: ["Redo" on page 284](#)

Vertical Flip

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Flips an image vertically top to bottom.

Click this command again to reverse the image vertically bottom to top.

Image before vertical flip **A**

Image after vertical flip **∇**

Zoom In

Standard Toolbar Button



Description

Increases an image's magnification.

You can press this command several times to continue to increase magnification.

See Also: ["Zoom Out" on page 293](#); ["Reset Zoom Ratio" on page 285](#)

Zoom Out



Standard Toolbar Button

Decrease an image's magnification.

You can press this command several times to continue to decrease magnification.

See Also: ["Zoom In" on page 292](#); ["Reset Zoom Ratio" on page 285](#)

Specifying Color Depth

To specify an image's color depth (that is, the number of colors available to an image), specify a *bit depth*. The color depth is derived from the bit depth. Here are the bit depth values.

Bit depth	Color depth
1	2 colors
4	16 colors
8	256 colors
24	16M colors

Introduction to Tables

Sometimes, the information on your Web page looks better when displayed on a table. Here is an example.

City	Baseball Team	Hockey Team
Boston	Red Sox	Bruins
New York	Yankees / Mets	Rangers
Chicago	White Sox / Cubs	Black Hawks

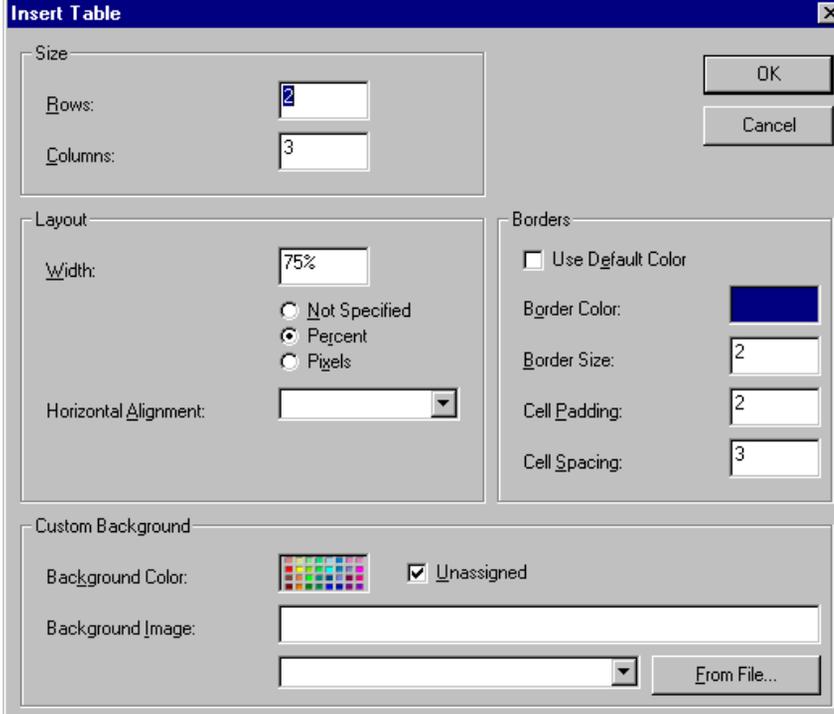
This section explains

- [Creating a Table](#)
- [Deleting a Table](#)
- [Inserting a Table within a Table](#)

See Also: ["Table Dialog Boxes and Menus"](#) on page 298, ["Manipulating Your Table's Format"](#) on page 307, ["Working with Table Cells"](#) on page 322 and ["Section 508 Tables"](#) on page 364

Creating a Table

To create a table, click the table button () then click **Insert Table** from the menu. When you do, the Insert Table dialog box appears.



You can also access this dialog box after you insert it. You would do this if you wanted to edit any of the information entered in the dialog.

To access this dialog after insertion, follow these steps.

1. Click the table.
2. Right click the mouse.
3. Click **Table Properties** from the menu.

When creating a table, you can specify the

- **number** of rows and columns

- width
- horizontal alignment on the page
- background color or background picture
- border size and color

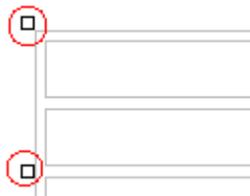
For more information about managing tables, see “[Manipulating Your Table’s Format](#)” on page 307.

For more information about managing individual cells within a table, see “[Working with Table Cells](#)” on page 322.

Deleting a Table

To delete a table, follow these steps

1. Move the cursor over the table until the cursor becomes a four-headed arrow (↕).
2. Click the mouse button. The table becomes selected (small squares appear around it).



3. Press <Delete>.

Inserting a Table within a Table

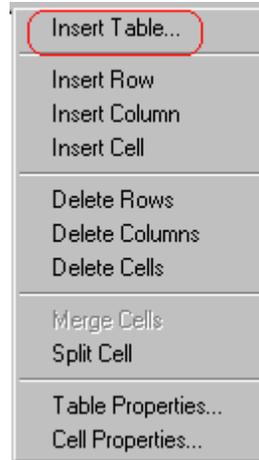
You can insert a table within a table. You might want to do this to arrange text in columns.

Horizontal Alignment	Right	Left	Center
	text	text	text

NOTE HTML does not let you use tabs or spaces to align text in columns. You must use a table to align columns. You can remove the table's border, so that no lines appear between the columns and rows.

To insert a table within a table, follow these steps.

1. Place the cursor in the cell into which you want to insert a table.
2. Click the Insert Table button ().
3. Click **Insert Table** from the menu.



4. The Insert Table dialog box appears.
5. Edit the fields in the dialog box as needed. Then, click **OK**.

Table Dialog Boxes and Menus

This section explains the menu options and dialog boxes you use to manipulate tables and cells. In most cases, you are referred to another section that describes the feature in more detail.

This section explains

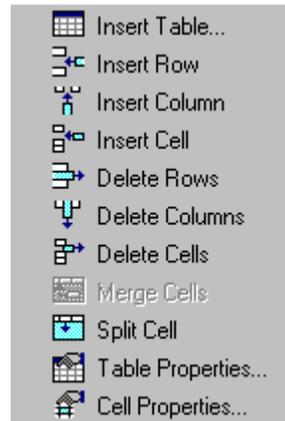
- [The Insert Table Menu](#)
- [The Table Properties Dialog Box](#)
- [The Cell Properties Dialog Box](#)
- [The Table Context Sensitive Menu](#)

The Insert Table Menu

You access the Insert Table menu by clicking on the Insert Table button () while the cursor is inside a table.

NOTE Before you click the button, make sure the table is not selected (that is, the table is not surrounded by small boxes).

When you do, the following menu appears.



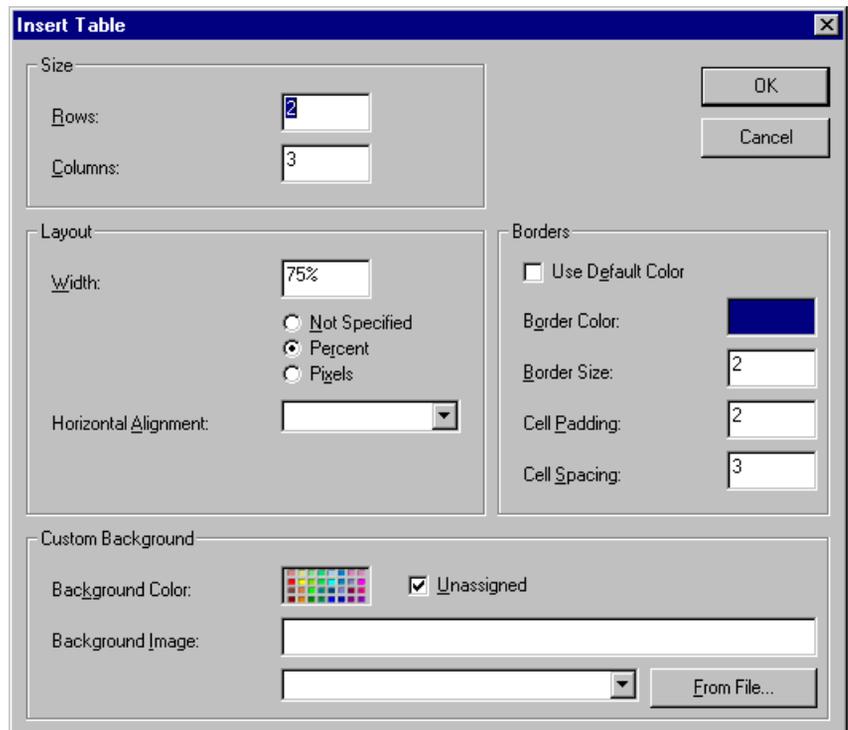
The following table lists the menu options and where to get more information on each.

Menu Option	Description	For more information, see
Insert Table	Inserts a new table where the cursor is currently resting	“Creating a Table” on page 295
Insert Row	Creates a new table row above the row in which the cursor is currently resting	“Adding or Removing Rows and Columns” on page 308
Insert Column	Creates a new table column next to the column in which the cursor is currently resting	“Adding or Removing Rows and Columns” on page 308
Insert Cell	Inserts a cell to the left of the cursor in a table	
Delete Rows	Deletes table row in which the cursor is currently resting	“Adding or Removing Rows and Columns” on page 308
Delete Column	Deletes table column in which the cursor is currently resting	“Adding or Removing Rows and Columns” on page 308
Delete Cells	Deletes the selected cells	
Merge Cells	Combines the contents of two or more selected cells into one	“Merging Two Cells” on page 342

Menu Option	Description	For more information, see
Split Cell	Divides a cell into two. Each cell occupies one half the size of the original cell.	“Splitting a Cell” on page 341
Table Properties	Displays and lets you edit table properties, such as the number of rows and columns, cell padding, and borders.	“The Table Properties Dialog Box” on page 300
Cell Properties	Displays and lets you edit cell properties, such as width and alignment	“The Cell Properties Dialog Box” on page 302

The Table Properties Dialog Box

The Insert Table dialog box lets you manipulate most elements of a table’s appearance.

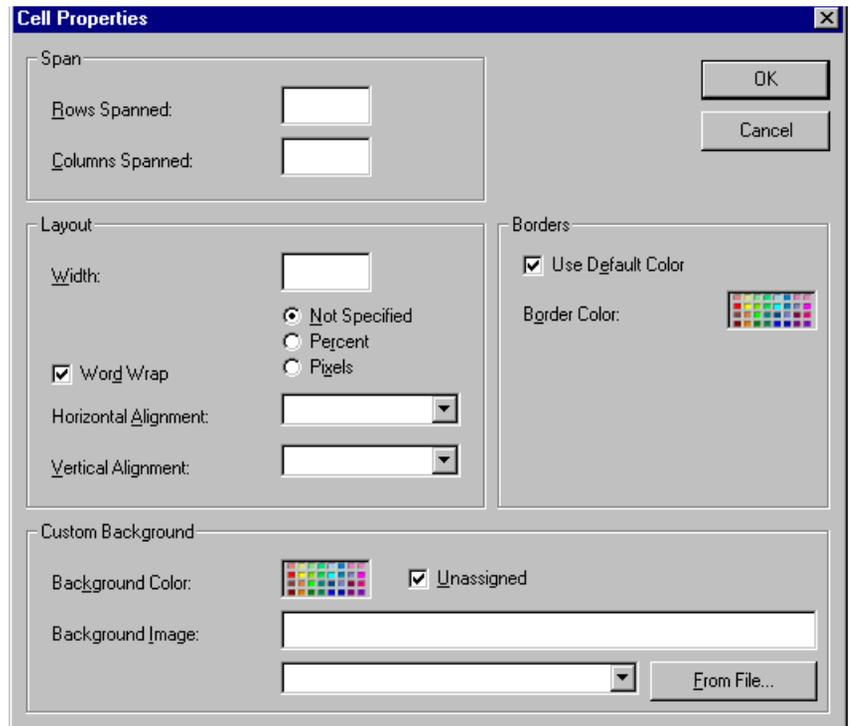


The following table lists the fields on this dialog box and refers you to the section that explains each field.

Field(s)	Lets you specify	For more information, see
Size: Rows, Columns	The number of rows and columns in the table	“Choosing the Number of Rows and Columns” on page 307
Layout: Width	Table width	“Specifying Table Width” on page 309
Layout: Horizontal Alignment	The table’s alignment across the Web page	“Setting Horizontal Alignment” on page 335
Background Color	The background color of the table	“Specifying a Table’s Background Color” on page 315
Background Image	A background image for the table	“Specifying a Background Image for a Table” on page 316
Borders: Use Default Color	Whether or not to use the default color (gray) for table borders	
Border Color	If you do not use the default, the color of the table border	“Assigning Border Color” on page 318
Border Size	The size of the table border	“Assigning Border Size” on page 320
Cell Padding	The space (in pixels) between the cell text and a cell’s border	“Assigning Cell Padding” on page 345
Cell Spacing	The space (in pixels) between a cell and surrounding cells	“Assigning Cell Spacing” on page 346

The Cell Properties Dialog Box

The Cell Properties dialog box lets you manipulate most elements of a cell's appearance.



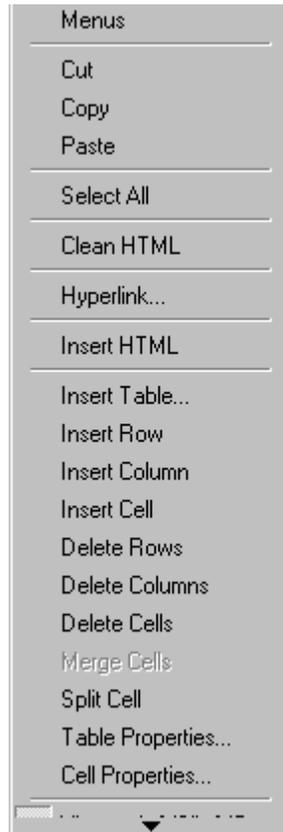
The following table lists the fields on this dialog box and refers you to the section that explains each field.

Field(s)	Lets you specify	For more information, see
Rows Spanned	If the cell spans two or more rows	"Spanning Rows or Columns" on page 332
Columns Spanned	If the cell spans two or more columns	"Spanning Rows or Columns" on page 332
Width	The minimum cell width	"Specifying the Width of a Cell" on page 322

Field(s)	Lets you specify	For more information, see
Word Wrap	Whether text moves down to the next line when it reaches the specified width of a cell	"Word Wrap" on page 343
Horizontal Alignment	The alignment of data across a cell	"Setting Horizontal Alignment" on page 335
Vertical Alignment	The alignment of data up and down within a cell	"Setting Vertical Alignment" on page 338
Background Color	The cell's background color, if you want it to be different from the table's background color	"Specifying a Cell's Background Color" on page 328
Background Image	A background image for the cell	"Specifying a Background Image for a Cell" on page 329
Use Default Color	Apply the table border color to this cell border	
Border Color	Apply a color other than the table border color to this cell border	"Setting a Cell's Border Color" on page 326

The Table Context Sensitive Menu

The following menu appears when you right click the mouse while the cursor is in a table.



The following table lists the menu options and where to get more information on each.

Menu Option	Description	For more information, see
Menus	Displays toolbar menus. Click a menu to display its options. Then, click a menu option to perform its function, such as copying text.	“Using eWebEditPro without a Mouse” on page 361

Menu Option	Description	For more information, see
Cut	Removes selected text and graphics. Places that data into temporary memory, also known as the “clipboard.” (If you later cut or copy more information onto the clipboard, the new information overwrites the original information.)	
Copy	Copies selected text and graphics into temporary memory. Leaves selected data where it is. (If you later cut or copy more information into memory, the original information is lost.)	
Paste	Inserts the most recently cut or copied text and graphics at the current cursor location.	
Select All	Selects all information on your page. After you select it, you can cut it, copy it, etc.	
Clean HTML	Removes unnecessary HTML tags	“Cleaning HTML” on page 359
Hyperlink	Creates a link to another Web page or a spot within the current page	“Using Hyperlinks” on page 351
Insert HTML	Inserts HTML onto the page at the cursor location.	“Inserting HTML” on page 358
Edit HTML	Edits your page's HTML	“Editing a Section of a Page” on page 358
Insert Table	Inserts a new table where the cursor is currently resting	“Creating a Table” on page 295
Insert Row	Creates a new table row above the row in which the cursor is currently resting	“Adding or Removing Rows and Columns” on page 308
Insert Column	Creates a new table column next to the column in which the cursor is currently resting	“Adding or Removing Rows and Columns” on page 308
Insert Cell	Inserts a cell to the left of the cursor in a table	“Inserting a Cell” on page 324

Menu Option	Description	For more information, see
Delete Row	Deletes table row in which the cursor is currently resting	“Adding or Removing Rows and Columns” on page 308
Delete Column	Deletes table column in which the cursor is currently resting	“Adding or Removing Rows and Columns” on page 308
Delete Cell	Deletes the selected cells	“Deleting a Cell” on page 325
Merge Cells	Combines the contents of two or more selected cells into one	“Merging Two Cells” on page 342
Split Cell	Divides a cell into two. Each cell occupies one half the size of the original cell.	“Splitting a Cell” on page 341
Table Properties	Displays and lets you edit table properties, such as the number of rows and columns, and their width	“The Table Properties Dialog Box” on page 300

Manipulating Your Table's Format

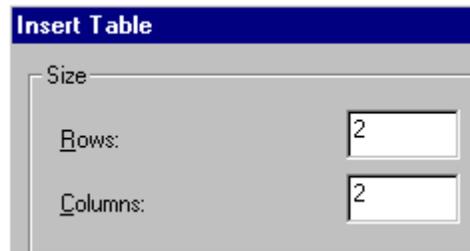
This section explains how to manipulate your table's format by specifying

- a **number** of rows and columns
- a **width**
- horizontal **alignment**
- a background **color** or **image**
- border **color** and **size**

NOTE You can also apply most of these properties to individual cells within a table. See ["Working with Table Cells"](#) on page 322 for details.

Choosing the Number of Rows and Columns

Use the **Size** section of the Insert Table dialog box to specify the number of rows and columns in the table.



A row is a horizontal series of cells, while a column is a vertical series.

If you know how many rows and columns the table will be, enter those numbers. If you don't know the number of rows and columns you need when you create the table, estimate how many you need. You can add or remove rows and columns later.

Placement of Inserted Row or Column

If you add a row, it appears above the row in which the cursor was resting when you pressed **Insert Row**.

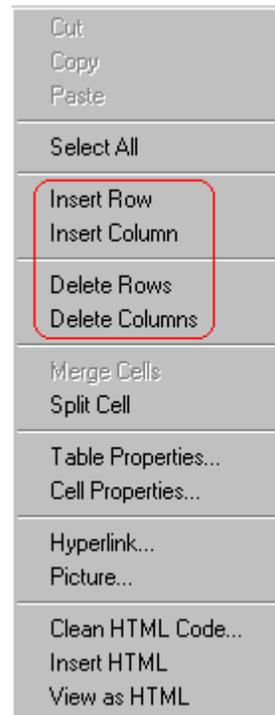
If you add a column, it appears on the left side of the table.

Adding or Removing Rows and Columns

To add or remove rows and columns after you create the table, follow these steps.

1. Place the cursor in the cell from which you want to add or delete.

2. Right click the mouse. A menu appears.



3. Click the appropriate action from the menu. For example to add a row, click **Insert Row**.

NOTE If you are working with nested tables, and you add or remove a column then undo that action and redo it, you must press the redo button once for each cell in the row or column.

Specifying Table Width

When you create a table, you can set its width by specifying one of the following:

- *percentage* of the window: the table's width varies as a user adjusts the browser size
- *fixed number of pixels*, the table's width stays the same as a user adjusts the browser size

You can also *not* set a width but instead let information you enter into the table's cells determine its width.

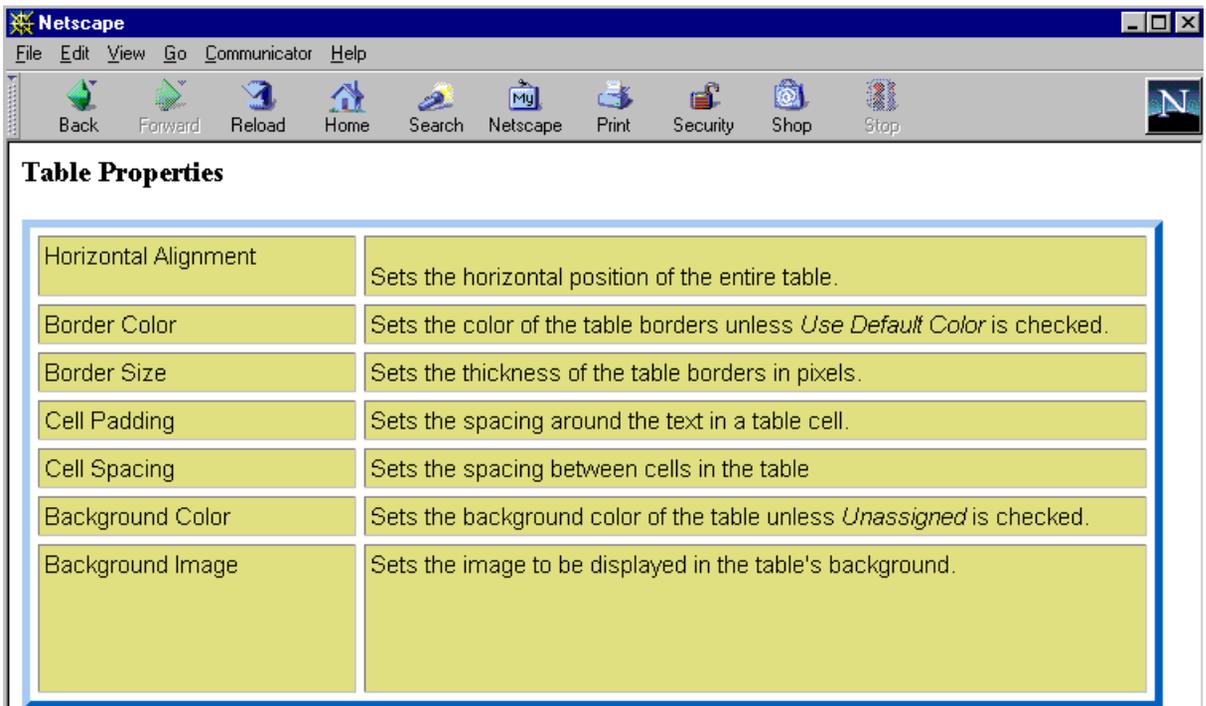
NOTE To set the width of a table column, adjust the width of one of the cells within the column (as described in “Specifying the Width of a Cell” on page 322). Usually, this change affects all other cells in the column.

Specifying Table Width by Percentage

Specify table width by percentage if you want the table to be resized as the user resizes the browser.

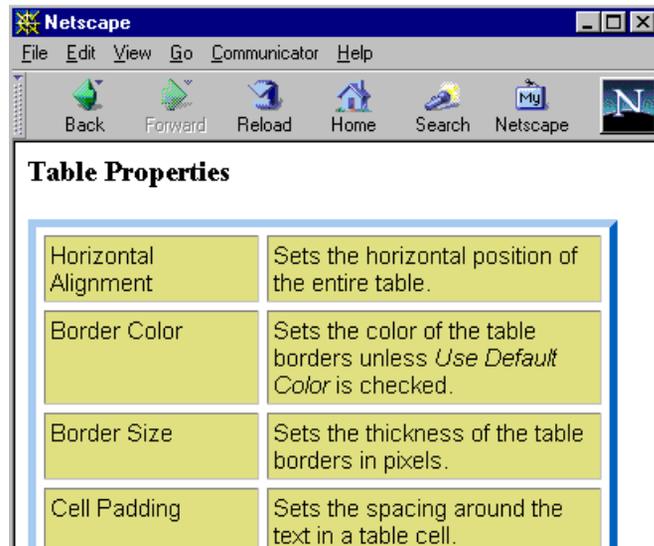
NOTE In order for the table to resize with the browser, the Word Wrap attribute must be turned on in all of a table's cells. For details, see “Word Wrap” on page 343.

For example, if you specify that a table is 100% wide, and your browser displays 14 inches across when it is maximized, the table fills the screen (except for the browser border).



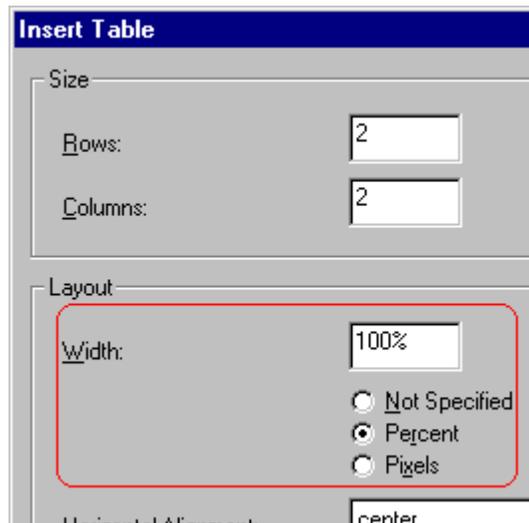
If you resize the browser to half the screen, the table will be about 7" wide. You still see both columns, but some of the data is moved

down.



Setting Table Width by Percentage

To specify table width by percentage, choose **Percent** in the layout section of the Insert Table dialog box. Then, specify the percentage at the **Width** field.

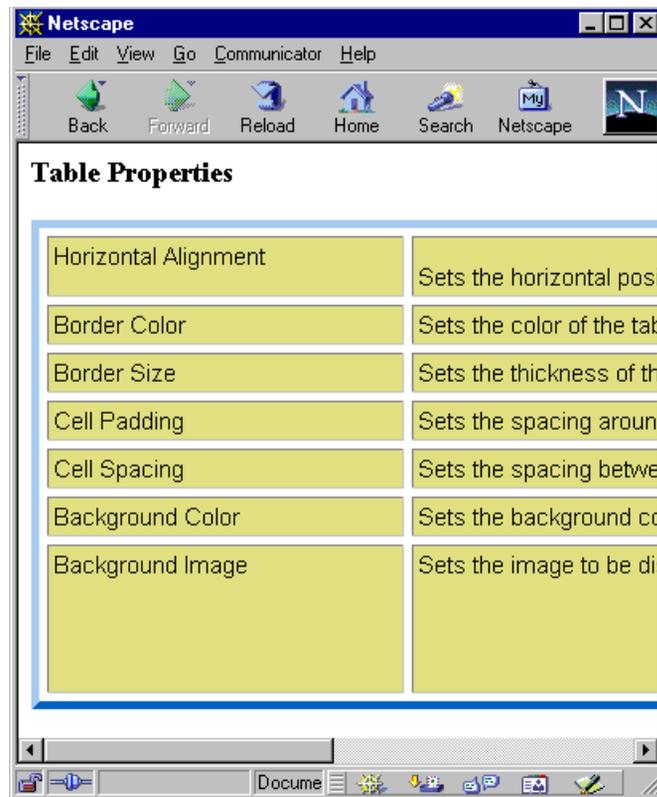


Specifying Table Width by Pixels

Specify table width by **pixels** if you want the table to remain the same size if a user resizes the browser.

For example, if you specify that a table is 610 pixels wide, and the user's browser is set to low resolution (640 x 480 pixels), the table occupies the full width of the browser when it is maximized.

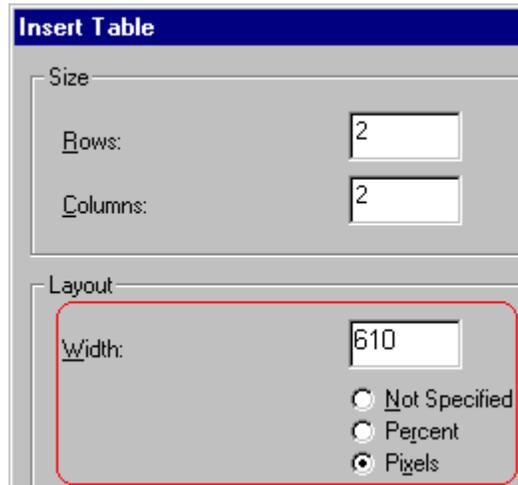
If the user resizes the browser so that it only occupies the left half of the screen, only the left half of the table appears. A scroll bar appears at the bottom of the browser. The user must move the scroll bar to see the rest of the table.



If you set table width by pixels, do not set it to more than 610 pixels. Otherwise, the table will not fully display on a monitor set to low resolution (640 x 480).

Setting Table Width by Pixels

To specify table width by **pixels**, choose **Pixels** in the layout section of the Insert Table dialog box. Then, specify the number of pixels at the **Width** field.



Specifying Horizontal Alignment

You can specify your table's horizontal alignment (left, right, or center) within the browser.

Alignment	Example
left	
right	

Alignment	Example
center	

If you specify right or left justify, you can wrap text around the table. To do this, move the cursor to the right or left of the table and begin typing.

Table Properties

Horizontal Alignment	Sets the horizontal position of the entire table.	In this example, the table is left justified, so this text appears to the right of the table.
Border Color	Sets the color of the table borders unless <i>Use Default Color</i> is checked.	
Border Size	Sets the thickness of the table borders in pixels.	

Specify the table alignment at the **Horizontal Alignment** field on the Layout area of the Insert Table dialog box.

Layout

Width:

Not Specified
 Percent
 Pixels

Horizontal Alignment:

Table Backgrounds

You can specify a background **color** or **image** for your table.

Specifying a Table's Background Color

You can assign a background color to a table to make it more pleasing to the eye. Here is an example.

Width	Sets the width of the table on the page in terms of a percentage or by pixel width.
Horizontal Alignment	Sets the horizontal position of the entire table. For example, left, center, right.
Border Color	Sets the color of the table borders unless <i>Use Default Color</i> is checked.

NOTE If you apply a dark background color to a table, you may want to apply a light foreground color to the text. Use the font color button () to change the text color.

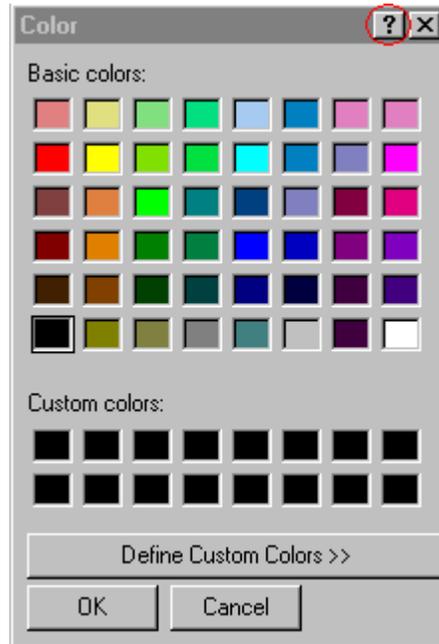
To assign a background color to your table, click the **Background Color** field on the Insert Table dialog box.



When you click that field, a color dialog box appears. Click the color that you want to apply to the background of the table.

Follow these steps to get help on how to use the color box.

1. Click the question mark in the top right corner.



2. A large question mark appears next to your cursor.
3. Drag the question mark to the area of the dialog box that you want to learn about.
4. Click the mouse button. A box appears with instructions for that area.

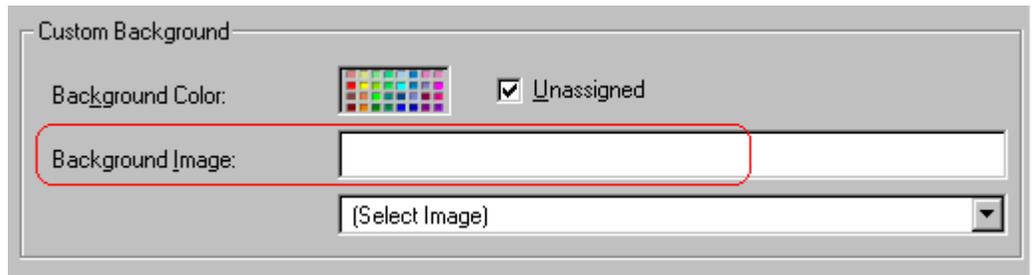
Deleting a Table's Background Color

To delete a table's background color, click the **Unassigned** box in the **Custom Background** area of the Insert Table dialog box.



Specifying a Background Image for a Table

If you want a background image to appear in all table cells, use the **Background Image** field of the Insert Table dialog box.



Your Webmaster determines which images are available to you.

To insert a background image

1. Click the down arrow to the right of (**Select Image**). A list of background images appears.
2. Click the image of your choice.
3. Click **OK**.

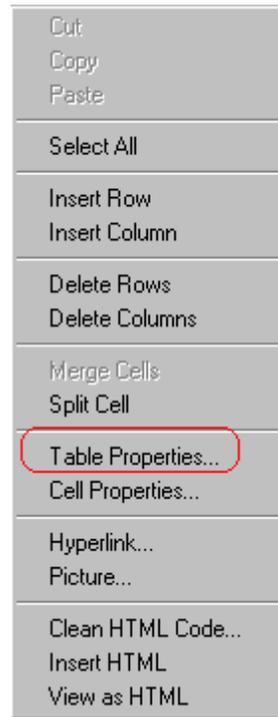
Note that when you apply a background image to a table

- it applies to the entire table, including the borders.
- if the table is larger than the image, the image repeats until it fills the table.
- if the image is larger than the table, the top left corner of the image aligns with the top left corner of the table. The rest of the image fills as much of the table as possible.
- you can also apply an image to individual cells (see [“Specifying a Background Image for a Cell” on page 329](#)).
- make sure that the image does not obscure user’s ability to read the table text.

Deleting a Background Image

1. Move the cursor to any cell on the table and right click the mouse.

2. Click **Table Properties** from the menu.



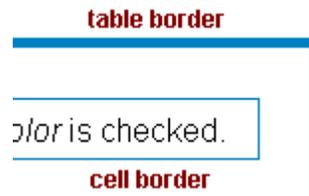
3. Select the value in the **Background Image** field and press <Backspace>.
4. Click **OK**.

Setting Table Borders

You can specify a border **color** or **size** for your table.

Assigning Border Color

A table border is the line that separates the table from the rest of your Web page. By default, table borders are gray. You can change the color of table borders.

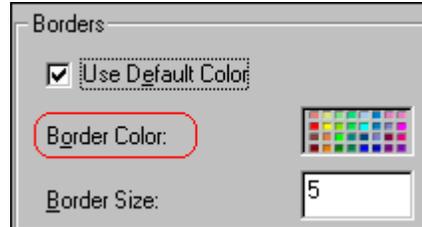


If you want a table's border to "disappear," set it to the same color as the page's background color. This technique is often used to format text on a Web page.

Assigning a Cell Border Color

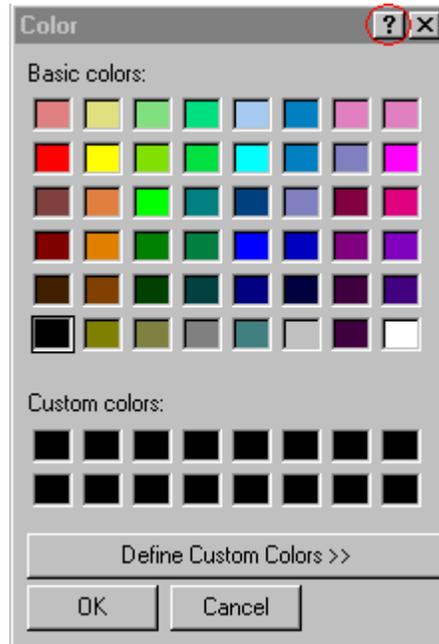
Each cell also has a border that separates it from the other cells and the table border. By default, a cell's border color matches the table border. However, you can individually change a cell border color (see "[Setting a Cell's Border Color](#)" on page 326).

To assign a color to your table's border, click the **Border Color** field on the Insert Table dialog box.



When you click that field, a color selection box appears. Click the color that you want to apply to the table's border. Follow these steps to get help on how to use the color box.

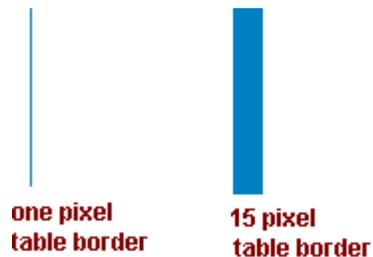
1. Click the question mark in the top right corner.



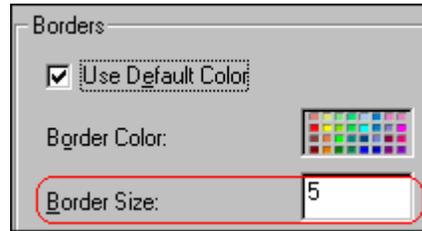
2. A large question mark appears next to your cursor.
3. Drag the question mark to the area of the dialog box that you want to learn about.
4. Click the mouse button. A box appears with instructions for that area.

Assigning Border Size

You can also adjust the size of a table border. Size is measured in **pixels**.



To assign a border size to your table, enter a number of pixels into the **Border Size** field on the Insert Table dialog box.



If you set a table's border size to zero (0) but wish to view the table's boundary lines while you are editing it, select the table and click the border button (). Boundary lines will appear while you are editing but disappear when a user views the page.

Working with Table Cells

Along with functions for managing tables (described in “Introduction to Tables” on page 294 and “Manipulating Your Table’s Format” on page 307), eWebEditPro also lets you perform actions on individual cells within a table.

You can perform the following actions on individual table cells.

- Specify a **width**.
- **Insert** or **delete** cells.
- Specify a **border color**.
- Specify a background **color** or **image**.
- Have a cell **span** two or more columns or rows.
- Specify horizontal and vertical **alignment** of the data within the cell.
- **Split** a cell into two cells.
- **Merge** two cells into one.
- Turn **word wrap** on or off.
- Set cell **padding** and **spacing**.

NOTE HTML does not allow you to adjust the width of a cell's border.

You can also **select** several cells or a row of cells and change them as described above. However, you cannot select and change a column of cells.

Specifying the Width of a Cell

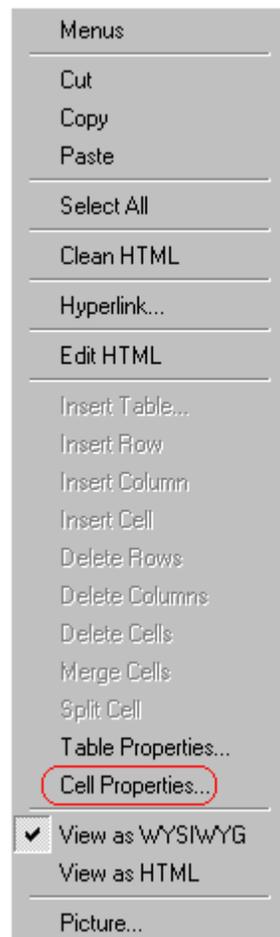
As described in “Specifying Table Width” on page 309, there are several ways to set the width of a table. Within a table, you can also specify the width of an individual cell.

When you set a cell width, there is no guarantee that the cell will occupy that width when displayed in a browser. This is because the cell is part of a column, and changes to other cells in the column can affect the cell whose width you set. Setting cell width only guarantees that the cell will not be *less than* the width you specify.

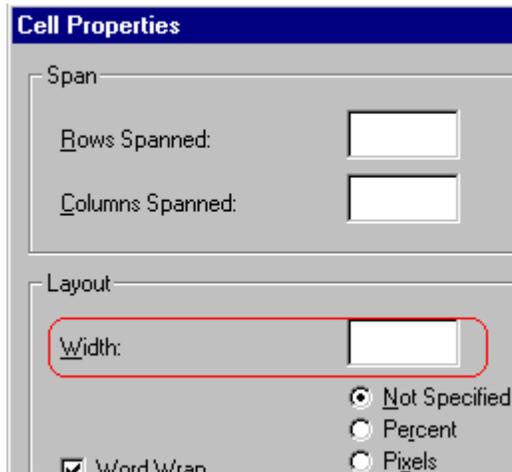
If you want to ensure that a cell's size does not change, set all cells in a column to that width.

To specify a cell's width, follow these steps.

1. Place the cursor in the cell whose width you want to set.
2. Right click the mouse.
3. Click **Cell Properties** from the menu.



- The Cell Properties dialog box appears.



- In the layout section of the dialog box, enter the cell width at the **Width** field. You can enter the width in **pixels** or percentage. These choices are explained in “[Specifying Table Width](#)” on page 309.
- Click **OK**.

Inserting a Cell

To insert a cell, follow these steps.

- Move the cursor to the right of where you want the new cell to appear.
- Right click the mouse.
- Click **Insert Cell** from the menu.

The new cell appears to the left of the cell in which the cursor resides when you click **Insert Cell**. The cursor cell and all cells to its right shift right to make room for the new cell.

In this example, the cursor was in cell “b” when the user clicked **Insert Cell**.

Before

a	b <i>cursor</i>	c
d	e	f

After

a	<i>new cell</i>	b	c
d	e	f	

Deleting a Cell

To delete one or more cells, follow these steps.

1. Move the cursor to the first cell you want to delete.
2. To delete only that cell, proceed to the next step. To delete several contiguous cells, **select** them. Contiguous cells can cross rows.
3. Right click the mouse.
4. Click **Delete Cells** from the menu.

Any cells to the right of the deleted cells shift left to occupy the vacant space.

In this example, the cursor was in cell “b” when the user clicked on **Delete Cells**.

Before

a	b <i>cursor</i>	c
d	e	f

After

a	c	
d	e	f

Setting a Cell's Border Color

A cell border is the line that separates it from other cells.

By default, the color of a cell's border matches the color of the table border. However, you can change the color of any cell border individually.

NOTE When viewed in Netscape Navigator, cell borders are gray, regardless of any change you make on the Cell Properties dialog box.

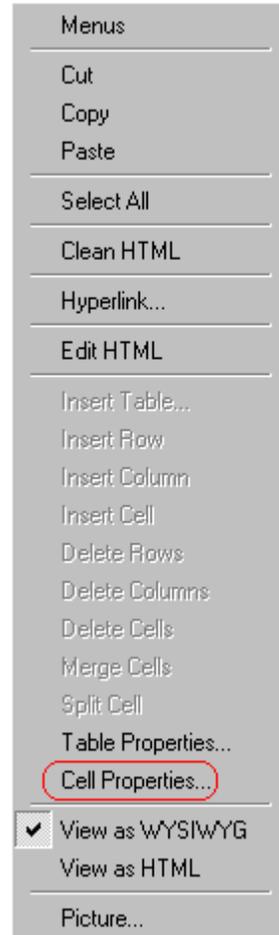
This example illustrates the effect of different cell border colors within a table.

Sets the color of the table border
Sets the thickness of the table border
Sets the spacing around the table border

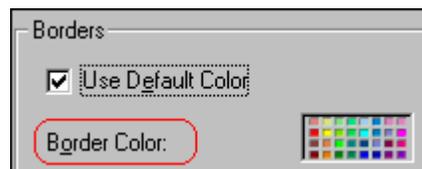
If you want a cell's border to "disappear," set it to the same color as the table's background color.

To change the color of a cell's border, follow these steps.

1. Move the cursor to the cell and right click the mouse.
2. Click **Cell Properties** from the menu.

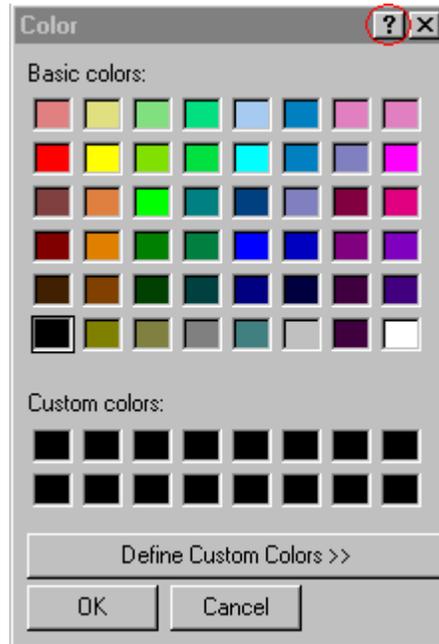


3. Click the **Border Color** field on the Cell Properties dialog box.



4. When you click that field, a Windows Color selection box appears. Click the color that you want to apply to the cell border.

See Also: [“Using the Color Box” on page 331](#)



Specifying a Cell's Background Color

“[Specifying a Table's Background Color](#)” on page 315 explains how to apply a background color to a table. You can also apply a background color to a cell.

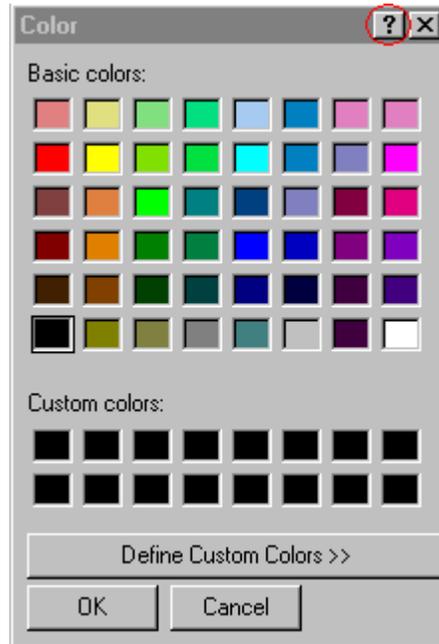
To apply a background color to a cell, follow these steps.

1. Move the cursor to the cell and right click the mouse.
2. Click **Cell Properties** from the menu.
3. Click the **Background Color** field on the Cell Properties dialog box.



4. When you click that field, a Windows Color selection box appears.

See Also: “[Using the Color Box](#)” on page 331



5. Click a color to apply to the background of the cell.

Deleting a Cell's Background Color

To delete a cell's background color, click the **Unassigned** box in the **Custom Background** area of the Cell Properties dialog box.



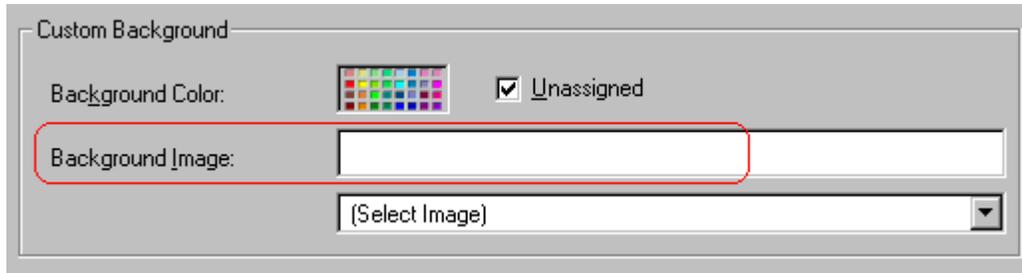
Specifying a Background Image for a Cell

“[Specifying a Background Image for a Table](#)” on page 316 explains how to apply a background image to a table. You can also apply a background image to a cell.

Your Webmaster determines which images are available.

To insert an image into a cell, follow these steps.

1. Move the cursor to the cell and right click the mouse.
2. Click **Cell Properties** from the menu.
3. Move the cursor to the **Background Image** field of the Cell Properties dialog box.



4. Click the down arrow to the right of **(Select Image)**. A list of background images appears.
5. Click the image of your choice.
6. Click **OK**.

Note that when you apply a background image to a cell

- If the cell is larger than the image, the image repeats until it fills the cell.
- If the cell is smaller than the image, the top left corner of the image appears in the top left corner of the cell. The rest of the image fills as much of the cell as possible.
- Make sure the image does not obscure a user's ability to read the cell text (if any exists).

Deleting a Background Image

1. Move the cursor to the cell and right click the mouse.
2. Click **Cell Properties** from the menu.

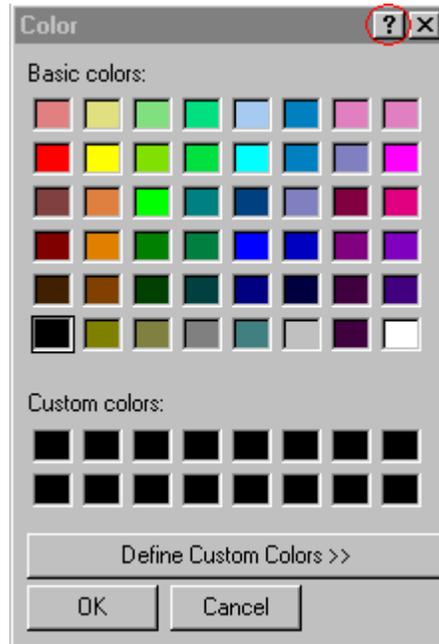


3. **Select** the value in the **Background Image** field and press <Backspace>.

Using the Color Box

Follow these steps to get help on how to use the color box.

1. Click the question mark in the top right corner.



2. A large question mark appears next to your cursor.
3. Drag the question mark to the area of the dialog box that you want to learn about.
4. Click the mouse button. A box appears with instructions for that area.

Spanning Rows or Columns

You can create a table cell that stretches across more than one row or column. In the following table, notice how the row that contains “Sports Teams” spans three columns.

Sports Teams		
City	Baseball Team	Hockey Team
Boston	Red Sox	Bruins

Sports Teams		
City	Baseball Team	Hockey Team
New York	Yankees	Rangers
Chicago	White Sox	Black Hawks

You can also create a column that spans several rows, as illustrated below. Notice that Boston spans three rows.

Colleges	
City	Name
Boston	Boston College
	Northeastern University
	Boston University
New York	Columbia University

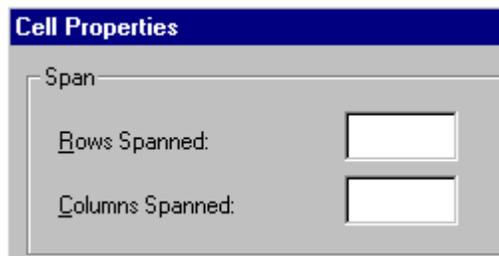
Spanning More than One Row or Column

To have a table cell span more than one row or column, follow these steps.

1. Place the cursor in the cell that will span rows or columns.
2. Right click the mouse.
3. Click **Cell Properties** from the menu.



4. The Cell Properties dialog box appears. In the **Rows Spanned** or **Columns Spanned** field, enter the number of rows or columns that you want this cell to span.



5. Click **OK**.

Effect of Spanning a Cell

When you set a cell to span rows or columns, the editor does not remove the cells that are in the way. Instead, it moves those cells across or down to the next available position.

For example, the following table has two rows and two columns.

A	B
C	D

If you set cell A to span two rows, note that cell C moves across to make room for cell A. This action pushes cell D to the next column.

A	B	
	C	D

Aligning Text Within a Cell

Within a cell, you can specify how your text aligns **horizontally** and **vertically**.

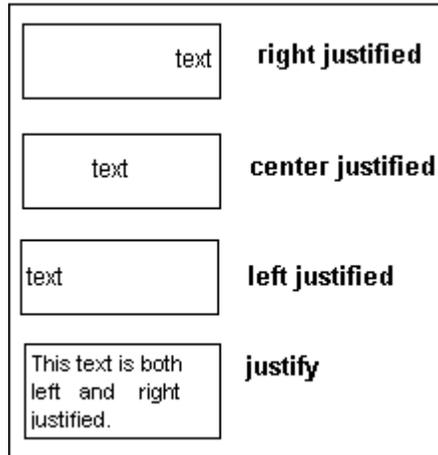
Setting Horizontal Alignment

In the Cell Properties dialog box, you can specify the horizontal alignment of a cell. You have set the alignment to left, center, or right, or

- left
- center
- right

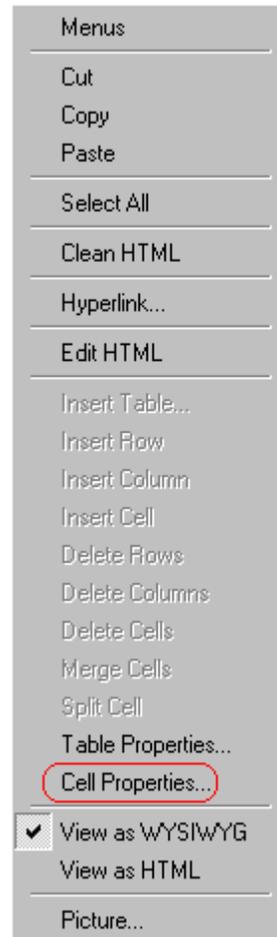
- justify - the text is justified down both left and right edges. Many books use this alignment style. (This alignment is not supported by all browsers.)

This example illustrates these choices.

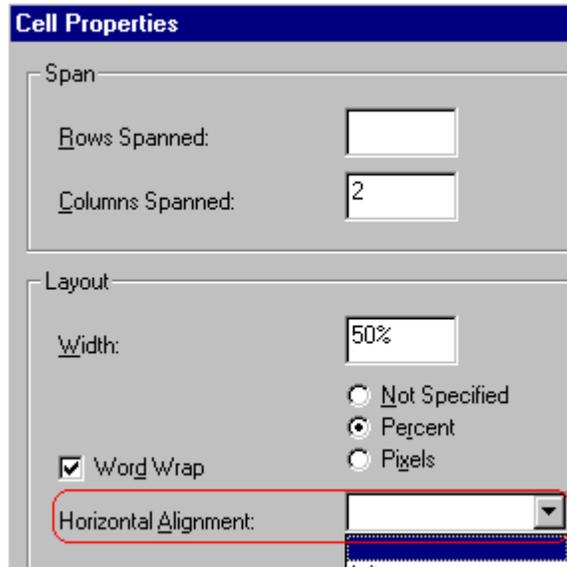


To set horizontal justification of a table cell, follow these steps.

1. Place the cursor in the cell that you want to edit.
2. Right click the mouse.
3. Click **Cell Properties** from the menu



4. The Cell Properties dialog box appears. Click the down arrow to the right of the **Horizontal Alignment** field.



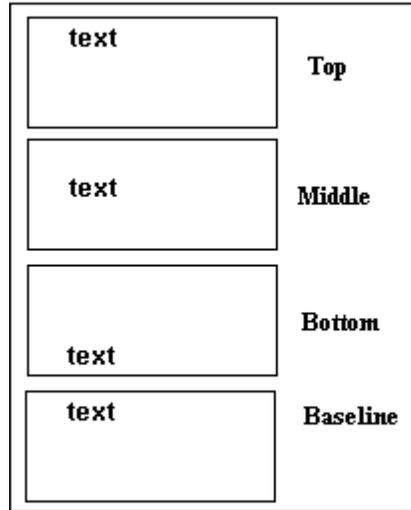
5. Click your choice from the list and click **OK**.

Setting Vertical Alignment

In the Cell Properties dialog box, you can specify the vertical alignment of a cell. You have four choices.

- top
- middle
- bottom
- along the baseline of the first line of text (the term “baseline” is defined in [“Aligning the Picture” on page 256](#))

This example illustrates the choices.



To set vertical justification for a table cell, follow these steps.

1. Place the cursor in the cell that you want to edit.
2. Right click the mouse.
3. Click **Cell Properties** from the menu.



4. The Cell Properties dialog box appears. Click the down arrow to the right of the **Vertical Alignment** field.

Cell Properties

Span

Rows Spanned:

Columns Spanned:

Layout

Width:

Not Specified

Percent

Pixels

Word Wrap

Horizontal Alignment:

Vertical Alignment:

5. Click your choice from the list and click **OK**.

Splitting a Cell

You can divide a cell into two. If you split a cell, each cell occupies one half the size of the original cell.

Row before split

A	B
----------	----------

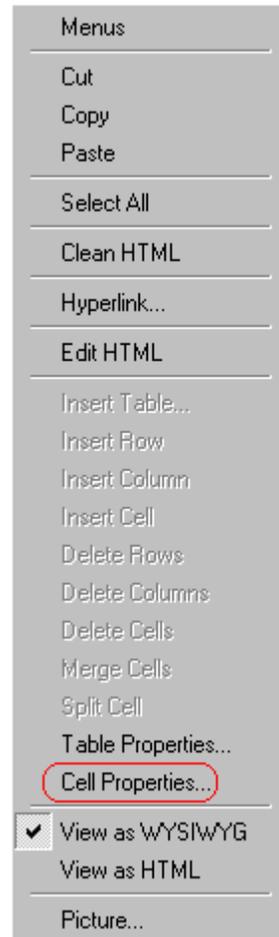
Row after split

A1	A2	B
-----------	-----------	----------

To split a table cell into two cells, follow these steps.

1. Place the cursor in the cell that you want to split.

2. Right click the mouse.
3. Click **Split Cell** from the menu.



4. Two cells now appear where only one appeared before.

Merging Two Cells

You can merge two cells into one. If you merge two cells, the new cell contains all of the information from both. The new cell's width equals the sum of the two cells that were merged.

Cells Before Merge

A	B
----------	----------

Cell After Merge

AB

To merge two or more cells, follow these steps.

1. **Select** the cells that you want to merge.
2. Click the Insert Table button (.
3. Click **Merge Cells** from the menu.

Word Wrap

Word Wrap is a text formatting feature of tables. It causes text to move down to the next line when the width of the characters on a line equals the column width. For example, if you set column width to 50%, with word wrap turned on, a table looks like this.

Horizontal Alignment	Sets the horizontal position of the entire table. For example, left, center, right.
Border Color	Sets the color of the table borders unless <i>Use Default Color</i> is checked.

If you turn Word Wrap off for the same table, you get this result.

Horizontal Alignment	Sets the horizontal position of the entire table. For example, left, center
Border Color	Sets the color of the table borders unless <i>Use Default Color</i> is checked

If Word Wrap is turned off, text stays on one line until the user entering table text presses <Enter>. That keystroke causes text to move down to the next line.

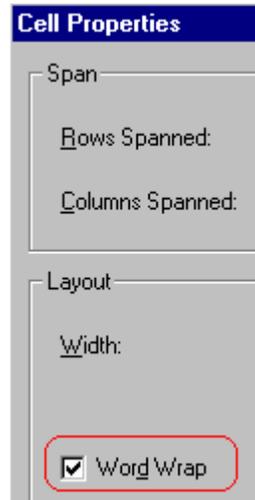
By default, all cells have the Word Wrap feature turned on.

To turn Word Wrap on or off for a cell, follow these steps.

1. Place the cursor in the cell that you want to edit.
2. Right click the mouse.
3. Click **Cell Properties** from the menu.

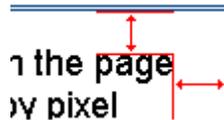


4. The Cell Properties dialog box appears. Click or off the **Word Wrap** checkbox and click **OK**.

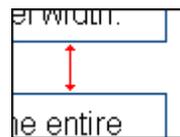


Setting Cell Padding and Spacing

Cell *padding* is the space between a cell's data and its border.

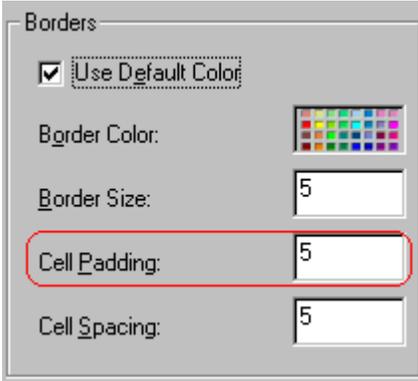


Cell *spacing* is the space between a cell and surrounding cells.



Assigning Cell Padding

To assign cell padding to your table, click the **Cell Padding** field on the Insert Table dialog box. Enter the number of **pixels**.

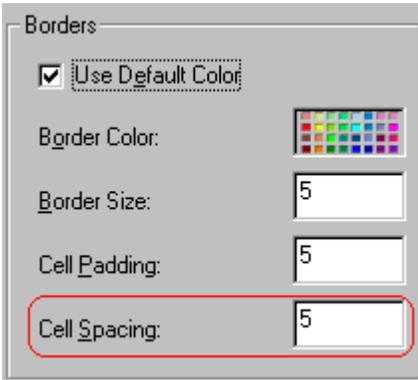


The screenshot shows a dialog box titled "Borders" with the following settings:

- Use Default Color
- Border Color: [Color palette]
- Border Size: 5
- Cell Padding: 5** (highlighted with a red box)
- Cell Spacing: 5

Assigning Cell Spacing

To assign cell spacing to your table, click the **Cell Spacing** field on the Insert Table dialog box. Enter the number of **pixels**.



The screenshot shows the same "Borders" dialog box, but with the "Cell Spacing" field highlighted by a red box:

- Use Default Color
- Border Color: [Color palette]
- Border Size: 5
- Cell Padding: 5
- Cell Spacing: 5** (highlighted with a red box)

Using Bookmarks

Use a bookmark to let a user “jump” from any word, phrase, or image to another place in a file. On your Web page, text appears in a different color to indicate that additional information is available at the bookmark’s location.

For example, if your Web page includes meeting minutes, the top of the page could list the meeting dates. You could then assign a hyperlink to each date and a bookmark to each set of minutes.

The user sees that a date is in a different color, so clicks the date to “jump” to the bookmark that marks the location of the meeting minutes.

“[Creating a Bookmark](#)” on page 347 describes how to set up a hyperlink to a bookmark within a file. You can also set up hyperlink to

- another Web page. This procedure is described in “[Using Hyperlinks](#)” on page 351.
- a bookmark within another Web page. This procedure is described in “[Creating a Hyperlink to a Location Within a Web Page](#)” on page 354.

This section explains

- [Creating a Bookmark](#)
- [Changing the Destination Window](#)

Creating a Bookmark

When creating a bookmark, you must specify a

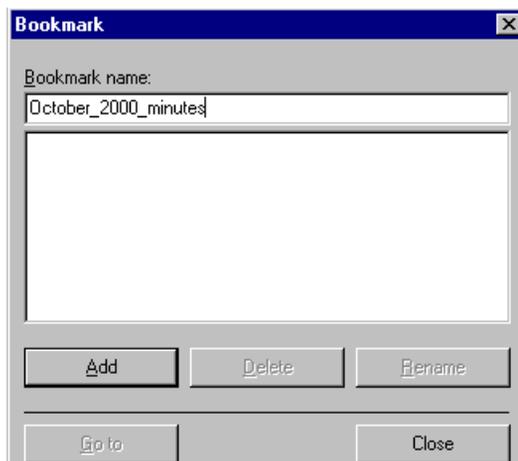
- *source*, the text or image that the user clicks to move to the bookmark

- *bookmark*, the place to which the cursor jumps when the user clicks the source

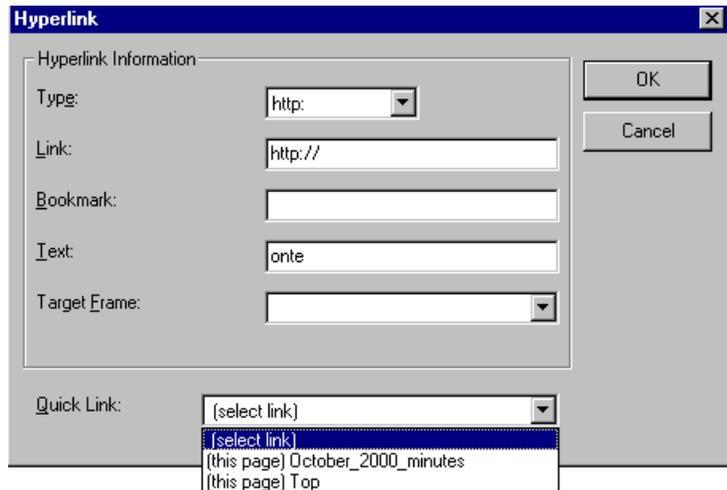
To continue with the above example, a meeting date is the source, and the meeting minutes are the bookmark.

To create a bookmark, follow these steps.

1. **Select** the bookmark text or image.
2. Click the Bookmark button (.
3. The Bookmark dialog box appears. Enter the name of the bookmark. The bookmark can include the following non-alphabetic characters: ; / ? : @ & = + \$, - _ . ! ~ * ' ().



4. Click **Add**.
5. The editor screen returns. (The bookmark does not appear on the page.) **Select** the source text or image.
6. Click the Hyperlink button (.
7. The Hyperlink dialog box appears.
8. Click the down arrow to the right of the **Quick Link** field and click the bookmark you created in Step 3.



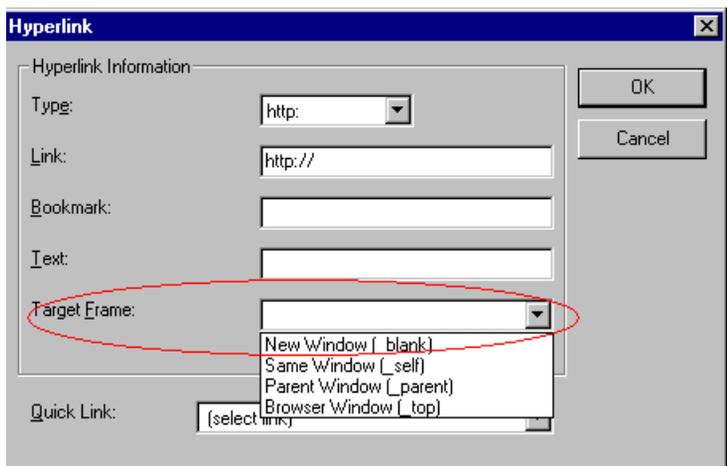
9. If desired, you can use the **Target Frame** field to change the window in which the destination text appears. For details, see [“Changing the Destination Window” on page 349](#).

If you leave the **Target Frame** field blank, the new window replaces the current window.

10. Click **OK**.

Changing the Destination Window

While defining hypertext, you can use the **Target Frame** field on the Hyperlink dialog box to change the window in which the destination page appears.



The possible values that you can enter into the **Target Frame** field are explained below.

If you want the destination page to appear	Click this in the Target Frame field
In a new browser window, on top of the current browser.	New Window(_blank)
In the same position within the browser window. The new window replaces the current one.	Same Window(_self) Note: this is the default.
If your page contains frames, in the frame that contains the frame with the hyperlink.	Parent Window(_parent)
If your page contains frames, in the full display area, replacing the frames.	Browser Window(_top)
If your page contains frames, in the frame with the specified name.	Enter the name of the frame.

Using Hyperlinks

Use hyperlinks to let a user “jump” from any word, phrase or image to another Web page. The page can be within your network (that is, on an intranet) or anywhere on the internet.

NOTE [If you want to create jumps within a file, see “Using Bookmarks” on page 347.](#)

For example, if your Web page includes a jump to the Ektron Web site, you would enter the text to indicate the jump (for example **Ektron Web Site**), then create a hyperlink to www.ektron.com. When users see **Ektron Web Site** in a different color, they can click the text to “jump” to the site.

Although most jumps go to the top of another Web page, you can also jump to a bookmark within a Web page.

This section explains

- [Creating a Hyperlink](#)
- [Testing a Hyperlink](#)
- [Creating a Hyperlink to a Location within a Web Page](#)
- [Editing a Hyperlink](#)
- [Removing a Hyperlink](#)
- [Preventing a URL from Becoming a Hyperlink](#)

Creating a Hyperlink

When creating a hyperlink, you must specify a

- *source*, the text or image the user clicks to move to the destination
- *destination*, the Web page to which the display moves when the user clicks the source

To continue with the above example, Ektron Web Site is the source, and the Web page available at www.ektron.com is the destination.

To create a hyperlink, click the Hyperlink button (🌐). When you do, the Hyperlink dialog box appears. From there, you can select from a list of Web pages (also known as *Quick Links*). Or, if the page you are jumping to is not on the list, *enter the url address* of the destination Web page. Each choice is described below.

Using a Quick Link

Your Web master can add to the Hyperlink dialog box any number of Quick Links, that is, Web addresses that you can link to simply by selecting an item from a drop down menu.

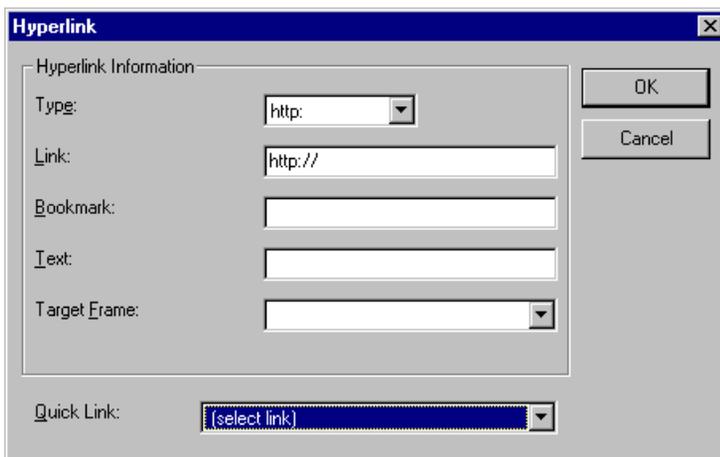


Quick links are “quick” because you do not need to enter or know the url of the destination Web page -- your Web master has already stored that information for you.

To apply a Quick Link, follow these steps.

1. *Select* the source text or image.

- Click the Hyperlink button (🌐). The Hyperlink dialog box appears.



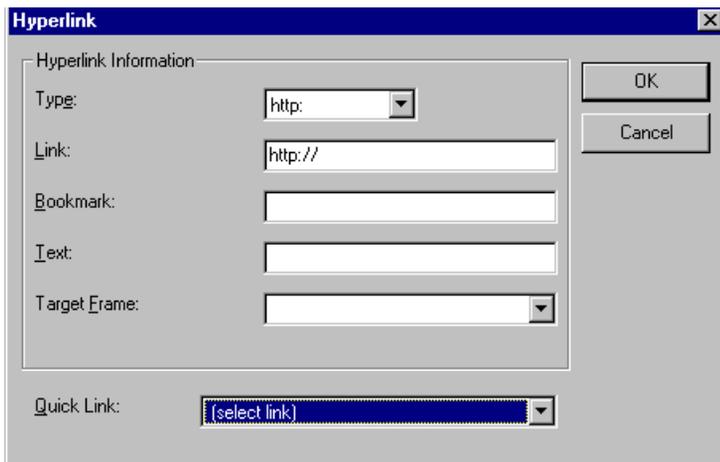
- Click the down arrow to the right of the **Quick Links** field. A list of Web pages that your Web master has pre-loaded appears.
- Click an item from the list to select it.
- If desired, you can use the **Target Frame** field to change the window in which the destination text appears. For details, see [“Changing the Destination Window” on page 349](#).
If you leave the **Target Frame** field blank, the new window replaces the current window
- Click **OK**.

Entering a Hyperlink Manually

To create a hyperlink, follow these steps.

- Select** the source text or image.

- Click the New Hyperlink button (). The Hyperlink dialog box appears.



- Click in the **Link** field after `http://`. Then, enter the address of the destination Web page. For example, to enter a hyperlink to the ektron Web site, enter `www.ektron.com`.
- If desired, you can use the **Target Frame** field to change the window in which the destination text appears. For details, see [“Changing the Destination Window” on page 349](#).
If you leave the **Target Frame** field blank, the new window replaces the current window
- Click **OK**.

Testing a Hyperlink

Within the eWebEditPro editor, you can test a hyperlink. To do this, double click it. That action launches the Web page assigned to the hyperlink.

Creating a Hyperlink to a Location Within a Web Page

Sometimes, the destination Web page contains bookmarks, and you want to jump from your page to a bookmark on another page. (Bookmarks are described in [“Using Bookmarks” on page 347](#).)

To create a hyperlink that jumps to another page's bookmark, follow these steps.

1. Go to the destination Web page.
2. Click the bookmark that you want to jump to. For example, on the illustration below, the text **Benefits to Partners** jumps to a bookmark further down on the page.



3. When you click the bookmark, its full address appears in your browser's address bar. This bookmark's address looks like this.
`http://www.ektron.com/single.cfm?doc_id=35#Benefits2`
4. Click the address bar. The address is selected. Press <Ctrl>+<C> to copy the address into the Windows clipboard.
5. Go to eWebEditPro.
6. Select the text or image from which you want to jump to the bookmark.
7. Click the Hyperlink button (). The hyperlink dialog box appears.
8. Move the cursor to the **Link** field.
9. Press <Ctrl>+<V> to paste the address you copied in Step 4 into the **Link** field.
10. Click **OK**.

Editing a Hyperlink

If you need to change a hyperlink's destination Web page or target frame, follow these steps.

1. Click the Hyperlink button (). The hyperlink dialog box appears.
2. Edit the **Link** or **Target Frame** field as needed.
3. Press **OK**.

Removing a Hyperlink

If you want to remove the hyperlink from text or an image, select the text or image and press the Remove Hyperlink button (.

Preventing a URL from Becoming a Hyperlink

If you enter a URL or an email address into eWebEditPro, it automatically becomes a hyperlink. To prevent this, enter an extra space in the URL or address.

For example, instead of entering **sales@ektron.com**, enter **sales<blank>@ektron.com**.

Working with HTML

eWebEditPro creates pages for display on the World Wide Web or an intranet. These pages use HTML (hypertext markup language) to format text and images for display in a browser. You do not need to know HTML to use eWebEditPro.

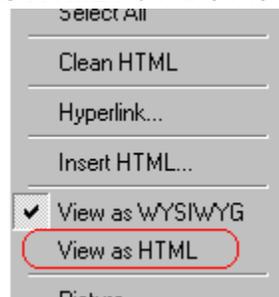
However, if you know HTML, you can view, insert or edit your Web page's HTML code.

Viewing and Editing HTML

When you choose to view your page as HTML, the editor cleans the content using a method determined by your Webmaster. (For more information, see "Cleaning HTML" in the eWebEditPro Developer's Reference Guide.)

To view your page's HTML, follow these steps.

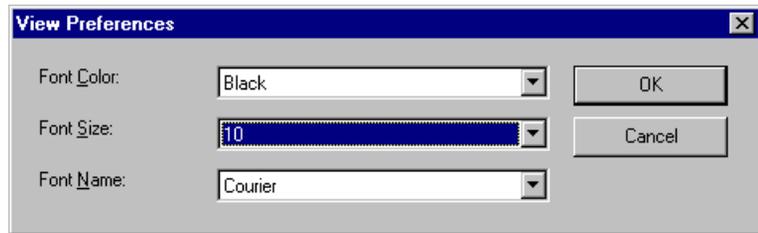
1. Click the View as HTML button () , or right click the mouse and click **View as HTML** from the menu.



2. The HTML code appears. While viewing the code, you can edit it using editor functions such as Cut, Copy, Paste and Replace. To select all content, press <Ctrl>+<A>.

You can also set default values for the style, size and color in which the HTML appears. To do this, right click the mouse and click **Preferences**. When you do, a dialog box

appears in which you can enter formatting information about the HTML code.



These settings will be used whenever you view as HTML.

The settings are ignored when you view the page in WYSIWYG mode and when the user views the page.

3. To return to normal view, click the **View as WYSIWYG** button (📄) or right click the mouse and click **View WYSIWYG**.

Editing a Section of a Page

If you want to edit only a section of the HTML on your Web page, follow these steps.

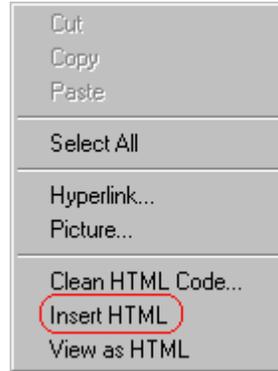
1. **Select** the portion of your Web page that you want to edit.
2. Right click the mouse.
3. Click **Edit HTML** from the menu. The HTML code appears.
4. Edit the HTML code as desired.
5. Click **OK**.

Inserting HTML

If you want to insert HTML code into your Web page, follow these steps.

1. Place the cursor at the spot on the page where you want to insert the HTML.
2. Right click the mouse.

3. Click **Insert HTML** from the menu.



4. The Insert HTML dialog box appears. Paste or type your HTML code.
5. Click **OK**.

Cleaning HTML

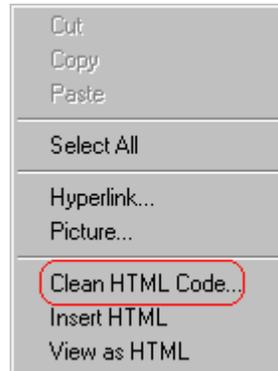
eWebEditPro lets you “clean” the HTML code for your Web page. You would typically use this feature after entering HTML text or pasting HTML code into eWebEditPro from another application.

The Clean HTML option removes unnecessary HTML tags, ensures that all tags begin and end properly, and maximizes the page for efficiency. As a result, the page should be error-free and load more quickly in a browser. Also, the appearance of clean HTML is more consistent when viewed in different browsers.

To clean your HTML, follow these steps.

1. Right click the mouse.

2. Click **Clean HTML code** from the menu.



3. eWebEditPro cleans your Web page's HTML content.

Inserting Content from MS Office 2000

If you paste text into eWebEditPro from a Microsoft Office 2000 application, such as Microsoft Word, the following window appears.



For best results, click **Yes**.

Section 508 Compliance

This section explains how eWebEditPro complies with Section 508 of the Rehabilitation Act (a law enacted by the United States government that requires Federal agencies to make their electronic and information technology accessible to people with disabilities).

Specifically, this section explains how to

- move the cursor into the **eWebEditPro** editor
- use **eWebEditPro** without a mouse
- work with Section 508 tables

Moving the Cursor into eWebEditPro

Using Internet Explorer

If the eWebEditPro editor is one of several fields on a page, and your browser is Internet Explorer, move to eWebEditPro by pressing <Tab> until the cursor lands in the editor.

To move from the editor to the next field, press <Ctrl>+<Tab>.

Using Netscape

If the eWebEditPro editor is one of several fields on a page, and your browser is Netscape, your Webmaster needs to create custom toolbar buttons that let you move into and out of the editor. (This procedure is described in the eWebEditPro Developer's Reference Guide.)

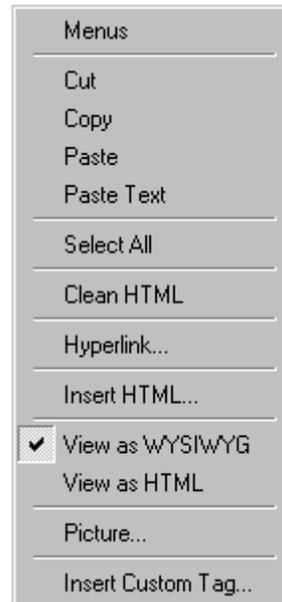
Using eWebEditPro without a Mouse

As explained in "[Customizing Your Toolbar](#)" on page 207, the eWebEditPro toolbar consists of one or more toolbar menus.

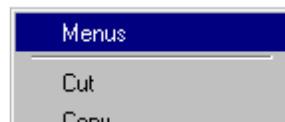
Menus have buttons that you click with the mouse to perform actions, such as copying text.

This section explains how to perform those actions without using the mouse.

1. With the cursor in the eWebEditPro editor, press the application key ()
2. A menu appears.

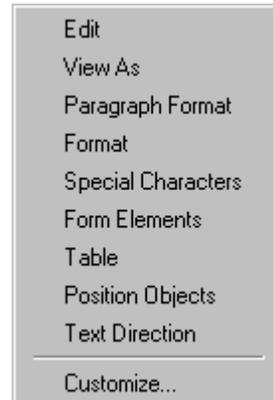


3. Press the down arrow key () to select **Menu**. **Menu** becomes highlighted.

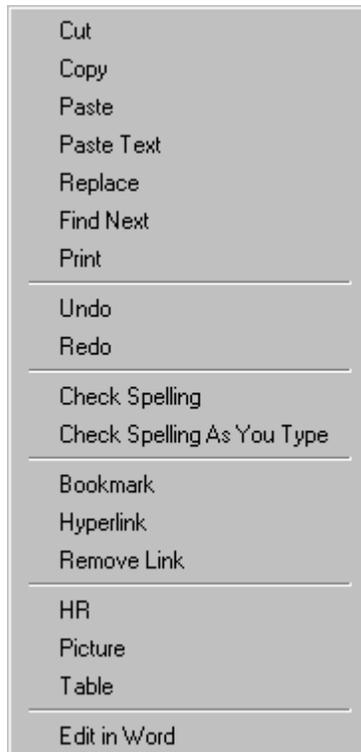


4. Press <Enter>. A new menu lists all toolbar menus available to you.

If your Webmaster has given you access to all standard toolbar menus, the menu looks like this.



5. Press the down arrow key (↓) to select the toolbar menu that has a button that you want to use.
6. A new menu appears, listing all options on the selected menu. The following menu displays what might appear if you select the Edit Menu. (Your Webmaster determines which menu options are available to you).



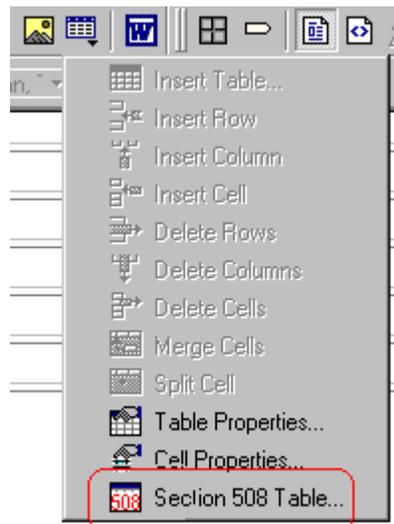
- Press the down arrow key (↓) until the desired option is highlighted. Then, click the option to perform the action.

Section 508 Tables

You cannot create Section 508 compliant tables using the standard Table Properties dialog box. Specifically, the dialog does not let you define a caption, summary, and table heading. To define these elements (needed for Section 508 compliant data tables), use the Section 508 Table option of the Table menu (illustrated below).

WARNING!

The Section 508 Table Properties dialog only works with Internet Explorer version 5.0 or higher. It does not work with Netscape.



WARNING!

Even if you change no values on the screen, you *must* open this dialog box whenever you modify a table (for example, add a new row). The table's properties, required for Section 508, are generated when you click OK to close the dialog box.

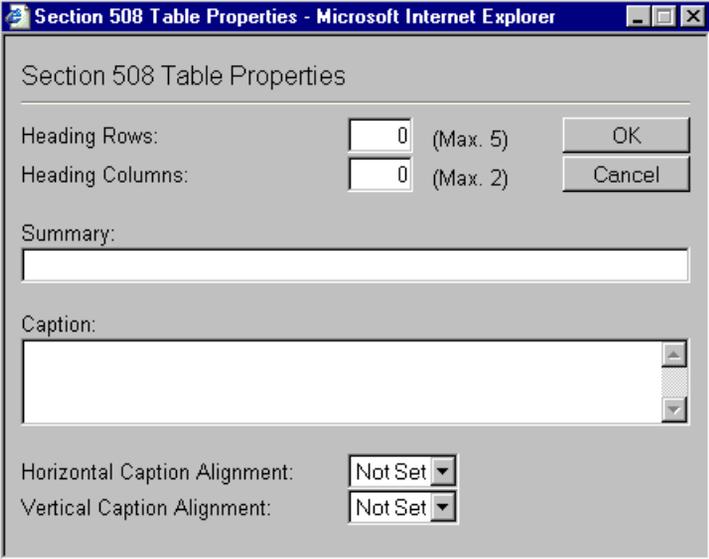
To create a 508 compliant table, follow these steps.

- Create a table, as explained in ["Introduction to Tables"](#) on page 294.

2. Select the table by moving the cursor to a table border until you see a four headed arrow (illustrated below). When a table is selected, small squares surround it.

Employee Id	Department
1548	Marketing
1549	Human Resources
1550	Sales
1551	Administration

3. Click the Tables button () then select **Section 508 Table**.
4. The Section 508 Table Properties dialog box appears (illustrated below).



The dialog box is titled "Section 508 Table Properties - Microsoft Internet Explorer". It contains the following fields and controls:

- Heading Rows: (Max. 5)
- Heading Columns: (Max. 2)
- Summary:
- Caption:
- Horizontal Caption Alignment:
- Vertical Caption Alignment:

Buttons: OK, Cancel

Respond to the fields in the dialog. They are described below.

Field	Description
Heading Rows	If you want your table to have a horizontal header, enter the number of rows that it should occupy. Beginning with the top, all cells in the specified number of rows are designated as table headers.
Heading Columns	If you want your table to have a header, enter the number of columns that it should occupy. Beginning with the left column, all cells in the specified number of columns are designated as table headers.
Summary	If desired, enter the table summary. Non-visual browsers can use the summary to explain the contents of the table.
Caption	If desired, enter the table caption. The caption appears centered below the table when viewed.
Horizontal Caption Alignment	If desired, enter the caption's horizontal alignment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● center ● left ● right
Vertical Caption Alignment	If desired, enter the caption's vertical alignment: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ● bottom ● top

After you complete the Table Properties dialog, click **OK** to make the table comply with Section 508.

Appendix A: Content Statuses

The table below describes all possible content statuses. The rest of this appendix explains each status in more detail.

Letter	Border Color	Meaning	Content state	More Information
A	green	Approved	Through the workflow and published on the Web site.	"Active Content" on page 368
O	red	Checked Out	Currently being edited. Has not been checked in.	"Checked Out Content" on page 371
I	green	Checked In	Checked in for other users to edit.	"Checked-In Content" on page 368
S	yellow	Submitted for Approval	Saved and submitted into the approval chain. See Also: "Approving/Declining Content Blocks" on page 62	"Submitted Content" on page 371
M	yellow	Marked For Deletion	Requested for deletion	"Marked for Deletion Content" on page 373
P	grey	Pending Go Live Date	Approved but the Go Live date hasn't occurred yet	"Pending Start Date Content" on page 374

Active Content

If a content block has a green border, it is live on the Web site.



When content is active, you can perform the following actions on it, depending on your permissions.

The content block's status remains active until it is checked out and changes are made to it.

Button	Name	Description	For more information, see
	Edit	Check-out the content block to change it.	"Editing a Content Block" on page 38
	Edit Summary	Edit the brief summary used to describe the content.	"Adding a Content Block Summary" on page 48
	Edit Metadata	Change the content block's metadata.	"Adding or Editing Metadata" on page 52
	Delete	Submit a request to delete the content. If you are the last or only approver, the content is immediately deleted. See Also: "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70	"Deleting a Content Block" on page 42
	Back	Go to the previous window.	

Checked-In Content

If a content block has a green border, it could mean that the content block is checked in. A checked-in content block is one to

which changes were made, after which it was checked in instead of being submitted or published. When a content block is checked in, it is accessible to all users who have permissions to edit it. They can check it out and change it.

Keep in mind that the content seen on the template is not the same as the content in the editor view.



See *Also*: "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70

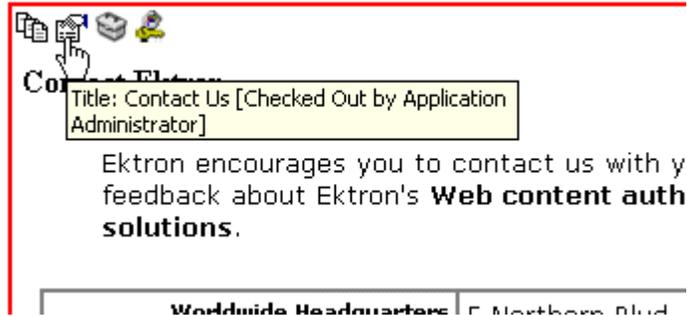
Listed below is a description of each option that you may perform on a checked in content block.

Button	Name	Description	For more information, see
	Edit	Check-out the content block to change it.	"Editing a Content Block" on page 38
	Edit Summary	Edit the brief summary used to describe the content.	"Adding a Content Block Summary" on page 48
	Edit Metadata	Change the content block's metadata. See <i>Also</i> : "Adding or Editing Metadata" on page 52	"Adding or Editing Metadata" on page 52

Button	Name	Description	For more information, see
	Submit/Publish	<p>Submit the content block into the approval chain.</p> <p>If you are the last approver in the approval chain, the publish button appears. If you click it, the content is immediately posted to the Web site.</p>	
	View Staged/ Published	<p>Click the View Staged button to view the content that has not yet been published.</p> <p><i>See Also:</i> "Staged Content" on page 374</p> <p>Click the View Published button to view the content that is live on the Web site.</p> <p><i>See Also:</i> "Displays staged content." on page 26</p>	
	Delete	<p>Submit a request to delete the content into the approval chain. If you are the last or only approver, the content is immediately deleted.</p> <p><i>See Also:</i> "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70</p>	
	Back	Go to the previous window.	

Checked Out Content

If a content block has a red border, its status is checked out, which means another user is editing it. While in this status, no other users may edit the content.



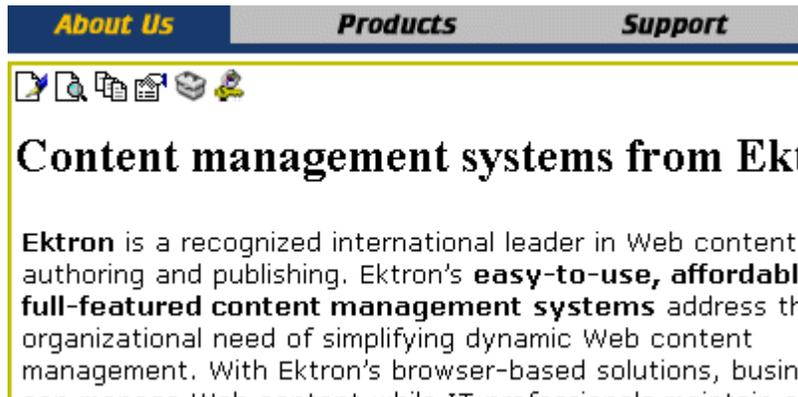
The content block remains checked out until it is checked back in by the checking out user or your system administrator. Each option you may perform on a checked out content block is listed below.

Button	Name	Description
	Check In	Check in the content block.
 	View Staged/ Published	Click the View Staged button to view the content that has not yet been published. Click the View Published button to view the content that is live on the Web site. See Also: "Displays staged content." on page 26
	Back	Go to the previous window.

Submitted Content

A yellow border shows that a user has submitted the content block into the approval chain. The content border remains yellow until

the content is published or declined. While the content is in the approval chain, no user can check it out to make changes.



See Also: "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70

Listed below are descriptions of each toolbar button.

Button	Name	Description
	Submit	Submit the content block into the approval chain. See Also: "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70
	Publish	Approve and publish the content block to the Web site. <u>NOTE: You have this option only if you are the last approver in the chain.</u> See Also: "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70
	Decline	Refuse to publish the submitted content block, and place the content into a checked-in status.

Button	Name	Description
	Edit	Check-out the content block and make changes to it. <u>NOTE: If you edit the content block, you need to re-submit it to the approval chain.</u>
	View Staged/ Published	Click the View Staged button to view the content that has not yet been published. Click the View Published to view the content that is live on the Web site. See Also: "Displays staged content." on page 26
	Back	Go to the previous window.

Marked for Deletion Content

Content that is Marked for Deletion has been requested to be removed from the Web site by a user. When a content block is marked for deletion, it goes through the same approval chain that a content block that is submitted to be published goes through. If the content makes it through the entire approval chain, the content is deleted from the Web site.

See Also: "Example of an Approval Chain" on page 70

The table below describes each of the toolbar buttons.

Button	Name	Description
	Delete	Approve the deletion request. <u>NOTE: If you are the last user in the approval chain, the content is deleted when you click this.</u>

Button	Name	Description
	Decline	Refuse the deletion request. This sends the content block back into a checked-in status.
	Back	Go to the previous window.

Pending Start Date Content

Content that is pending a Go Live date has been approved, but the date and time when it is scheduled to go live has not occurred yet.

You cannot perform any action on a content block that is pending a start date.

Staged Content

A staged version is a version of a content block that is not published. It can be a content block that is checked in, or one that is approved but has a pending a start date.

Staging lets you make changes to an existing (or new) content block, but keep it private from the web site until you are ready to publish it.